

STATIKA
(TUGAS SEMESTER)

Oleh

GALIH ABIE SADEWA

2315011042



JURUSAN TEKNIK SIPIL
FAKULTAS TEKNIK
UNIVERSITAS LAMPUNG
2023



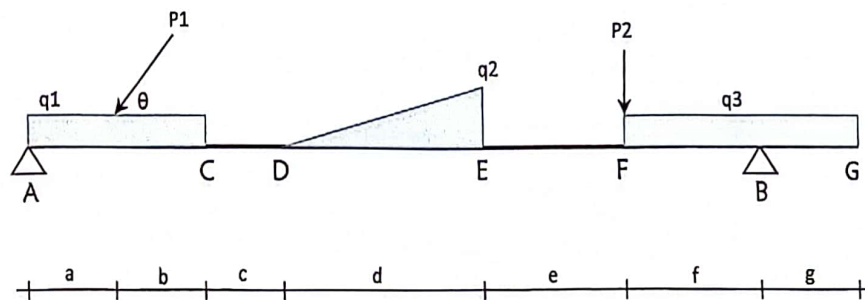
KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN, KEBUDAYAAN,
RISET DAN TEKNOLOGI
UNIVERSITAS LAMPUNG
FAKULTAS TEKNIK
JURUSAN TEKNIK SIPIL

TUGAS BESAR STATIKA (SIP 620104)
SEMESTER GANJIL 2023/2024

NAMA : GALIH ABIE SADEWA
NPM : 2315011042

SOAL NO. 1

Diketahui struktur *simple beam* dengan beban seperti tergambar.



Data-data sebagai berikut:

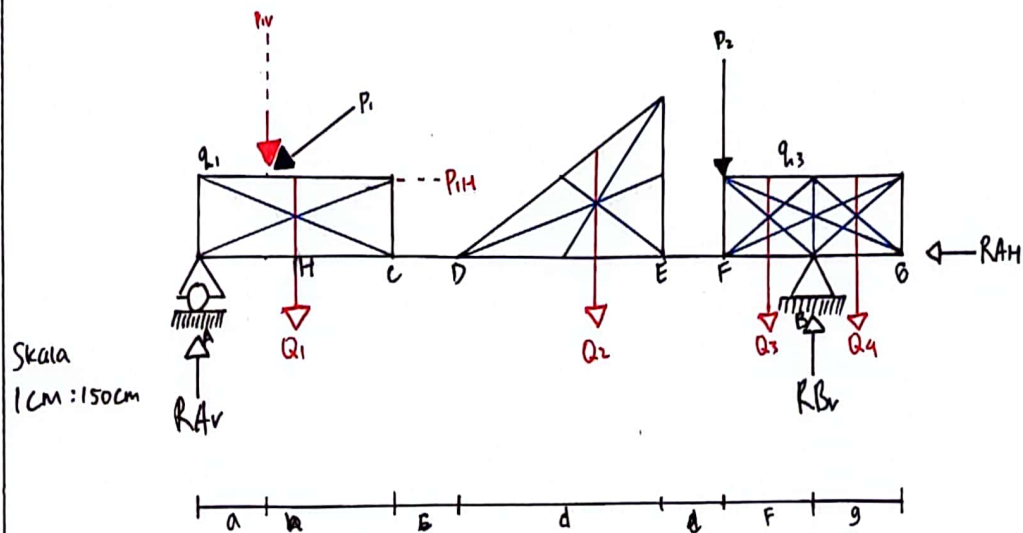
Perletakan	Beban		Jarak		Beban berjalan		
A	Rol	P1	13 kN	a	1,5 m	P3	28 kN
B	Sendi	P2	11 kN	b	2,9 m	P4	25 kN
		q1	28 kN/m'	c	1,3 m	P5	16 kN
		q2	46 kN/m'	d	4,6 m		
		q3	36 kN/m'	e	1,4 m		
				f	2,0 m		
				g	1,9 m		
				Sudut θ	35 °	x1	1,5 m
						x2	1,4 m

Pertanyaan:

- Hitung dan gambarkan bidang momen, lintang dan normal akibat beban tetap (seperti tergambar).
- Hitung dan gambar garis pengaruh momen dan lintang akibat beban jika $P = 1$ kN bergerak dari tumpuan A ke B pada potongan C, D, E dan F.
- Hitung nilai momen ekstrim dan lintang ekstrim pada potongan C, D, E, dan F akibat rangkaian beban berjalan (P3, P4, P5) dari A ke B.

Asisten Responsi,

MUHAMMAD FATIH NABAN
NPM. 2015011030



Data Soal :

→ Perletakan :

A : Rol
B : Sendi

→ Beban :

P_1 : 13 kN
 P_2 : 11 kN
 q_1 : 28 kN/m
 q_2 : 46 kN/m
 q_3 : 36 kN/m

→ Jarak :

a : 1.5 m
b : 2.9 m
c : 1.3 m
d : 4.6 m
e : 1.4 m
f : 2.0 m
g : 1.9 m

→ Sudut :

θ : 35°

Uraian :

• P_{1V} = $P_1 \cdot \sin \theta$
= $13 \cdot \sin 35^\circ$
= 7,4565 kN

• P_{1H} = $P_1 \cdot \cos \theta$
= $13 \cdot \cos 35^\circ$
= 10,649 kN

• $Q_1 = q_1 \cdot (a+b)$
= $28 \cdot (1.5 + 2.9)$
= 123,2 kN

• $Q_2 = q_2 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot d)$
= $46 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot 4.6)$
= 105,8 kN

• $Q_3 = q_3 \cdot (f)$
= $36 \cdot (2.0)$
= 72 kN

• $Q_4 = q_3 \cdot (g)$
= $36 \cdot (1.9)$
= 68,4 kN

* Reaksi Peletakan

• $MA = 0$

$$- (P_{iv} \cdot a) - (Q_1 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot (a+b))) - (Q_2 \cdot (\frac{2}{3} \cdot d) + (a+b+c)) - (P_2 \cdot (a+b+c+d+e))$$

$$- (Q_3 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot F) + (a+b+c+d+e)) - (Q_4 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot g) + (a+b+c+d+e+F)) +$$

$$RBV \cdot (a+b+c+d+e+F)$$

$$- (7,4565 \cdot 1,5) - (123,2 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot (1,5+2,9))) - (105,8 \cdot (\frac{2}{3} \cdot 4,6) + (1,5+2,9+1,3))$$

$$- (11 \cdot (1,5+2,9+1,3+4,6+1,4)) - (72 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,0) + (1,5+2,9+1,3+4,6+1,4))$$

$$- (68,4 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,9) + (1,5+2,9+1,3+4,6+1,4+2,0)) + RBV \cdot (1,5+2,9+1,3+4,6+1,4+2,0)$$

$$- (11,1848) - (271,09) - (927,5169) - (128,7) - (914,4) - (1002,06) + RBV \cdot 13,7$$

$$- 3254,9017 + RBV \cdot 13,7$$

$$RBV = \frac{3254,9017}{13,7}$$

$$RBV = 237,5841$$

• $MB = 0$

$$(Q_4 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot g)) - (Q_3 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot F)) - (P_2 \cdot F) - (Q_2 \cdot (\frac{1}{3} \cdot d) + (F+c)) - (Q_1 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot (a+b)) + (F+c+d+e))$$

$$- (P_{iv} \cdot (F+e+d+c+b)) + RAV \cdot (F+c+d+e+b+a)$$

$$(68,4 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,9)) - (72 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,0)) - (11 \cdot 2,0) - (105,8 \cdot (\frac{1}{3} \cdot 4,6) + (2,0+1,4)) - (123,2 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} \cdot$$

$$(1,5+2,9)) + (2,0+1,4+4,6+1,3)) - (7,4565 \cdot (2,0+1,4+4,6+1,3+2,9)) + RAV \cdot (2,0+1,4+4,6+1,3+2,9+1,5))$$

$$+ (64,98) - (72) - (22) - (521,9431) - (1416,8) - (90,9693) + RAV \cdot 13,7$$

$$- 2059,0324 + RAV \cdot 13,7$$

$$RAV = \frac{2059,0324}{13,7}$$

$$RAV = 150,2724$$

• $\Sigma V = 0$

$$RAV + RBV = P_{iv} + Q_1 + Q_2 + P_2 + Q_3 + Q_4$$

$$150,2724 + 237,5841 = 7,4565 + 123,2 + 105,8 + 11 + 72 + 68,4$$

$$387,8565 = 387,8565$$

(OK!!)

* Gaya Normal

$$\Sigma H = 0$$

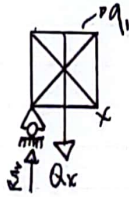
$$R_{AH} - P_{iH} = 0$$

$$R_{AH} = P_{iH}$$

$$R_{AH} = 10,649 \text{ kN}$$

* Gaya Lintang

~> $0 \leq x \leq 1,5$ (A - H kiri)

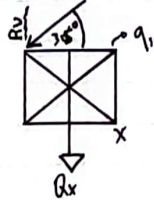


$$D_x = R_{Av} - q_1 \cdot x$$

$$= 150,2724 - 28 \cdot x$$

x	0	1	1,5
D_x (kN)	150,2724	122,2724	108,2724

~> $1,5 \leq x \leq 4,4$ (H kanan - C)



$$D_x = R_{Hv} - P_{iv} - q_1 \cdot x$$

$$= 150,2724 - 7,4565 - 28 \cdot x$$

$$= 142,8159 - 28 \cdot x$$

x	D_x (kN)
1,5	100,8159
2	86,8159
3	58,8159
4	30,8159
4,4	19,6159

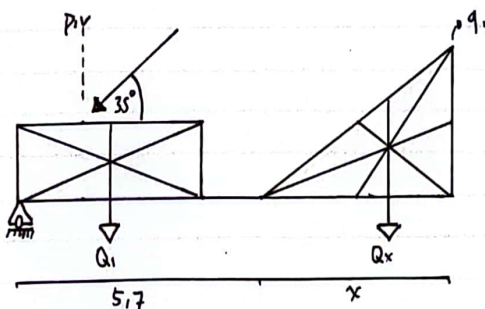
~> $4,4 \leq x \leq 5,7$ (C - D)

$$D_{4,4-5,7} = R_{Av} - P_{iv} - Q_1$$

$$= 150,2724 - 7,4565 - 123,2$$

$$= 19,6159 \text{ kN}$$

~> $5,7 \leq x \leq 10,3$ (D - E)



$$\frac{q \cdot x}{9} = \frac{x}{4,6}$$

$$\frac{q \cdot x}{46} = \frac{x}{4,6}$$

$$q \cdot x = \frac{46x}{4,6}$$

$$Q_x = \frac{q \cdot x \cdot x}{2}$$

$$Q_x = \frac{46x \cdot x}{2}$$

$$Q_x = 5x^2$$

$$D_x = R_{Av} - Q_1 - P_{iv} - Q_x$$

$$= 150,2724 - 123,2 - 7,4565 - 5x^2$$

$$= 19,6159 - 5(x - 5,7)^2$$

x	D_x (kN)
5,7	19,6159
6	19,1659
7	11,1659
8	-6,8341
9	-34,8341
10	-72,8341
10,3	-86,1841

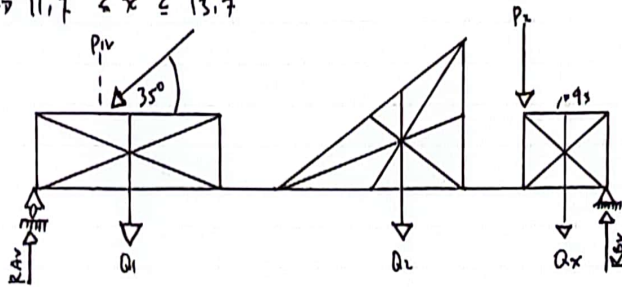
~> $10,3 \leq x \leq 11,7$ (E - F kiri)

$$D_{10,3-11,7} = R_{Av} - P_{iv} - Q_1 - Q_2$$

$$= 150,2724 - 7,4565 - 123,2 - 105,8$$

$$= -86,1841$$

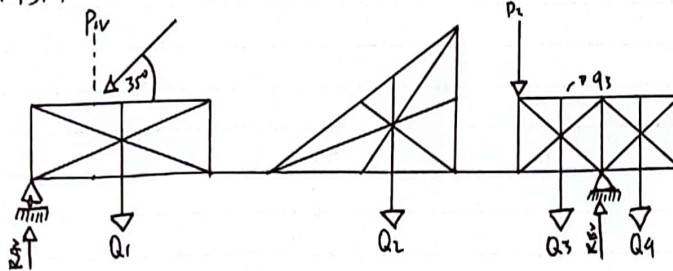
$$\sim 11,7 \leq x \leq 13,7$$



$$\begin{aligned} D_x &= R_{Ay} - P_{iv} - Q_1 - Q_2 - P_z - 9x \cdot (x - 11,7) \\ &= 150,2729 - 7,4565 - 123,2 - 105,8 - 11 - 36 \cdot (x - 11,7) \\ &= -97,1841 - 36 \cdot (x - 11,7) \end{aligned}$$

x	11,7	12	13	13,7
D_x (kN)	-97,1841	-107,9841	-143,9841	-169,1841

$$\sim 13,7 \leq x \leq 15,6$$



$$\begin{aligned} D_x &= R_{Ay} - P_{iv} - Q_1 - Q_2 - P_z - Q_3 + R_{Bx} - 9x \cdot (x - 13,7) \\ &= 150,2729 - 7,4565 - 123,2 - 105,8 - 11 - 72 + 237,5841 - 36(x - 13,7) \\ &= 140,4 - 36 \cdot (x - 13,7) \end{aligned}$$

x	13,7	14	15	16
D_x (kN)	68,4	57,6	21,6	0

* Gaya Momen

20 $0 \leq x \leq 1,5$

$$\begin{aligned} M_x &= R_{Av} \cdot x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot q_1 \cdot x^2 \\ &= 150,2724 \cdot x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 28 \cdot x^2 \\ &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 14 \cdot x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_1 &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 14 \cdot x^2 \\ &= 150,2724 - 14 \\ &= 136,2724 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

x	M_x (kN.m)
0	0
1	136,2724
1,5	193,9086

20 $1,5 \leq x \leq 4,4$

$$\begin{aligned} M_x &= R_{Av} \cdot x - P_{iv} \cdot (x-a) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot q \cdot x^2 \\ &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 28 \cdot x^2 \\ &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 14 \cdot x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{1,5} &= 150,2724 \cdot 1,5 - 7,4565 \cdot (1,5-1,5) - 14 \cdot 1,5^2 \\ &= 150,2724 \cdot 1,5 - 7,4565 \cdot (1,5-1,5) - 14 \cdot 2,25 \\ &= 193,9086 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

x	M_x (kN.m)
1,5	193,9086
2	240,8166
3	313,6325
4	358,4484
4,4	368,5347

20 $4,4 \leq x \leq 5,7$

$$\begin{aligned} M_x &= R_{Av} \cdot x - P_{iv} \cdot (x-a) - Q_1 \cdot (x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (a+b)) \\ &= 150,2724x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (1,5+2,9)) \\ &= 150,2724x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (x-2,2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{4,4} &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (x-2,2) \\ &= 150,2724 \cdot 4,4 - 7,4565 \cdot (4,4-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (4,4-2,2) \\ &= 368,5347 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

x	M_x (kN.m)
4,4	368,5347
5	380,3043
5,7	394,0354

20 $5,7 \leq x \leq 10,3$

$$\begin{aligned} M_x &= R_{Av} \cdot x - P_{iv} \cdot (x-a) - Q_1 \cdot (x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (a+b)) - \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{q_2}{x} \cdot (x - (a+b+c))^3 \\ &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-a) - 123,2 \cdot (x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (1,5+2,9)) - \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{96}{x} \cdot (x - (1,5+2,9+1,5))^3 \\ &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (x-2,2) - 1,6667 \cdot (x-5,7)^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_{5,7} &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (x-2,2) - 1,6667 \cdot (x-5,7)^2 \\
 &= 150,2724 \cdot 4,4 - 7,4565 \cdot (4,4-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (4,4-2,2) - 1,6667 \cdot (4,4-5,7)^2 \\
 &= 394,0354 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

x	Mx (kN.M)
5,7	394,0354
6	399,8751
7	415,8743
8	418,8732
9	398,8717
10	345,8694
10,3	322,0389

$$20 \quad 10,3 \leq x \leq 11,7$$

$$M_x = R_{Av} \cdot x - P_{iv} \cdot (x-a) - Q_1 \cdot (x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (a+b)) - Q_2 \cdot (\frac{2}{3}d + (x - a + b + c))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_x &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (x-2,2) - \\
 &105,8 \cdot (3,0667 + (x-1,5+2,9+1,3)) \\
 &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (x-2,2) - \\
 &105,8 \cdot (x-8,7667)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_{10,3} &= 150,2724 \cdot 10,3 - 7,4565 \cdot (10,3-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (10,3-2,2) - \\
 &105,8 \cdot (10,3-8,7667) \\
 &= 322,0389 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

x	Mx (kN.M)
10,3	322,0389
11	261,71
11,7	201,3876

$$20 \quad 11,7 \leq x \leq 13,7$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_x &= R_{Av} \cdot x - P_{iv} \cdot (x-a) - Q_1 \cdot (x - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (a+b)) - Q_2 \cdot (\frac{2}{3}d + x - \\
 &a + b + c) - P_2 \cdot (x - a + b + c + d + e) - q_3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot (x - (a+b+c+d+e))^2 \\
 &= 150,2724 \cdot x - 7,4565 \cdot (x-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (x-2,2) - \\
 &105,8 \cdot (x-8,7667) - 11 \cdot (x-11,7) - 18 \cdot (x-11,7)^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_{11,7} &= 150,2724 \cdot 11,7 - 7,4565 \cdot (11,7-1,5) - 123,2 \cdot (11,7-2,2) - \\
 &105,8 \cdot (11,7-8,7667) - 11 \cdot (11,7-11,7) - 18 \cdot (11,7-11,7)^2 \\
 &= 201,3876 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}
 \end{aligned}$$

x	Mx (kN.M)
11,7	201,3876
12	170,6124
13	44,6283
13,7	-64,98

$$\sim 0 \leq x \leq 13,7$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_x &= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 93 (9 - (x - 13,7))^2 \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 96 (11,9 - (x - 13,7))^2 \\ &= -18 \cdot (x - (x - 13,7))^2 \end{aligned}$$

x	M _b (kN·m)
13,7	-64,98
19	-96,08
15	-6,48
15,6	0

* Mencari Momen Maksimum

$$\sim 0 \leq x \leq 10,3$$

$$M_x = R_{Av} \cdot (x + (a+b+c)) - Q_1 \cdot (x + (c + \frac{1}{2} \cdot a+b)) - P_{iv} \cdot (x + (b+c))$$

$$- Q_2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} x$$

$$= R_{Av} \cdot x + R_{Av} \cdot (a+b+c) - Q_1 \cdot x$$

$$- Q_1 \cdot (c + \frac{1}{2} \cdot a+b) - P_{iv} \cdot x - P_{iv} \cdot (b+c) - \frac{46}{9,2} \cdot x^2 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot x$$

$$Q_2 x = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{46}{4,6} \cdot x^2 = \frac{46}{9,2} \cdot x^2$$

$$= R_{Av} \cdot x + R_{Av} \cdot (a+b+c) - Q_1 \cdot x - Q_1 \cdot (c + \frac{1}{2} \cdot a+b) - P_{iv} \cdot x - P_{iv} \cdot (b+c)$$

$$- \frac{46}{27,6} x^3$$

$$\frac{dM_x}{dx} = 0$$

$$= R_{Av} - Q_1 - P_{iv} - 3 \cdot \frac{46}{27,6} \cdot x^2 = 0 \longrightarrow Dx = 0$$

$$150,2724 - 123,2 - 7,9565 - 5x^2 = 0$$

$$- 5x^2 = -19,6159$$

$$x^2 = \frac{-19,6159}{-5}$$

$$x = \sqrt{3,9232} = 1,9807$$

$$x = 1,9807 \text{ dari titik 0}$$

$$M_{max} = R_{Av} \cdot x + R_{Av} \cdot (1,5 + 2,9 + 1,3) - Q_1 \cdot x - Q_1 \cdot (1,5 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1,5 + 2,9) - P_{iv} \cdot x$$

$$- P_{iv} \cdot (2,9 + 1,3) - \frac{46}{27,6} x^3$$

$$= 150,2724 \cdot x + 150,2724 \cdot (5,7) - 123,2 \cdot x - 123,2 \cdot (3,5) - 7,9565 \cdot x$$

$$- 7,9565 \cdot (4,2) - \frac{46}{27,6} x^3$$

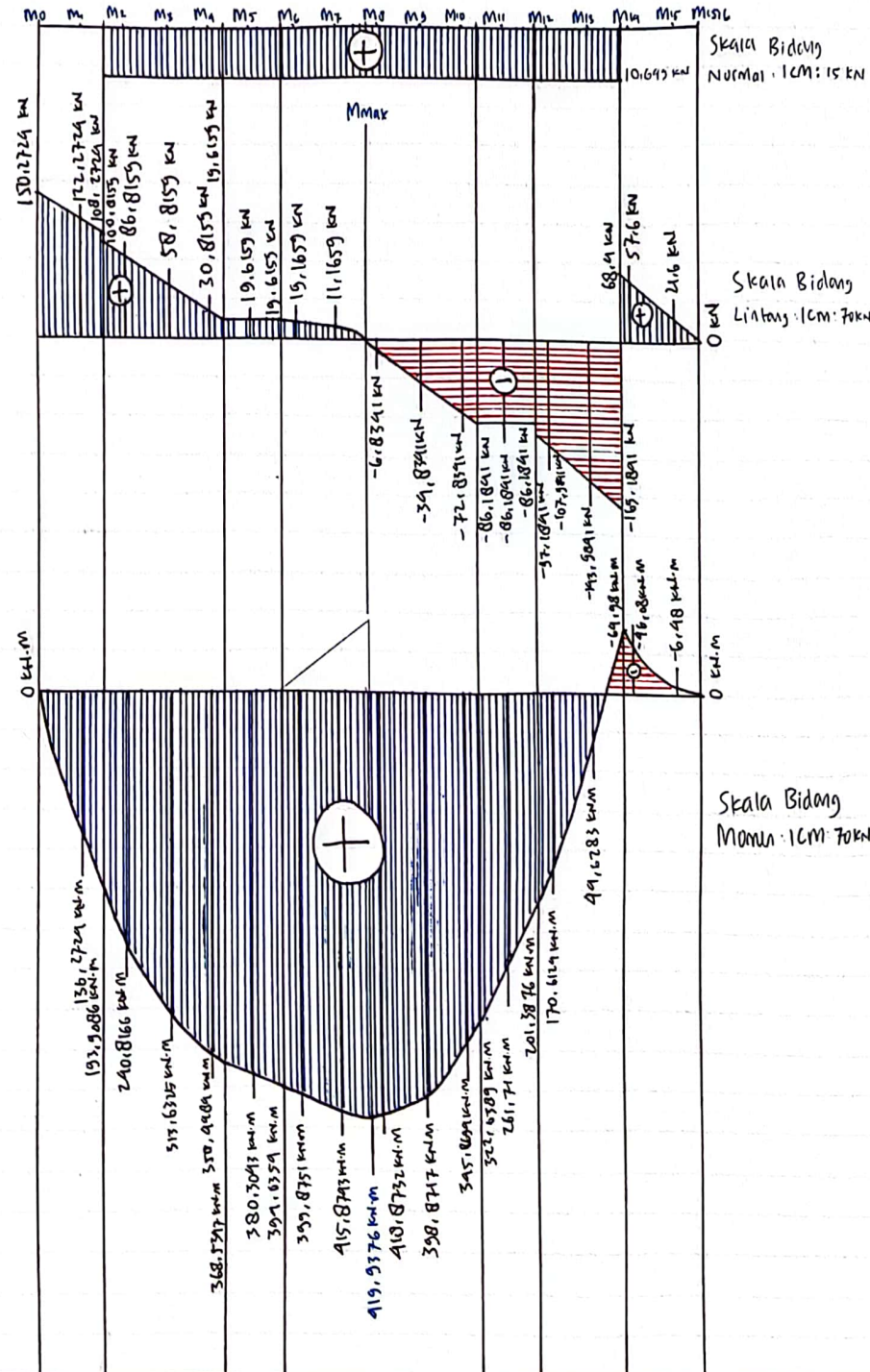
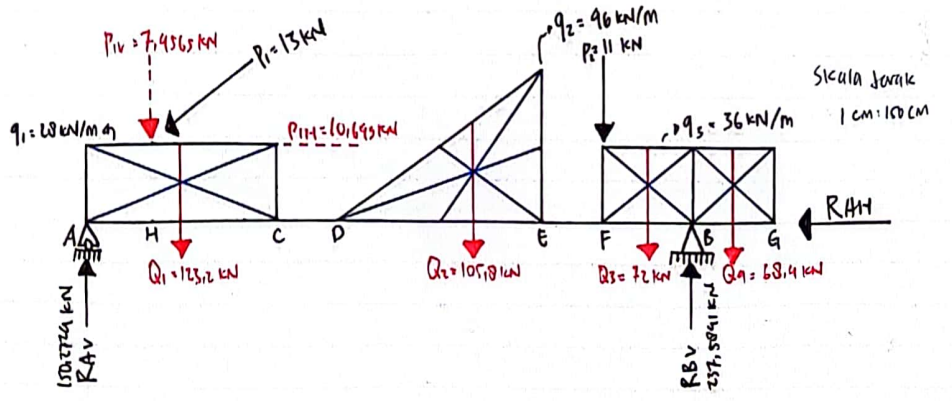
$$= 19,6159 \cdot x + 394,0354 - \frac{46}{27,6} x^3$$

$$= 19,6159 \cdot (1,9807) + 394,0354 - \frac{46}{27,6} \cdot (1,9807)^3$$

$$= 38,8532 + 394,0354 - 12,951$$

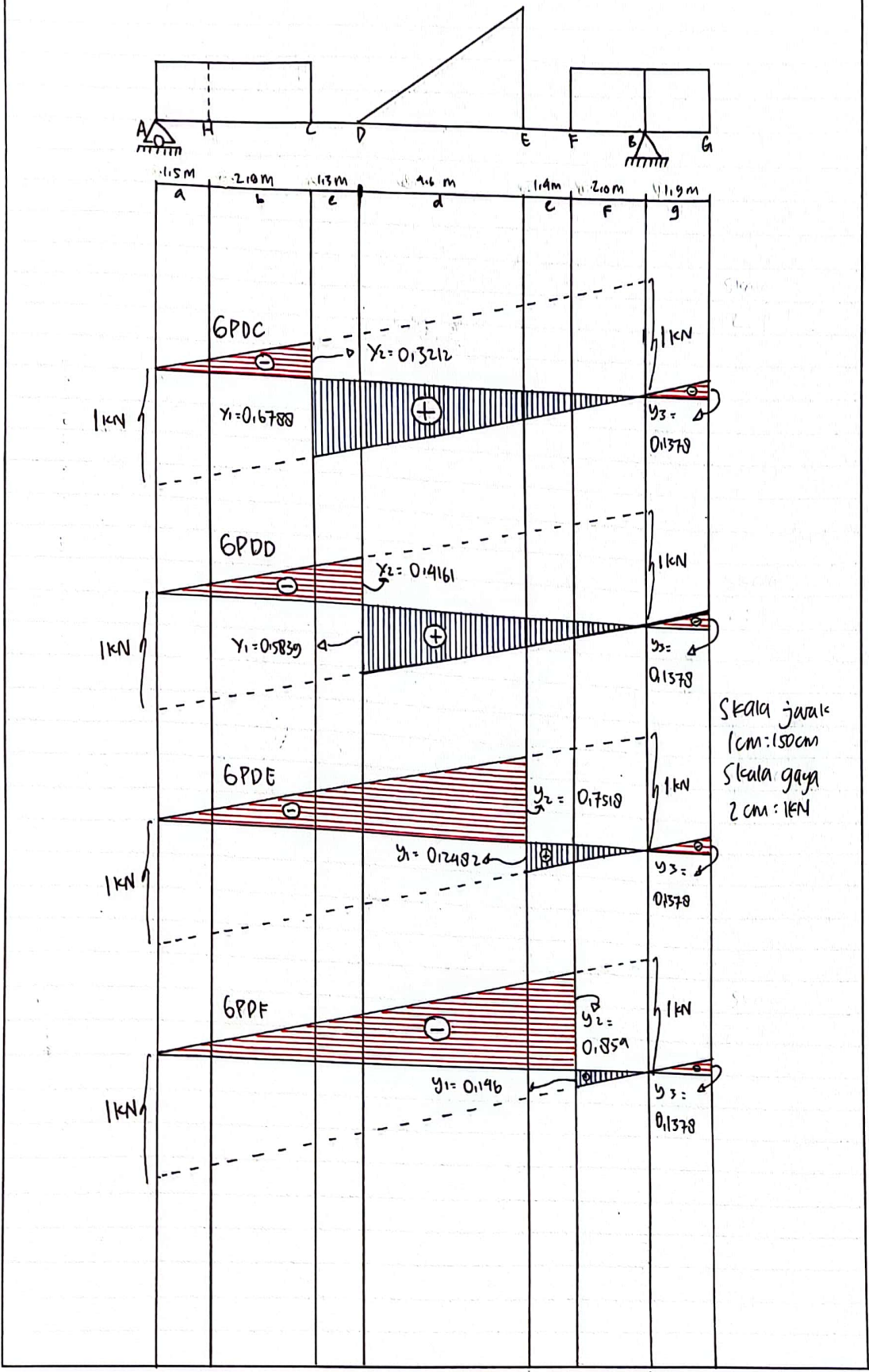
$$= 419,9376 \text{ kN·m}$$

* Gambar Bidang Normal, Lintang, dan Momen.



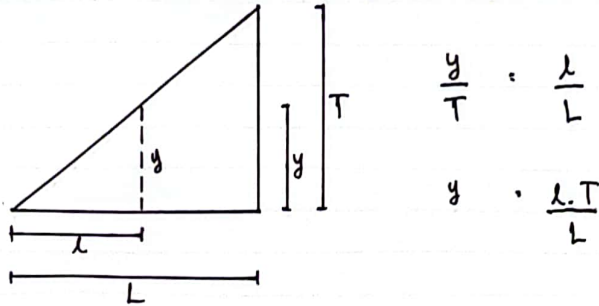
GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

* Gambar Garis Pengaruh Lintang.



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

b. Hitung dan gambar garis pengaruh momen dan lintang akibat beban jika $P = 1 \text{ kN}$ bergerak dari tumpuan A ke B pada potongan C, D, E, dan F.



* Garis Pengaruh Lintang

~> Titik C

• y_1 Positif : $y_1 = \frac{(c+d+e+f) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)}$
 $y_1 = \frac{9 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,6788$

• y_2 Negatif : $y_2 = \frac{(a+b) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)}$
 $y_2 = \frac{4 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,3212$

• y_3 Negatif : $y_3 = \frac{(g) \cdot 1}{13,7}$
 $y_3 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,1387$

~> Titik D

• y_1 Positif : $y_1 = \frac{(d+e+f) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)}$
 $y_1 = \frac{8 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,5839$

• y_2 Negatif : $y_2 = \frac{(a+b+c) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)}$
 $y_2 = \frac{5,7 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,4161$

• y_3 Negatif : $y_3 = \frac{(g) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)}$
 $y_3 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,1387$

~ Titik E

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot y_1 \text{ POSITIF} : y_1 &= \frac{(e+f) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} \\ y_1 &= \frac{3,9 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,2846 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot y_2 \text{ NEGATIF} : y_2 &= \frac{(a+b+c+d) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} \\ y_2 &= \frac{10,3 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,7518 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot y_3 \text{ NEGATIF} : y_3 &= \frac{(g) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} \\ y_3 &= \frac{1,9 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,1387 \end{aligned}$$

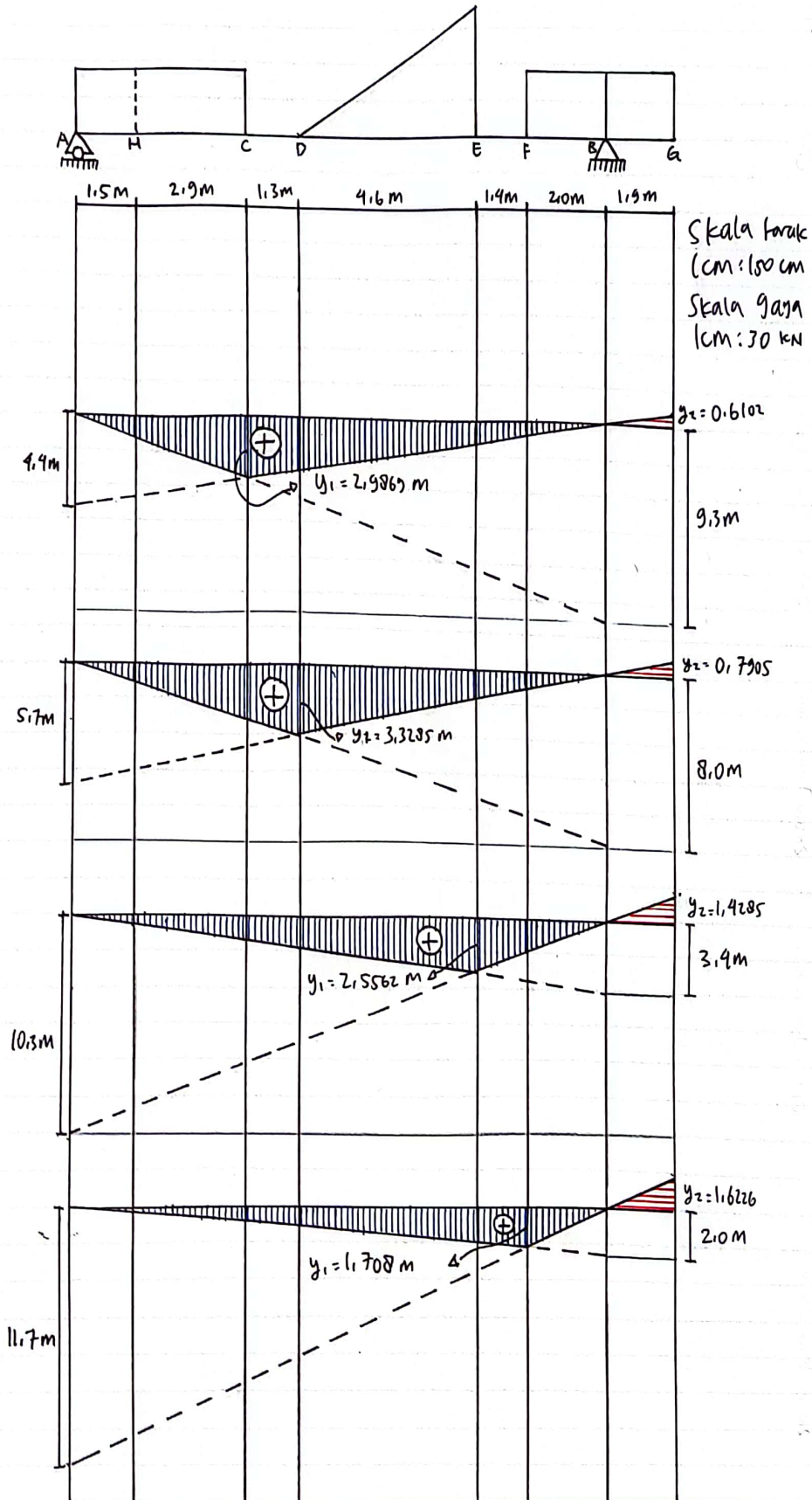
~ Titik F

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot y_1 \text{ POSITIF} : y_1 &= \frac{(f) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} \\ y_1 &= \frac{2 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,146 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot y_2 \text{ NEGATIF} : y_2 &= \frac{(a+b+c+d+e) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} \\ y_2 &= \frac{11,7 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,854 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot y_3 \text{ NEGATIF} : y_3 &= \frac{(g) \cdot 1}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} \\ y_3 &= \frac{1,9 \cdot 1}{13,7} = 0,1387 \end{aligned}$$

* Gambar Garis Pengaruh Momen.



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
 2315011042

* Garis Pengaruh Momen (

~ Titik C :

$$\cdot Y \text{ Positif} = \frac{(a+b)(c+d+e+f)}{a+b+c+d+e+f} = \frac{(1,5+2,9)(1,3+4,6+1,4+2,0)}{(1,5+2,9+1,3+4,6+1,4+2,0)} = \frac{(4,4)(9,3)}{13,7} = 2,9869$$

$$= y^+ C \cdot P = 2,9869 \cdot 1 = 2,9869 \text{ m}$$

$$\cdot Y \text{ Negatif} = \frac{(a+b)(g)}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} = \frac{(1,5+2,9)(1,9)}{(1,5+2,9+1,3+4,6+1,4+2,0)} = \frac{(4,4)(1,9)}{13,7} = 0,6102$$

$$= y^- C \cdot P = 0,6102 \cdot 1 = 0,6102 \text{ m}$$

~ Titik D :

$$\cdot Y \text{ Positif} = \frac{(a+b+c)(d+e+f)}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} = \frac{(5,7)(8)}{13,7} = 3,3285$$

$$= y^+ D \cdot P = 3,3285 \cdot 1 = 3,3285 \text{ m}$$

$$\cdot Y \text{ Negatif} = \frac{(a+b+c)(g)}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} = \frac{(5,7)(1,9)}{13,7} = 0,7905$$

$$= y^- D \cdot P = 0,7905 \cdot 1 = 0,7905 \text{ m}$$

~ Titik E :

$$\cdot Y \text{ Positif} = \frac{(a+b+c+d)(e+f)}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} = \frac{(10,3)(3,9)}{13,7} = 2,5562$$

$$= y^+ E \cdot P = 2,5562 \cdot 1 = 2,5562 \text{ m}$$

$$\cdot Y \text{ Negatif} = \frac{(a+b+c+d)(g)}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} = \frac{(10,3)(1,9)}{13,7} = 1,4285$$

$$= y^- E \cdot P = 1,4285 \cdot 1 = 1,4285 \text{ m}$$

$$\cdot Y \text{ Positif} = \frac{(a+b+c+d+e)(f)}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} = \frac{(11,7)(2)}{13,7} = 1,700$$

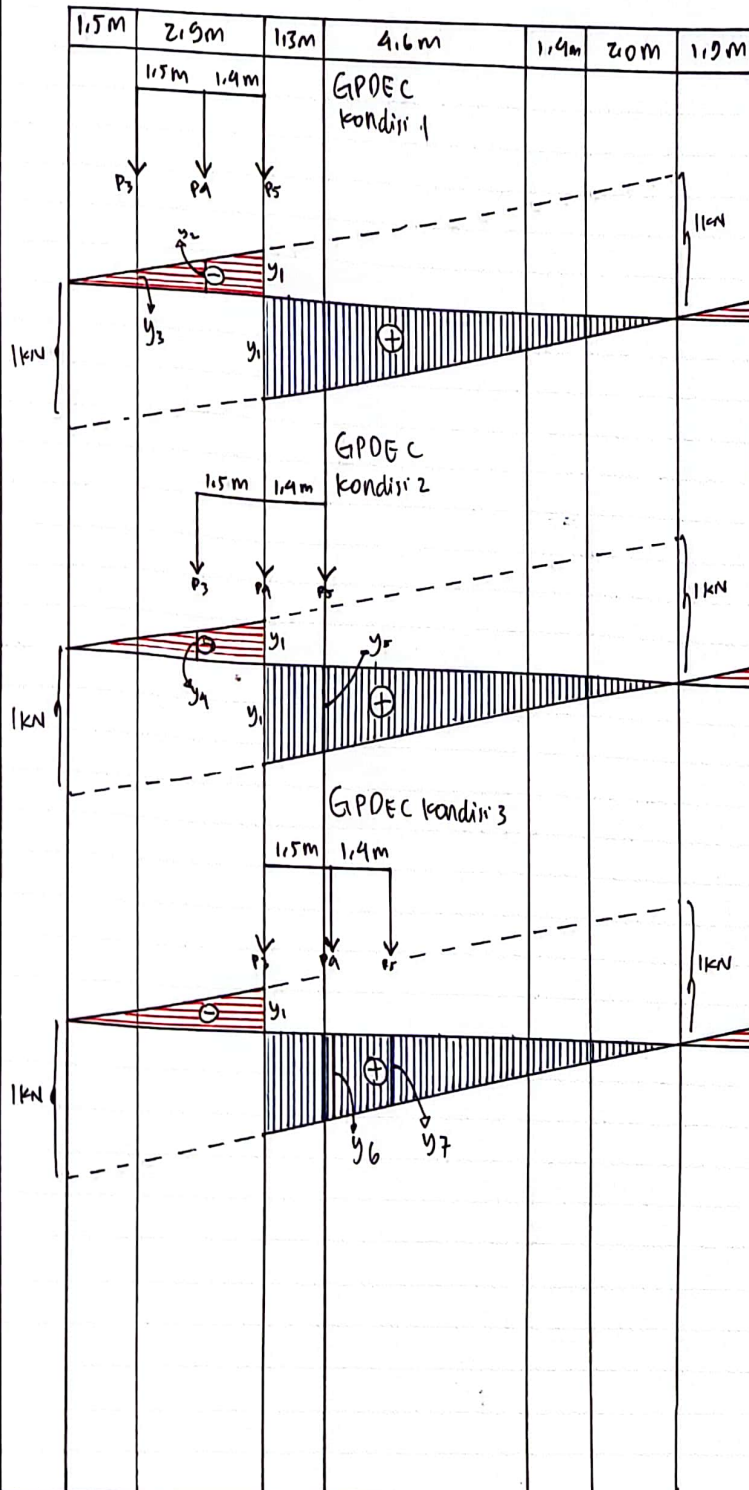
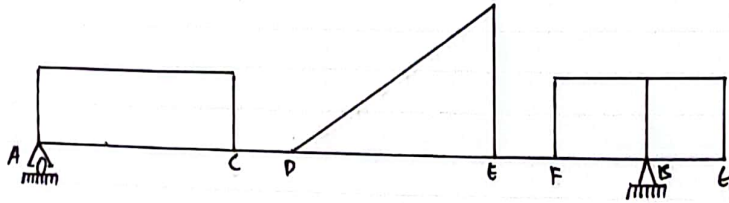
$$= y^+ F \cdot P = 1,700 \cdot 1 = 1,700 \text{ m}$$

$$\cdot Y \text{ Negatif} = \frac{(a+b+c+d+e)(g)}{(a+b+c+d+e+f)} = \frac{(11,7)(1,9)}{13,7} = 1,6226$$

$$= y^- F \cdot P = 1,6226 \cdot 1 = 1,6226 \text{ m}$$

C. Hitung Nilai Momen ekstrem dan Lintang ekstrem Pada Potongan C, D, E, dan F akibat rangkaian beban berjalan (P_3, P_4, P_5) dari A ke B.

-> Lintang ekstrem di titik C akibat beban berjalan



Skala jarak
1cm : 150cm
Skala gaya
2cm : 1kN

GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

⇒ Kondisi 1

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{4,4}{13,7} = 0,3212$$

$$y_2 = \frac{3}{13,7} = 0,2190$$

$$y_3 = \frac{1,5}{13,7} = 0,1095$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_4 = \frac{9,3}{13,7} = 0,6788$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_c &= -P_3(y_3) - P_4(y_2) - P_5(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,1095) - 25(0,2190) - 16(0,3212) \\ &= -3,066 - 5,475 - 5,1392 \\ &= -13,6802 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_c &= P_5(y_4) \\ &= 16(0,6788) = 10,8608 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

⇒ Kondisi 2

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{4,4}{13,7} = 0,3212$$

$$y_4 = \frac{2,9}{13,7} = 0,2117$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{9,3}{13,7} = 0,6788$$

$$y_5 = \frac{7,9}{13,7} = 0,5766$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_c &= -P_3(y_4) - P_4(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,2117) - 25(0,3212) \\ &= -5,9276 - 8,0300 \\ &= -13,9576 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_c &= P_4(y_1) + P_5(y_5) \\ &= 25(0,6788) + 16(0,5766) \\ &= 16,9700 + 9,2256 \\ &= 26,1956 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

⇒ Kondisi 3

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{4,4}{13,7} = 0,3212$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{9,3}{13,7} = 0,6788$$

$$y_6 = \frac{7,8}{13,7} = 0,5693$$

$$y_7 = \frac{6,9}{13,7} = 0,4672$$

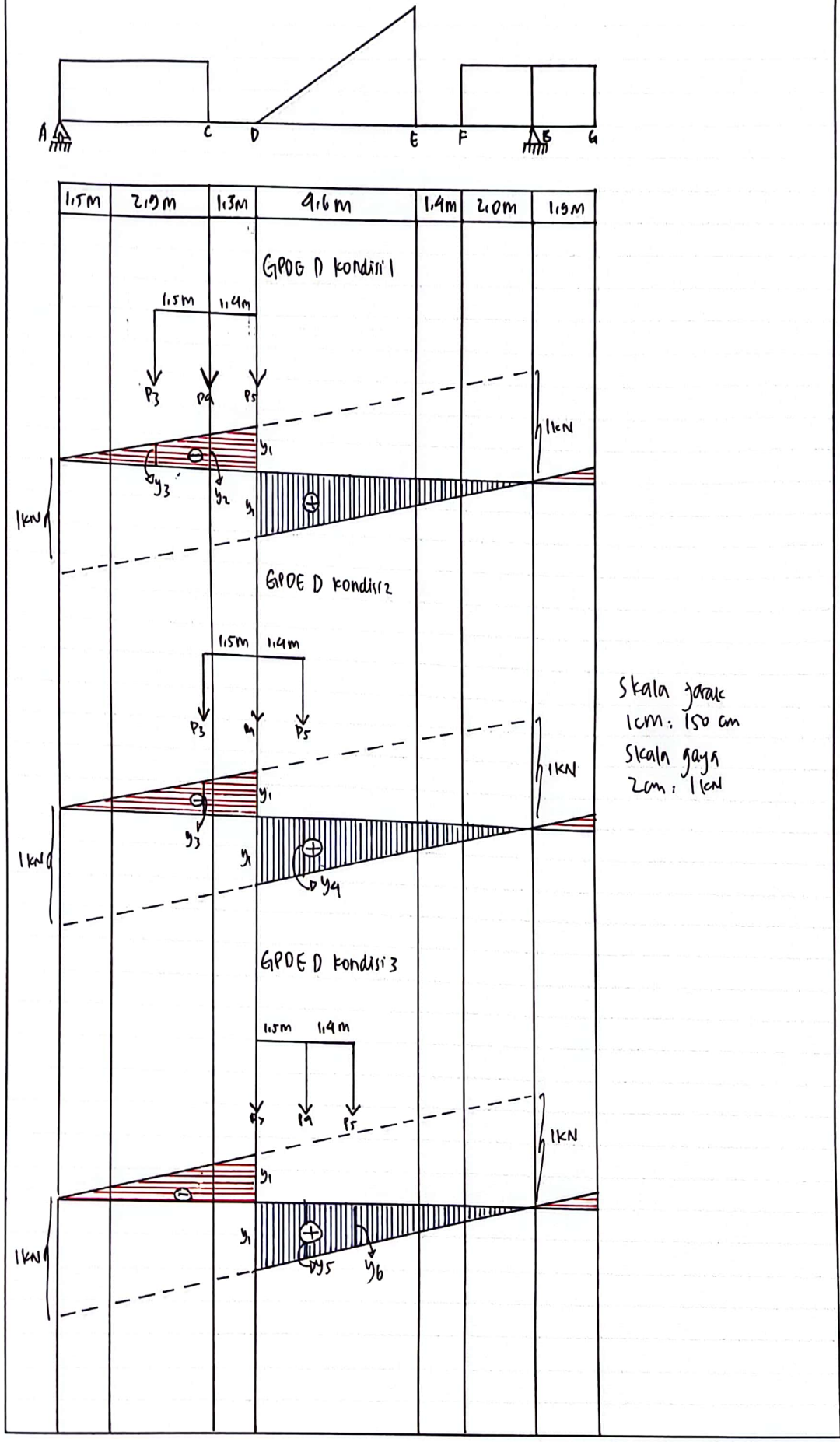
$$\begin{aligned} D_c &= -P_3(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,3212) \\ &= -8,9936 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_c &= P_3(y_1) + P_4(y_6) + P_5(y_7) \\ &= 28(0,6788) + 25(0,5693) + 16(0,4672) \\ &= 19,0064 + 14,2325 + 7,4752 \\ &= 40,7141 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

* Lintang Positif (D_c Max) terjadi pada kondisi 3 = 40,7141 kN.

* Lintang Negatif (D_c Min) terjadi pada kondisi 2 = -13,9576 kN.

→ Lintang listrik di titik D akibat beban berjalan.



Skala jarak
1cm : 150 cm
Skala gaya
2cm : 1kN

GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

=> Kondisi 1

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{5,7}{13,7} = 0,4161$$

$$y_2 = \frac{4,3}{13,7} = 0,3139$$

$$y_3 = \frac{2,8}{13,7} = 0,2044$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_1' = \frac{8}{13,7} = 0,5839$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_0 &= -P_3(y_3) - P_4(y_2) - P_5(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,2044) - 25(0,3139) - 16(0,4161) \\ &= -5,7232 - 7,8475 - 6,6576 \\ &= -20,2283 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_0 &= P_5(y_1) \\ &= 16(0,5839) \\ &= 9,3424 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

=> Kondisi 2

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{5,7}{13,7} = 0,4161$$

$$y_3 = \frac{4,2}{13,7} = 0,3066$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_1' = \frac{8}{13,7} = 0,5839$$

$$y_4 = \frac{6,6}{13,7} = 0,4818$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_0 &= -P_3(y_3) - P_4(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,3066) - 25(0,4161) \\ &= -8,5848 - 10,4025 \\ &= -18,9873 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_0 &= P_4(y_1) + P_5(y_4) \\ &= 25(0,5839) + 16(0,4818) \\ &= 14,5975 + 7,7088 \\ &= 22,3063 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

=> Kondisi 3

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{5,7}{13,7} = 0,4161$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{8}{13,7} = 0,5839$$

$$y_5 = \frac{6,5}{13,7} = 0,4745$$

$$y_6 = \frac{5,1}{13,7} = 0,3723$$

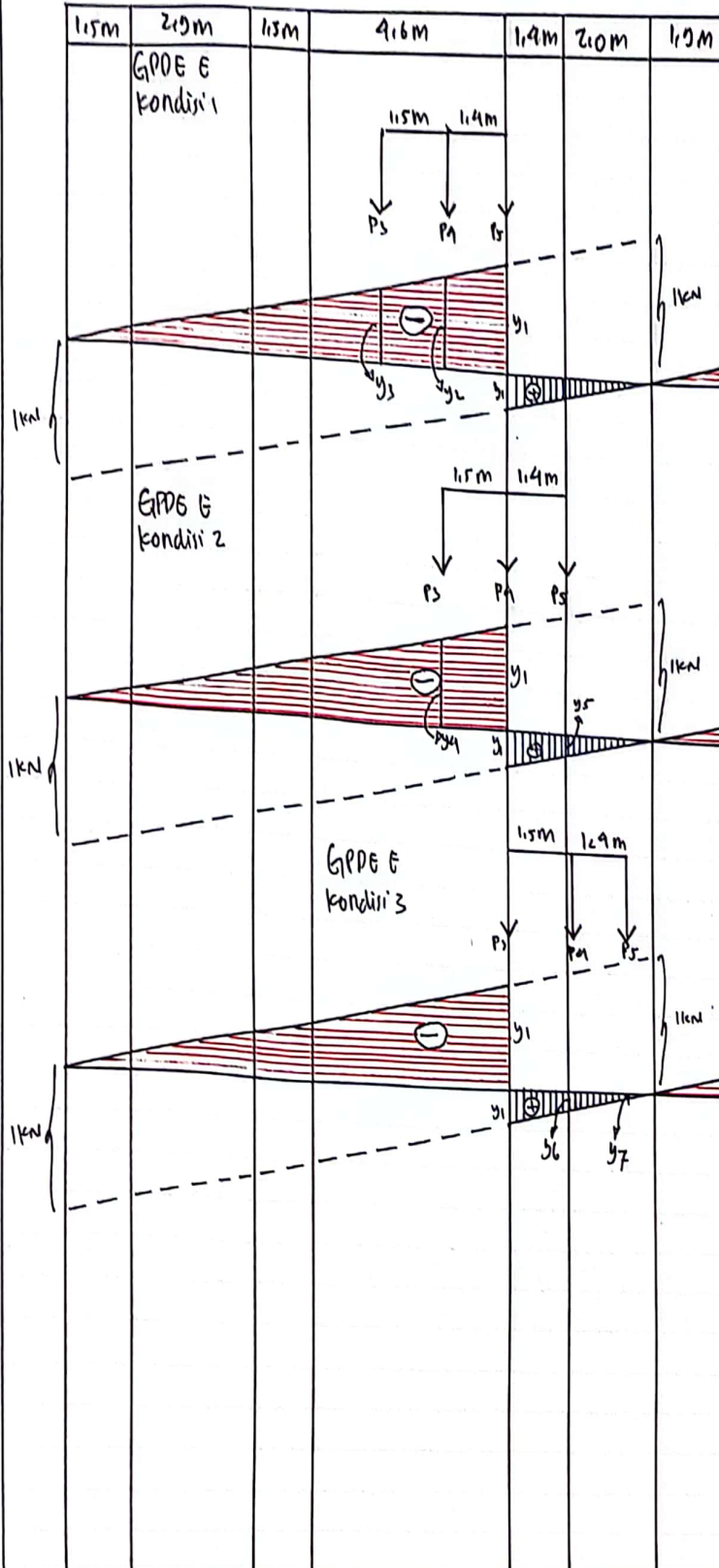
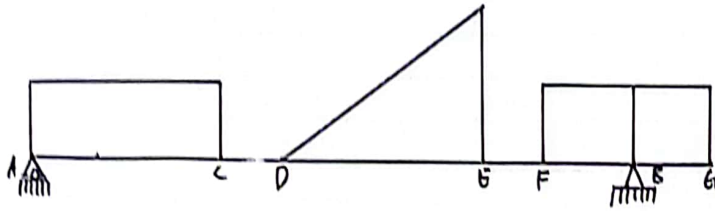
$$\begin{aligned} D_0 &= -P_3(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,4161) \\ &= -11,6508 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_0 &= P_3(y_1) + P_4(y_5) + P_5(y_6) \\ &= 28(0,5839) + 25(0,4745) + 16(0,3723) \\ &= 16,3492 + 11,8625 + 5,9568 \\ &= 34,1685 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

* Lintang Positif (D_0 Max) terjadi pada kondisi 3 = 34,1685 kN.

* Lintang Negatif (D_0 Min) terjadi pada kondisi 1 = -20,2283 kN.

→ Lentang ekstrem di titik E akibat beban bergerak.



Skala jarak
1cm : 100cm
Skala gaya
2cm : 1kN

⇒ Kondisi 1

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{10,3}{13,7} = 0,7518$$

$$y_2 = \frac{8,9}{13,7} = 0,6496$$

$$y_3 = \frac{7,9}{13,7} = 0,5401$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_4 = \frac{3,9}{13,7} = 0,2482$$

$$\begin{aligned} DE &= -P_3(y_3) - P_4(y_2) - P_5(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,5401) - 25(0,6496) - 16(0,7518) \\ &= -15,1228 - 16,2400 - 12,0288 \\ &= -43,3916 \text{ KN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} DE &= P_5(y_4) \\ &= 16(0,2482) \\ &= 3,9712 \text{ KN.} \end{aligned}$$

⇒ Kondisi 2

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{10,3}{13,7} = 0,7518$$

$$y_4 = \frac{8,8}{13,7} = 0,6423$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_5 = \frac{3,9}{13,7} = 0,2482$$

$$y_5 = \frac{2}{13,7} = 0,1460$$

$$\begin{aligned} DE &= -P_3(y_1) - P_4(y_4) \\ &= -28(0,6423) - 25(0,7518) \\ &= -17,9844 - 18,7950 \\ &= -36,7794 \text{ KN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} DE &= P_4(y_5) + P_5(y_5) \\ &= 25(0,2482) + 16(0,1460) \\ &= 6,2050 + 2,3360 \\ &= 8,5410 \text{ KN.} \end{aligned}$$

⇒ Kondisi 3

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{10,3}{13,7} = 0,7518$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{3,9}{13,7} = 0,2482$$

$$y_6 = \frac{1,9}{13,7} = 0,1387$$

$$y_7 = \frac{0,5}{13,7} = 0,0365$$

$$\begin{aligned} DE &= -P_3(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,7518) \\ &= -21,0504 \text{ KN.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} DE &= P_3(y_1) + P_4(y_6) + P_5(y_7) \\ &= 28(0,2482) + 25(0,1387) + 16(0,0365) \\ &= 6,9496 + 3,4675 + 0,5840 \\ &= 11,0011 \text{ KN.} \end{aligned}$$

* Lintang Positif (D_E max) terjadi pada kondisi 3: 11,0011 KN.

* Lintang Negatif (D_E min) terjadi pada kondisi 1: -43,3916 KN.

⇒ Kondisi 1

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{11,7}{13,7} = 0,8540$$

$$y_2 = \frac{10,3}{13,7} = 0,7518$$

$$y_3 = \frac{8,8}{13,7} = 0,6423$$

$$\begin{aligned} DF &= -P_3(y_3) - P_4(y_2) - P_5(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,6423) - 25(0,7518) - 16(0,8540) \\ &= -17,9844 - 18,7950 - 13,6640 \\ &= -50,4434 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{2}{13,7} = 0,1460$$

$$\begin{aligned} DF &= P_5(y_1) \\ &= 16(0,1460) \\ &= 2,336 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

⇒ Kondisi 2

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{11,7}{13,7} = 0,8540$$

$$y_2 = \frac{10,2}{13,7} = 0,7445$$

$$\begin{aligned} DF &= -P_3(y_1) - P_4(y_2) \\ &= -28(0,7445) - 25(0,8540) \\ &= -20,8460 - 21,3500 \\ &= -42,1960 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

- Lintang Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{2}{13,7} = 0,1460$$

$$y_5 = \frac{0,6}{13,7} = 0,0438$$

$$\begin{aligned} DF &= P_4(y_1) + P_5(y_5) \\ &= 25(0,1460) + 16(0,0438) \\ &= 3,6500 + 0,7008 \\ &= 4,3508 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

⇒ Kondisi 3

- Lintang Negatif

$$y_1 = \frac{11,7}{13,7} = 0,8540$$

$$\begin{aligned} DF &= -P_3(y_1) \\ &= -28(0,8540) \\ &= -23,9120 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

- Lintang Positif

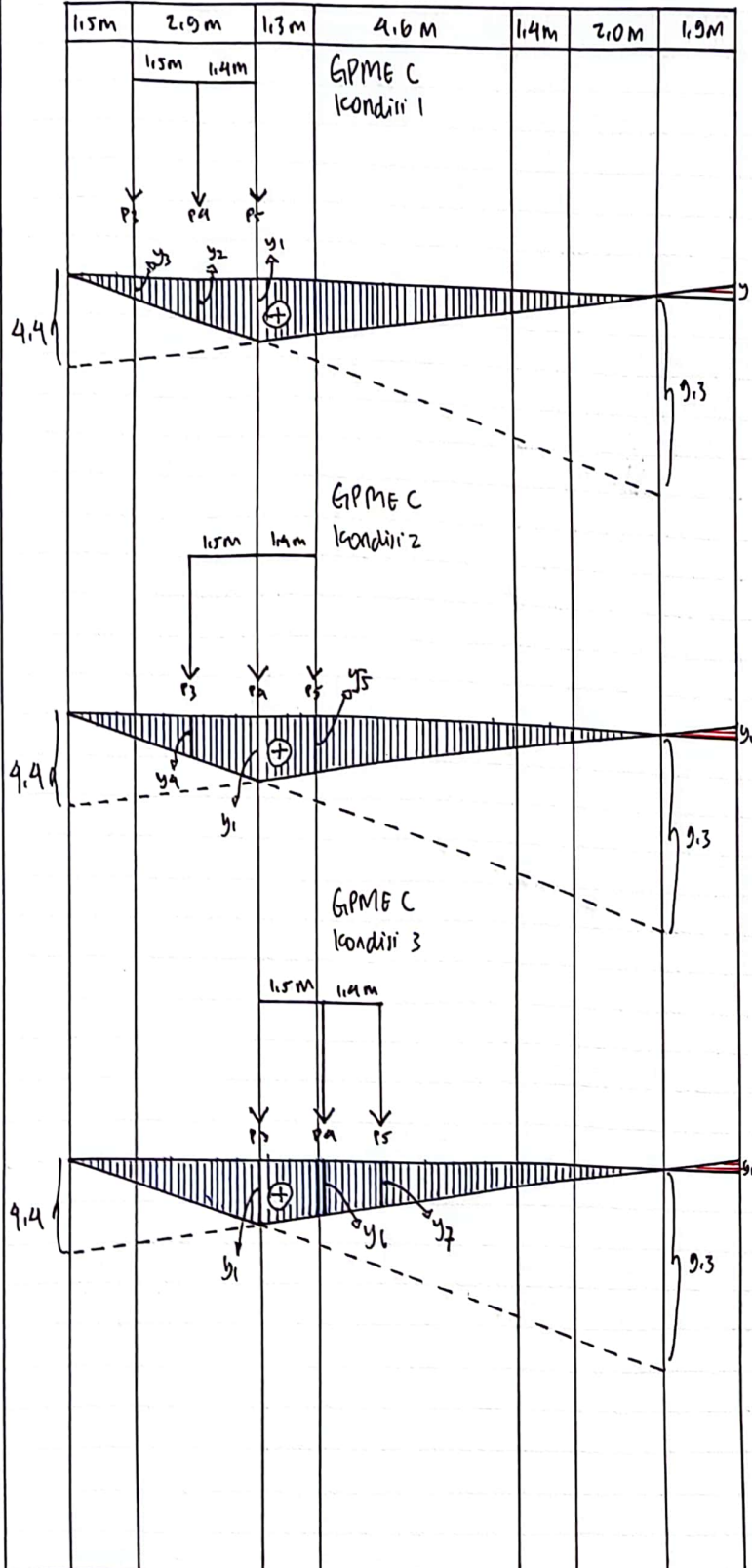
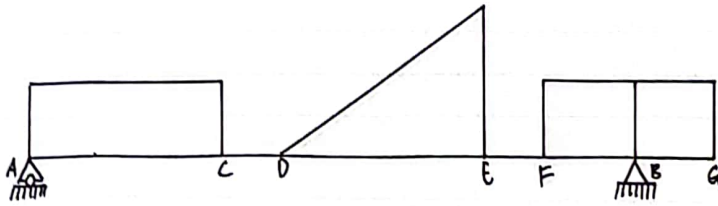
$$y_1 = \frac{2}{13,7} = 0,1460$$

$$y_6 = \frac{0,5}{13,7} = 0,0365$$

$$\begin{aligned} DF &= P_3(y_1) + P_4(y_6) + P_5(y_1) \\ &= 28(0,1460) + 25(0,0365) \\ &= 4,0880 + 0,9125 \\ &= 5,0005 \text{ kN.} \end{aligned}$$

- * Lintang Positif (DF_{Max}) terjadi pada kondisi 3 = 5,0005 kN.
- * Lintang Negatif (DF_{Min}) terjadi pada kondisi 1 = -50,4434 kN.

-D Momen Ekstrem Pada titik C akibat beban bergerak.



Skala jarak
1cm: 150cm
Skala gaya
1cm: 30kN

=> Kondisi 1

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{4,1 \cdot 9,3}{13,7} = 2,9869$$

$$y_2 = \frac{3 \cdot 9,3}{13,7} = 2,0365$$

$$y_3 = \frac{1,5 \cdot 9,3}{13,7} = 1,0182$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 4,9}{13,7} = 0,6102$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_c &= P_3(y_3) + P_4(y_2) + P_5(y_1) \\ &= 28(1,0182) + 25(2,0365) + 16(2,9869) \\ &= 28,5096 + 50,9125 + 47,7904 \\ &= 127,2125 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_c &= -P_8(y_8) \\ &= -16(0,6102) \\ &= -9,7632 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

=> Kondisi 2

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{4,9 \cdot 9,3}{13,7} = 2,9869$$

$$y_4 = \frac{2,9 \cdot 9,3}{13,7} = 1,9686$$

$$y_5 = \frac{4,9 \cdot 7,9}{13,7} = 2,5372$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 4,9}{13,7} = 0,6102$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_c &= P_3(y_1) + P_4(y_4) + P_5(y_5) \\ &= 28(1,9686) + 25(2,9869) + 16(2,5372) \\ &= 55,1208 + 74,6725 + 40,5952 \\ &= 170,3885 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_c &= -P_8(y_8) \\ &= -25(0,6102) \\ &= -15,2550 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

=> Kondisi 3

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{4,9 \cdot 9,3}{13,7} = 2,9869$$

$$y_6 = \frac{4,9 \cdot 7,9}{13,7} = 2,5051$$

$$y_7 = \frac{4,9 \cdot 6,9}{13,7} = 2,0555$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 4,9}{13,7} = 0,6102$$

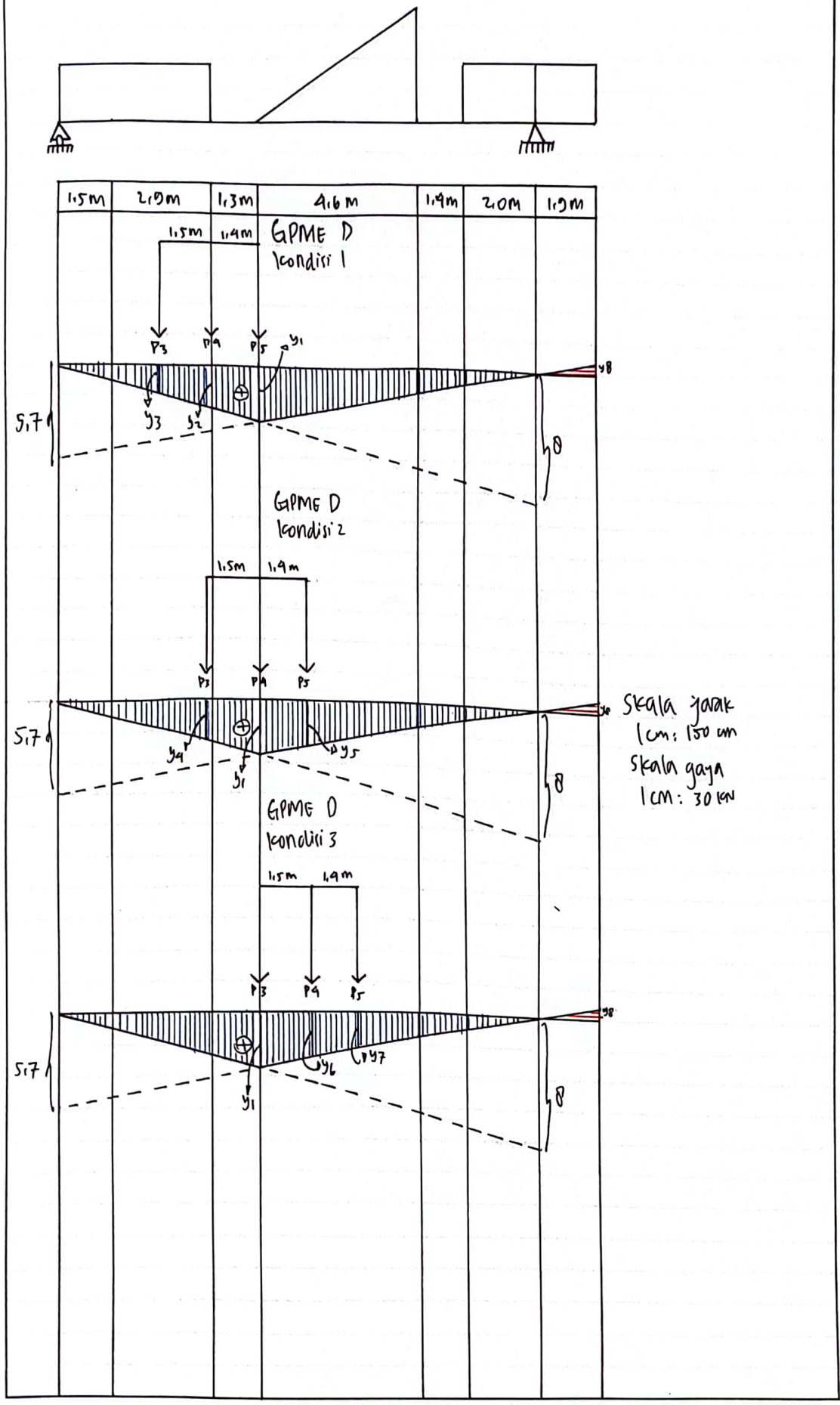
$$\begin{aligned} M_c &= P_3(y_1) + P_4(y_6) + P_5(y_7) \\ &= 28(2,9869) + 25(2,5051) + 16(2,0555) \\ &= 83,6332 + 62,6275 + 32,8880 \\ &= 179,1487 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_c &= -P_8(y_8) \\ &= -28(0,6102) \\ &= -17,0856 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

* MOMEN Positif (M_c Max) terjadi pada kondisi 3 = 179,1487 kN

* MOMEN Negatif (M_c Min) terjadi pada kondisi 3 = -17,0856 kN

-> Momen ekstrim pada titik D akibat beban bergerak.



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

=> kondisi 1

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{517 \cdot 8}{13,7} = 3,3285$$

$$y_2 = \frac{413 \cdot 8}{13,7} = 2,5109$$

$$y_3 = \frac{218 \cdot 8}{13,7} = 1,6350$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_0 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 517}{13,7} = 0,7905$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= P_3 (y_1) + P_4 (y_2) + P_5 (y_3) \\ &= 28 (1,6350) + 25 (2,5109) + 16 (3,3285) \\ &= 45,7800 + 62,7725 + 53,2560 \\ &= 161,8085 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= -P_5 (y_0) \\ &= -16 (0,7905) \\ &= -12,6480 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

=> kondisi 2

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{517 \cdot 8}{13,7} = 3,3285$$

$$y_4 = \frac{412 \cdot 8}{13,7} = 2,4526$$

$$y_5 = \frac{517 \cdot 6,6}{13,7} = 2,7460$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_0 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 517}{13,7} = 0,7905$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= P_3 (y_1) + P_4 (y_4) + P_5 (y_5) \\ &= 28 (2,4526) + 25 (3,3285) + 16 (2,7460) \\ &= 68,6728 + 83,2125 + 43,9360 \\ &= 195,8213 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= -P_4 (y_0) \\ &= -25 (0,7905) \\ &= -19,7625 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

=> kondisi 3

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{517 \cdot 8}{13,7} = 3,3285$$

$$y_6 = \frac{615 \cdot 4,9}{13,7} = 2,0876$$

$$y_7 = \frac{511 \cdot 4,9}{13,7} = 1,6380$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_0 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 517}{13,7} = 0,7905$$

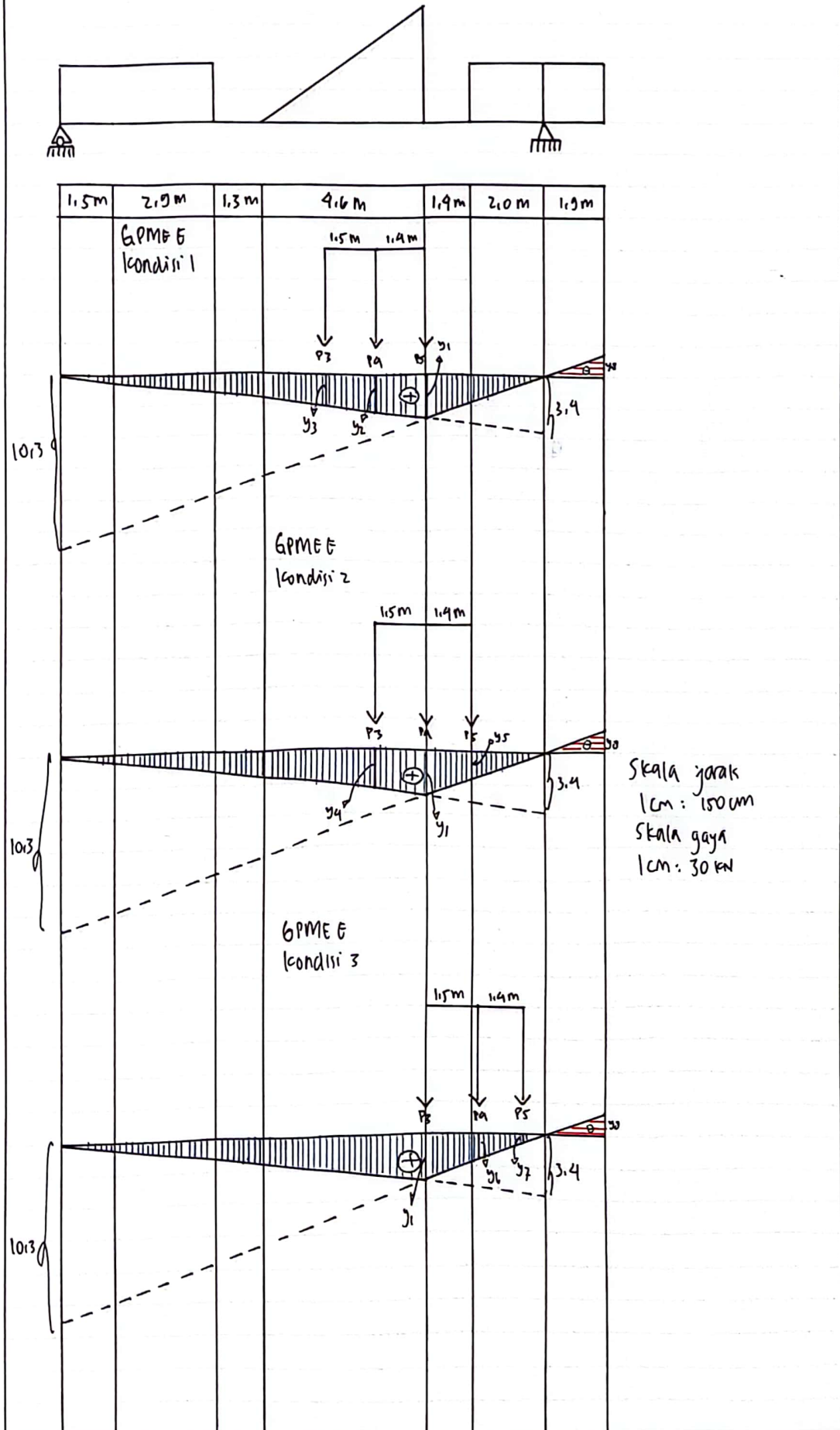
$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= P_3 (y_1) + P_4 (y_6) + P_5 (y_7) \\ &= 28 (3,3285) + 25 (2,0876) + 16 (1,6380) \\ &= 93,1980 + 52,1900 + 26,2080 \\ &= 171,5960 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= -P_3 (y_0) \\ &= -28 (0,7905) \\ &= -22,1340 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

* MOMEN Positif (M_D Max) terjadi pada kondisi 2 = 195,8213 kN

* MOMEN Negatif (M_D Min) terjadi pada kondisi 3 = -22,1340 kN

→ Momen Ekstrem Pada titik E akibat beban berjalan.



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

=> Kondisi 1

- MOMEN POSITIF

$$y_1 = \frac{10,3 \cdot 3,4}{13,7} = 2,5562$$

$$y_2 = \frac{8,9 \cdot 3,4}{13,7} = 2,2088$$

$$y_3 = \frac{7,9 \cdot 3,4}{13,7} = 1,8365$$

- MOMEN NEGATIF

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 10,3}{13,7} = 1,4285$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_E &= P_3(y_3) + P_1(y_2) + P_5(y_1) \\ &= 28(1,8365) + 25(2,2088) + 16(2,5562) \\ &= 51,4220 + 55,2200 + 40,8992 \\ &= 147,5412 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_E &= -P_5(y_8) \\ &= -16(1,4285) \\ &= -22,8560 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

=> Kondisi 2

- MOMEN POSITIF

$$y_1 = \frac{10,3 \cdot 3,4}{13,7} = 2,5562$$

$$y_1 = \frac{8,8 \cdot 3,4}{13,7} = 2,1839$$

$$y_5 = \frac{2 \cdot 10,3}{13,7} = 1,5036$$

- MOMEN NEGATIF

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 10,3}{13,7} = 1,4285$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_E &= P_3(y_1) + P_1(y_1) + P_5(y_5) \\ &= 28(2,1839) + 25(2,5562) + 16(1,5036) \\ &= 61,1492 + 63,9050 + 24,0576 \\ &= 149,1118 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_E &= -P_1(y_8) \\ &= -25(1,4285) \\ &= -35,7125 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

=> Kondisi 3

- MOMEN POSITIF

$$y_1 = \frac{10,3 \cdot 3,4}{13,7} = 2,5562$$

$$y_6 = \frac{10,3 \cdot 1,9}{13,7} = 1,4285$$

$$y_7 = \frac{0,5 \cdot 10,3}{13,7} = 0,3759$$

- MOMEN NEGATIF

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 10,3}{13,7} = 1,4285$$

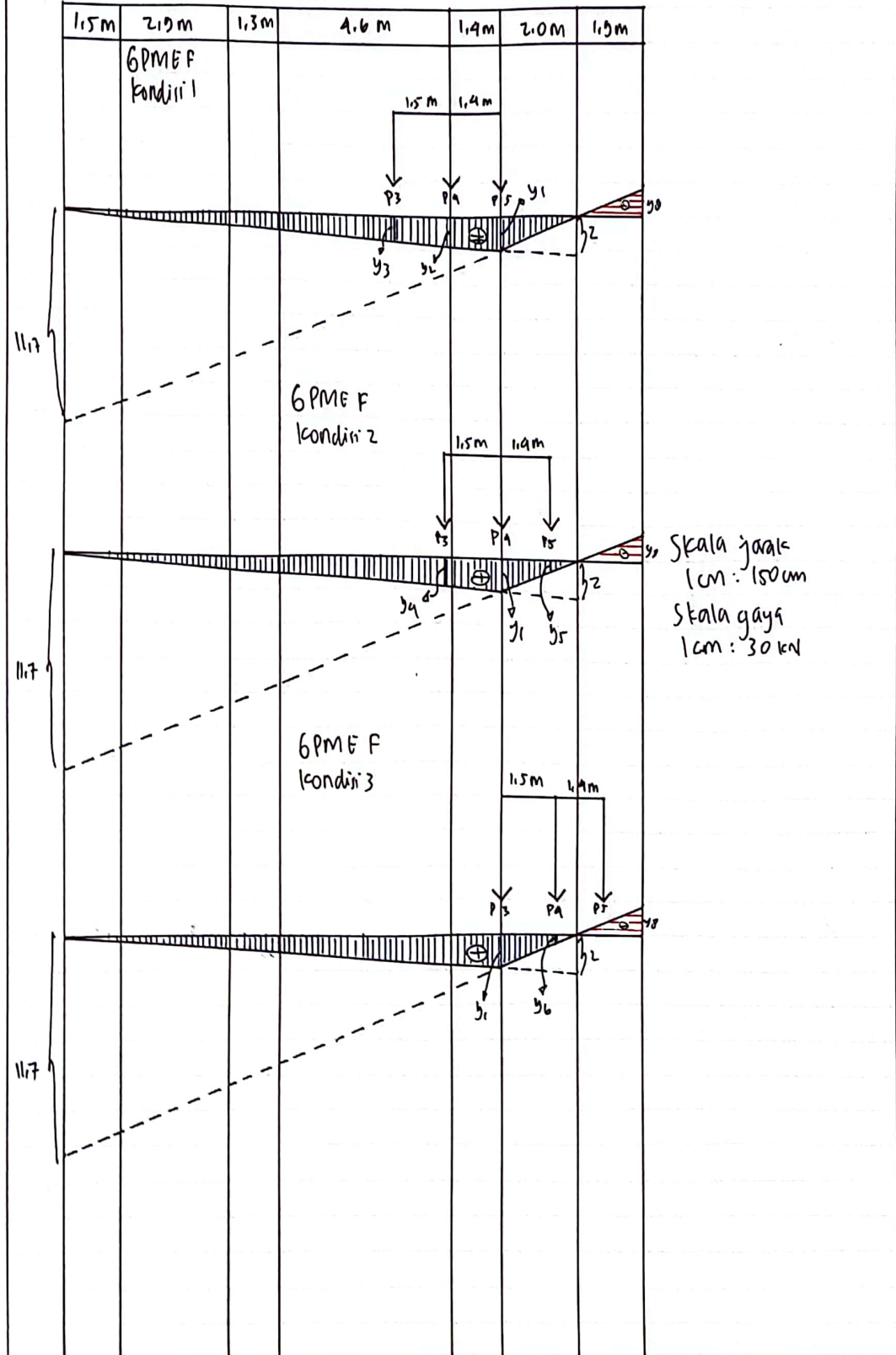
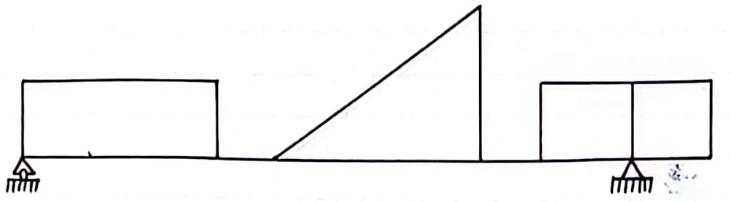
$$\begin{aligned} M_E &= P_3(y_1) + P_1(y_6) + P_5(y_7) \\ &= 28(2,5562) + 25(1,4285) + 16(0,3759) \\ &= 71,5736 + 35,7125 + 6,0144 \\ &= 113,3005 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_E &= -P_3(y_8) \\ &= -28(1,4285) \\ &= -39,9980 \end{aligned}$$

* MOMEN POSITIF ($M_E \text{ Max}$) terjadi pada kondisi 2 : 149,1118 kN

* MOMEN NEGATIF ($M_E \text{ Min}$) terjadi pada kondisi 3 : -39,9980 kN

→ Momen Ekstrem Pada HTK F akibat beban berjalan.



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

=> Kondisi 1

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{11,7 \cdot 2}{13,7} = 1,7080$$

$$y_2 = \frac{10,3 \cdot 2}{13,7} = 1,5036$$

$$y_3 = \frac{8,8 \cdot 2}{13,7} = 1,2847$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 11,7}{13,7} = 1,6226$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_F &= P_3(y_3) + P_4(y_2) + P_5(y_1) \\ &= 28(1,2847) + 25(1,5036) + 16(1,7080) \\ &= 35,9716 + 37,5900 + 27,3280 \\ &= 100,8896 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_F &= -P_5(y_8) \\ &= -16(1,6226) \\ &= -25,9616 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

=> Kondisi 2

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{11,7 \cdot 2}{13,7} = 1,7080$$

$$y_4 = \frac{10,2 \cdot 2}{13,7} = 1,4891$$

$$y_5 = \frac{0,6 \cdot 11,7}{13,7} = 0,5129$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 11,7}{13,7} = 1,6226$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_F &= P_3(y_4) + P_4(y_1) + P_5(y_5) \\ &= 28(1,4891) + 25(1,7080) + 16(0,5129) \\ &= 41,6948 + 42,7000 + 8,1989 \\ &= 92,5937 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_F &= -P_4(y_8) \\ &= -25(1,6226) \\ &= -40,5650 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

=> Kondisi 3

- MOMEN Positif

$$y_1 = \frac{2 \cdot 11,7}{13,7} = 1,7080$$

$$y_6 = \frac{0,5 \cdot 11,7}{13,7} = 0,4270$$

- MOMEN Negatif

$$y_8 = \frac{1,9 \cdot 11,7}{13,7} = 1,6226$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_F &= P_3(y_1) + P_4(y_6) + \\ &= 28(1,7080) + 25(0,4270) \\ &= 47,8240 + 10,6750 \\ &= 58,4990 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_F &= -P_3(y_8) \\ &= -28(1,6226) \\ &= -45,4328 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

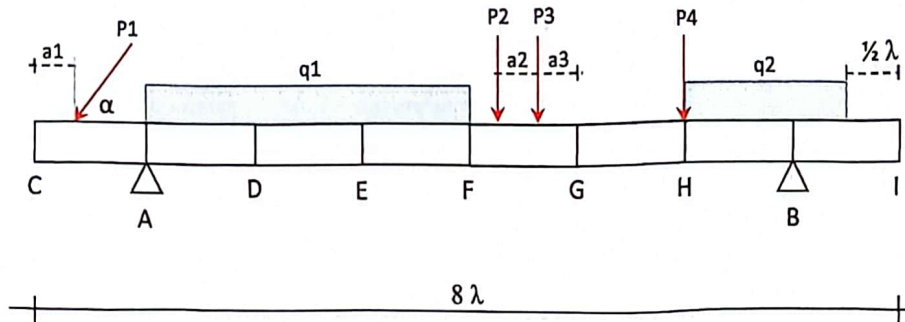
* MOMEN Positif (M_F MAX) terjadi pada kondisi 1 = 100,8896 kN

* MOMEN Negatif (M_F MIN) terjadi pada kondisi 3 = -45,4328 kN

NAMA : GALIH ABIE SADEWA
 NPM : 2315011042

SOAL NO. 2

Diketahui struktur *simple beam* dengan beban tak langsung seperti tergambar.



Data-data sebagai berikut:

Perletakan		Beban		Jarak		Beban berjalan	
A	Sendi	q_1	2 kN/m'	λ	3,3 m	P_5	3 kN
B	Rol	q_2	1 kN/m'	a_1	1,8 m	P_6	5 kN
		P_1	4 kN	a_2	1,5 m		
		P_2	6 kN	a_3	1,1 m		
		P_3	7 kN	Sudut α	31°		
		P_4	3 kN				
						x_1	3,0 m

Pertanyaan:

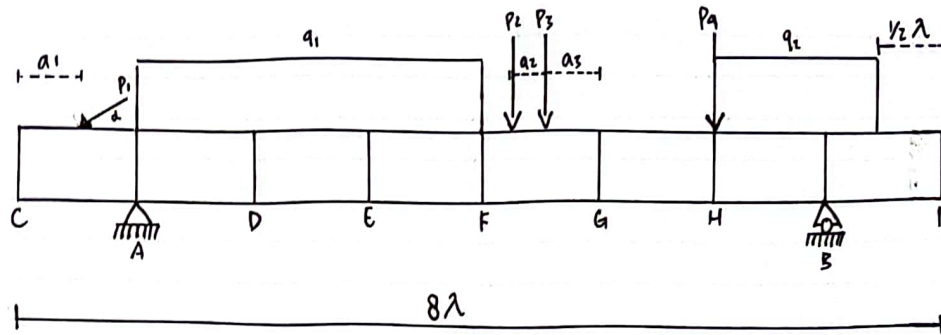
- Hitung dan gambarkan bidang momen, lintang dan normal secara analitis akibat beban yang bekerja (seperti tergambar).
- Hitung dan gambar garis pengaruh momen dan lintang akibat beban jika $P = 1$ kN bergerak dari tumpuan A ke B pada potongan/titik E, G, dan 0,7 m ke kanan dari titik F
- Hitung besar momen ekstrim dan lintang ekstrim pada point (b) akibat rangkaian beban berjalan (P_5, P_6) dari A ke B.

Asisten Responsi,

MUHAMMAD FATIH NABAN
 NPM. 2015011030

Soal No 2

Diketahui struktur simple beam dengan beban tak langsung seperti tergambar.



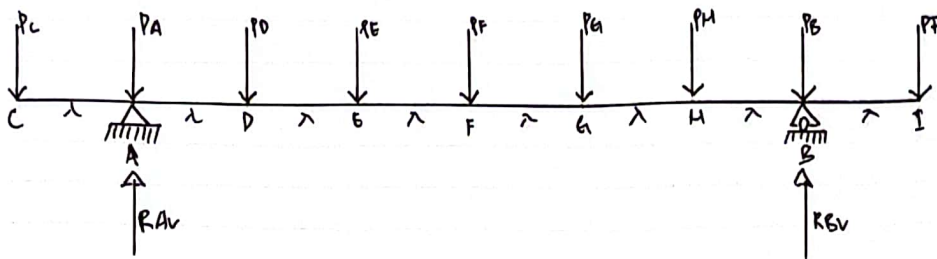
Data-data sebagai berikut :

Perletakan	Beban		Jarak		Beban berjalan	
A Sendi	q_1	2 kN/m'	λ	3,3 m	P_5	3 kN
B Rol	q_2	1 kN/m'	a_1	1,8 m	P_6	5 kN
	P_1	4 kN	a_2	1,5 m		
	P_2	6 kN	a_3	1,1 m		
	P_3	7 kN	Sudut α	31°		
	P_4	3 kN				
					x_1	3,0 m

Pertanyaan :

- Hitung dan gambarkan bidang momen, lintang dan normal secara analitis akibat beban yang bekerja (seperti tergambar).
- Hitung dan gambar garis pengaruh momen dan lintang akibat beban jika $P = 1$ kN bergerak dari tumpuan A ke B pada Potongan/titik dan 0,7 m ke Kanan dari titik
- Hitung besar momen ekstrim dan lintang ekstrim pada Point (b) akibat rangkaian beban berjalan (P_5, P_6) dari A ke B.

a.) Hitung dan gambarkan bidang momen, lintang dan normal secara analitis akibat beban yang bekerja (seperti tergambar)



a.) $P_{IV} = P_1 \cdot \sin \theta$
 $= 4 \cdot \sin 31$
 $= 2.0602 \text{ kN}$

b.) $P_{IH} = P_1 \cdot \cos \theta$
 $= 4 \cdot \cos 31$
 $= 3.4287 \text{ kN}$

c.) $P_C = \frac{\lambda - a_1}{\lambda} \cdot P_{IV}$
 $= \frac{3.3 - 1.8}{3.3} \cdot 2.0602$
 $= 0.9365 \text{ kN}$

d.) $P_A = \frac{a_1}{\lambda} \cdot P_{IV} + \frac{\lambda \cdot q_1}{2}$
 $= \frac{1.8}{3.3} \cdot 2.0602 + \frac{3.3 \cdot 2}{2}$
 $= 4.4237 \text{ kN}$

e.) $P_D = \frac{\lambda \cdot q_1}{2} + \frac{\lambda \cdot q_1}{2}$
 $= \frac{3.3 \cdot 2}{2} + \frac{3.3 \cdot 2}{2}$
 $= 6.6 \text{ kN}$

f.) $P_E = \frac{\lambda \cdot q_1}{2} + \frac{\lambda \cdot q_1}{2}$
 $= \frac{3.3 \cdot 2}{2} + \frac{3.3 \cdot 2}{2}$
 $= 6.6 \text{ kN}$

g.) $P_F = \frac{\lambda \cdot q_1}{2} + \frac{a_2 + a_3}{\lambda} \cdot P_2 + \frac{a_3}{\lambda} \cdot P_3$
 $= \frac{3.3 \cdot 2}{2} + \frac{1.5 + 1.1}{3.3} \cdot 6 + \frac{1.1}{3.3} \cdot 7$
 $= 10.3606 \text{ kN}$

h.) $P_G = \frac{\lambda - a_2 - a_3}{\lambda} \cdot P_2 + \frac{\lambda - a_3}{\lambda} \cdot P_3$
 $= \frac{3.3 - 1.5 - 1.1}{3.3} \cdot 6 + \frac{3.3 - 1.1}{3.3} \cdot 7$
 $= 5.9394 \text{ kN}$

i.) $P_H = P_A + \frac{\lambda \cdot q_2}{2}$
 $= 3 + \frac{3.3 \cdot 1}{2}$
 $= 4.65 \text{ kN}$

j.) $P_B = \frac{\lambda \cdot q_2}{2} + \frac{3}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{\lambda \cdot q_2}{2} \right)$
 $= \frac{3.3 \cdot 1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{3.3 \cdot 1}{2} \right)$
 $= 2.8875 \text{ kN}$

k.) $P_I = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{\lambda \cdot q_2}{2} \right)$
 $= \frac{1}{4} \cdot \left(\frac{3.3 \cdot 1}{2} \right)$
 $= 0.4125 \text{ kN}$

→ Reaksi Perletakan

• $\sum M_B = 0$

$$R_{Av} \cdot (6\lambda) - P_C \cdot (7\lambda) - P_A \cdot (6\lambda) - P_D (5\lambda) - P_E (4\lambda) - P_F \cdot (3\lambda) - P_G \cdot (2\lambda) - P_H \cdot (\lambda) + P_I \cdot (\lambda) = 0$$

$$(R_{Av} \cdot 6) \cancel{\lambda} = \cancel{\lambda} (7P_C + 6P_H + 5P_D + 4P_E + 3P_F + 2P_G + P_H - P_I)$$

$$R_{Av} \cdot 6 = 7 \cdot (0,9365) + 6 \cdot (4,4237) + 5 (6,6) + 4 (6,6) + 3 (10,3606) + 2 \cdot (5,9394) + 4,65 - 0,4125$$

$$R_{Av} \cdot 6 = 6,5555 + 26,5422 + 33 + 26,4 + 31,0810 + 11,8788 + 4,65 - 0,4125$$

$$R_{Av} = 139,6958$$

6

$$R_{Av} = 23,2826 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

• $\sum M_A = 0$

$$-R_{Bv} \cdot (6\lambda) - P_C (\lambda) + P_D (\lambda) + P_E (2\lambda) + P_F (3\lambda) + P_G (4\lambda) + P_H (5\lambda) + P_B (6\lambda) + P_I (7\lambda) = 0$$

$$-R_{Bv} \cdot (6\lambda) = -P_C (\lambda) + P_D (\lambda) + P_E (2\lambda) + P_F (3\lambda) + P_G (4\lambda) + P_H (5\lambda) + P_B (6\lambda) + P_I (7\lambda)$$

$$\cancel{\lambda} (R_{Bv} \cdot 6) = \cancel{\lambda} (-P_C + P_D + 2P_E + 3P_F + 4P_G + 5P_H + 6P_B + 7P_I)$$

$$R_{Bv} \cdot 6 = -0,9365 + 6,6 + 2 \cdot (6,6) + 3 \cdot (10,3606) + 4 \cdot (5,9394) + 5 \cdot (4,65) + 6 \cdot (2,8875) + 7 \cdot (0,4125)$$

$$R_{Bv} \cdot 6 = -0,9365 + 6,6 + 13,2 + 31,0810 + 23,7576 + 23,25 + 17,325 + 2,8875$$

$$R_{Bv} = \frac{117,1659}{6}$$

$$R_{Bv} = 19,5276 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

→ Checking

• $\sum V = 0$

$$R_{Av} + R_{Bv} = P_A + P_B + P_C + P_D + P_E + P_F + P_G + P_H + P_I$$

$$23,2826 + 19,5276 = 4,4237 + 2,8875 + 0,9365 + 6,6 + 6,6 + 10,3606 + 5,9394 + 4,65 + 0,4125$$

$$42,8102 = 42,8102 \quad (\checkmark)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot \sum H &= 0 \\ H_B - P_{1H} &= 0 \\ H_B &= P_{1H} \\ H_B &= 3.4287 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

-> Bidang Normal

$$N_{P_{1H}} - B = 3.4287 \text{ kN}$$

-> Bidang Lintang

1.) $D_C - A_{kiri} = -P_C = -0.9365$

2.) $D_A - D_{kiri} = -P_C - P_A + R_{AV}$
 $= -0.9365 - 4.4237 + 23.2826 = 17.9224 \text{ kN}$

3.) $D_D - E_{kiri} = -P_C - P_A + R_{AV} - P_D$
 $= -0.9365 - 4.4237 + 23.2826 - 6.6 = 11.3224 \text{ kN}$

4.) $D_E - F_{kiri} = -P_C - P_A + R_{AV} - P_D - P_E$
 $= -0.9365 - 4.4237 + 23.2826 - 6.6 - 6.6 = 4.7224 \text{ kN}$

5.) $D_F - G_{kiri} = -P_C - P_A + R_{AV} - P_D - P_E - P_F$
 $= -0.9365 - 4.4237 + 23.2826 - 6.6 - 6.6 - 10.3606 = -5.6382 \text{ kN}$

6.) $D_G - H_{kiri} = -P_C - P_A + R_{AV} - P_D - P_E - P_F - P_G$
 $= -0.9365 - 4.4237 + 23.2826 - 6.6 - 6.6 - 10.3606 - 5.9399 = -11.5776 \text{ kN}$

7.) $D_H - B_{kiri} = -P_C - P_A + R_{AV} - P_D - P_E - P_F - P_G - P_H$
 $= -0.9365 - 4.4237 + 23.2826 - 6.6 - 6.6 - 10.3606 - 5.9399 - 4.65$
 $= -16.2776 \text{ kN}$

8.) $D_B - I_{kiri} = -P_C - P_A + R_{AV} - P_D - P_E - P_F - P_G - P_H - P_B + R_{BV}$
 $= -0.9365 - 4.4237 + 23.2826 - 6.6 - 6.6 - 10.3606 - 5.9399$
 $- 2.8875 + 19.5276 = 0.4125 \text{ kN}$

9.) $D_I = -P_C - P_A + R_{AV} - P_D - P_E - P_F - P_G - P_H - P_B + R_{BV} - P_I$
 $= -0.9365 - 4.4237 + 23.2826 - 6.6 - 6.6 - 10.3606 - 5.9399$
 $- 2.8875 + 19.5276 - 0.4125$
 $= 0 \text{ kN}$

→ Bidang Momen

• $M_C = 0 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

• $M_A = -P_C \cdot \lambda$
 $= -0,9365 \cdot 3,3 = -3,0905 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

• $M_D = -P_C(2\lambda) + R_{AV}(\lambda) - P_A(\lambda)$
 $= -0,9365(6,6) + 23,2826(3,3) - 4,4237(3,3)$
 $= -6,1809 + 76,8326 - 14,5982 = 56,0535 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

• $M_E = -P_C(3\lambda) + R_{AV}(2\lambda) - P_A(2\lambda) - P_D(\lambda)$
 $= -0,9365(9,9) + 23,2826(6,6) - 4,4237(6,6) - 6,6(3,3)$
 $= -9,2714 + 153,6652 - 29,1964 - 21,78$
 $= 93,4174 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

• $M_F = -P_C(4\lambda) + R_{AV}(3\lambda) - P_A(3\lambda) - P_D(2\lambda) - P_E(\lambda)$
 $= -0,9365(13,2) + 23,2826(9,9) - 4,4237(9,9) - 6,6(6,6) - 6,6(3,3)$
 $= -12,3618 + 230,4977 - 43,7946 - 43,56 - 21,78$
 $= 109,0013 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

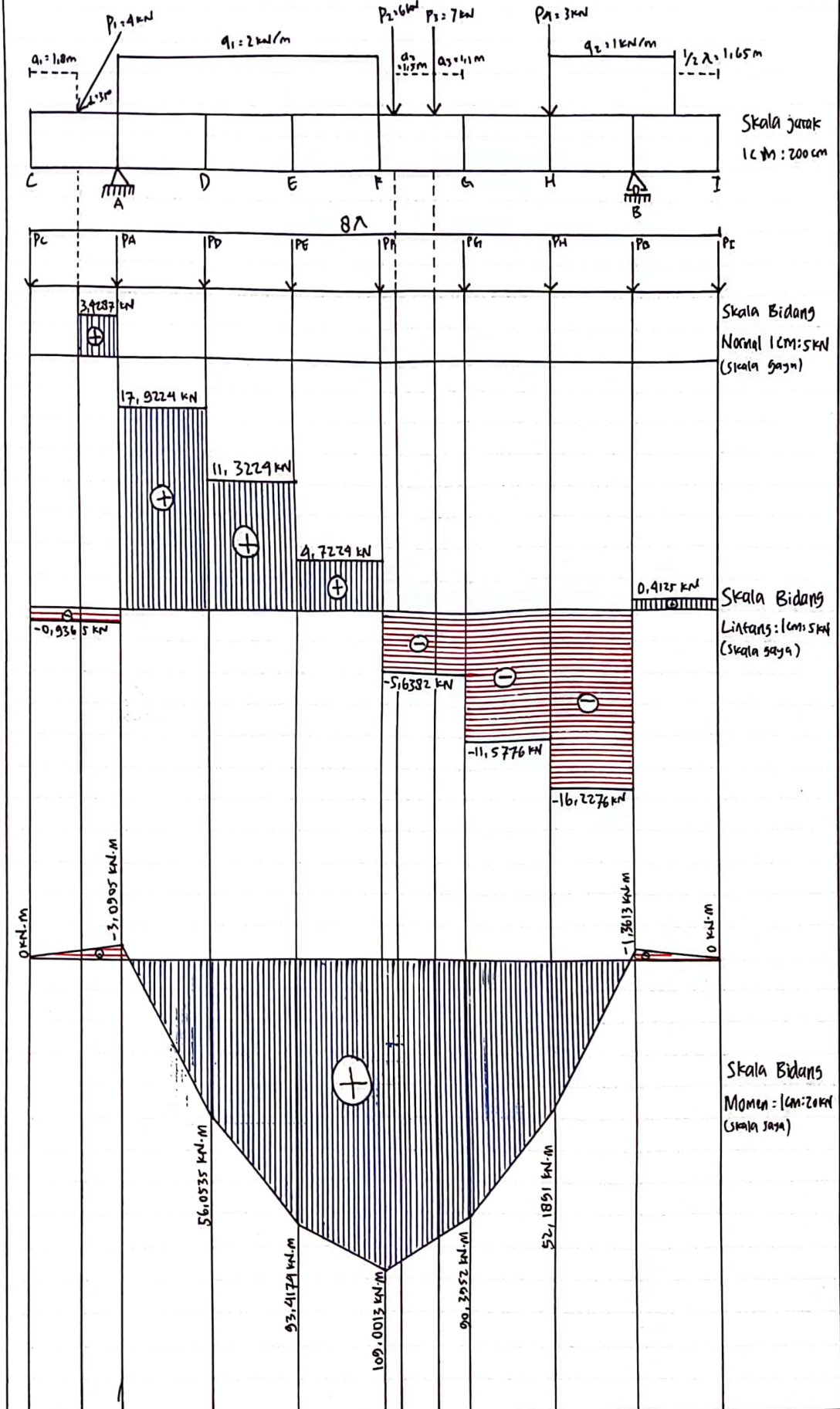
• $M_G = -P_C(5\lambda) + R_{AV}(4\lambda) - P_A(4\lambda) - P_D(3\lambda) - P_E(2\lambda) - P_F(\lambda)$
 $= -0,9365(16,5) + 23,2826(13,2) - 4,4237(13,2) - 6,6(9,9) - 6,6(6,6) - 10,3606(3,3)$
 $= -15,4523 + 307,3303 - 58,3928 - 65,34 - 43,56 - 34,19$
 $= 90,3952 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

• $M_H = -P_C(6\lambda) + R_{AV}(5\lambda) - P_A(5\lambda) - P_D(4\lambda) - P_E(3\lambda) - P_F(2\lambda) - P_G(\lambda)$
 $= -0,9365(19,8) + 23,2826(16,5) - 4,4237(16,5) - 6,6(13,2) - 6,6(9,9)$
 $\quad - 10,3606(6,6) - 5,9394(3,3)$
 $= -18,5427 + 384,1629 - 72,9911 - 87,12 - 65,34 - 68,38$
 $\quad - 19,6$
 $= 52,1891 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

• $M_B = -P_I \cdot \lambda$
 $= -0,4125 \cdot 3,3$
 $= -1,3613 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

• $M_I = 0 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

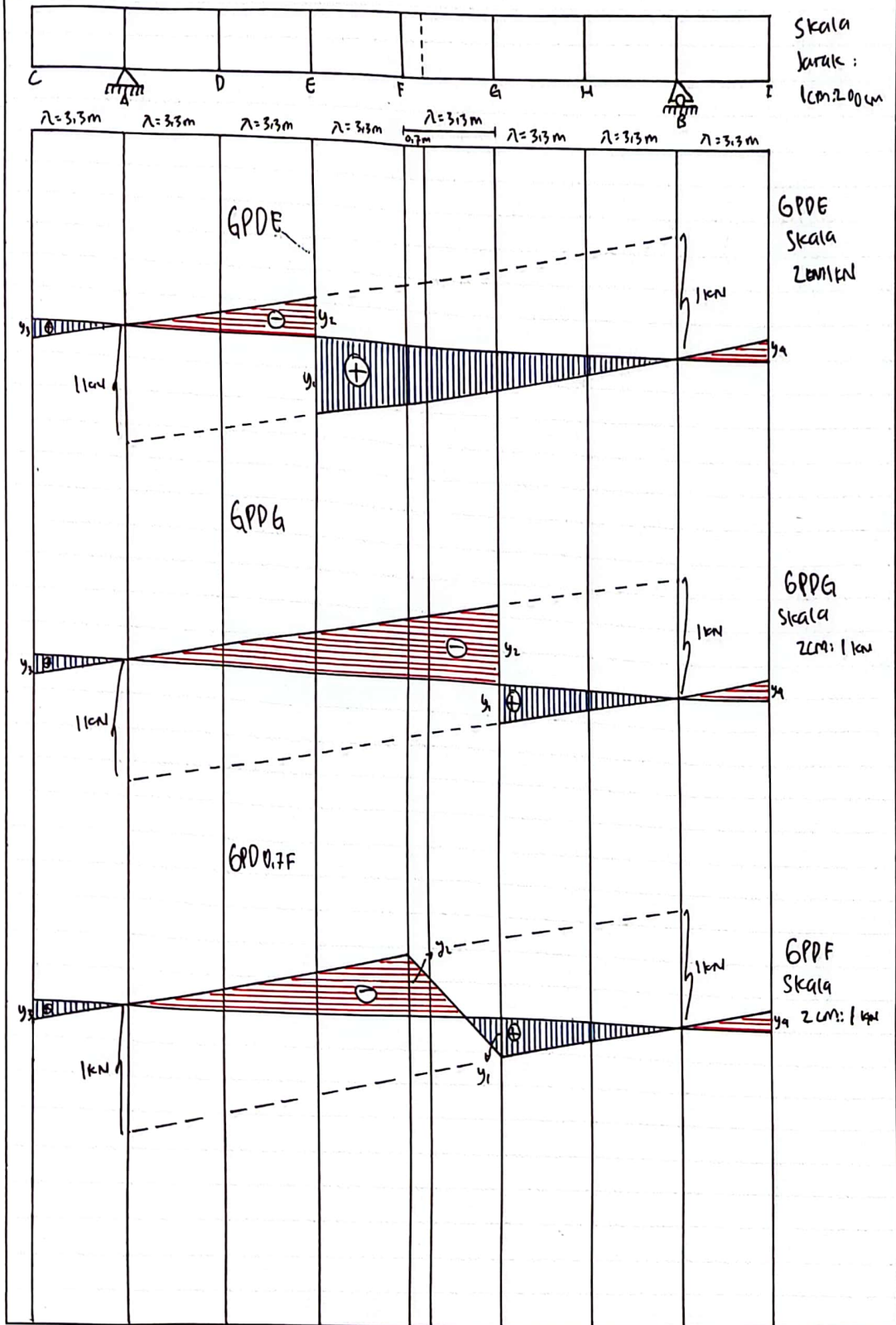
-D Gambar bidang Normal, Lintang, dan Momen.



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

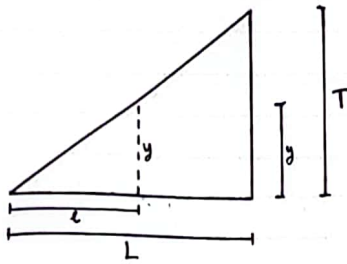
b. Hitung dan Gambar Garis Pengaruh momen dan lintang akibat beban jika $P = 1 \text{ kN}$ bergerak dari tumpuan A ke B pada Potongan / titik E, G, dan $0,7 \text{ m}$ ke kanan dari titik F

* Gambar Garis Pengaruh Lintang.



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

* Perhitungan Garis Pengaruh Lintang



$$\frac{y}{T} = \frac{z}{L}$$

$$y = \frac{z \cdot T}{L}$$

~ Titik E

• y_1 Positif : $y_1 = \frac{4\lambda \cdot 1}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2 \cdot 1}{19,8} = 0,6667$

• y_2 Negatif : $y_2 = \frac{2\lambda \cdot 1}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6 \cdot 1}{19,8} = 0,3333$

• y_3 Positif : $y_3 = \frac{\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3}{19,8} = 0,1667$

• y_4 Negatif : $y_4 = \frac{\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3}{19,8} = 0,1667$

~ Titik G

• y_1 Positif : $y_1 = \frac{2\lambda \cdot 1}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6 \cdot 1}{19,8} = 0,3333$

• y_2 Negatif : $y_2 = \frac{4\lambda \cdot 1}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2 \cdot 1}{19,8} = 0,6667$

• y_3 Positif : $y_3 = \frac{\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3}{19,8} = 0,1667$

• y_4 Negatif : $y_4 = \frac{\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3}{19,8} = 0,1667$

~ Titik F

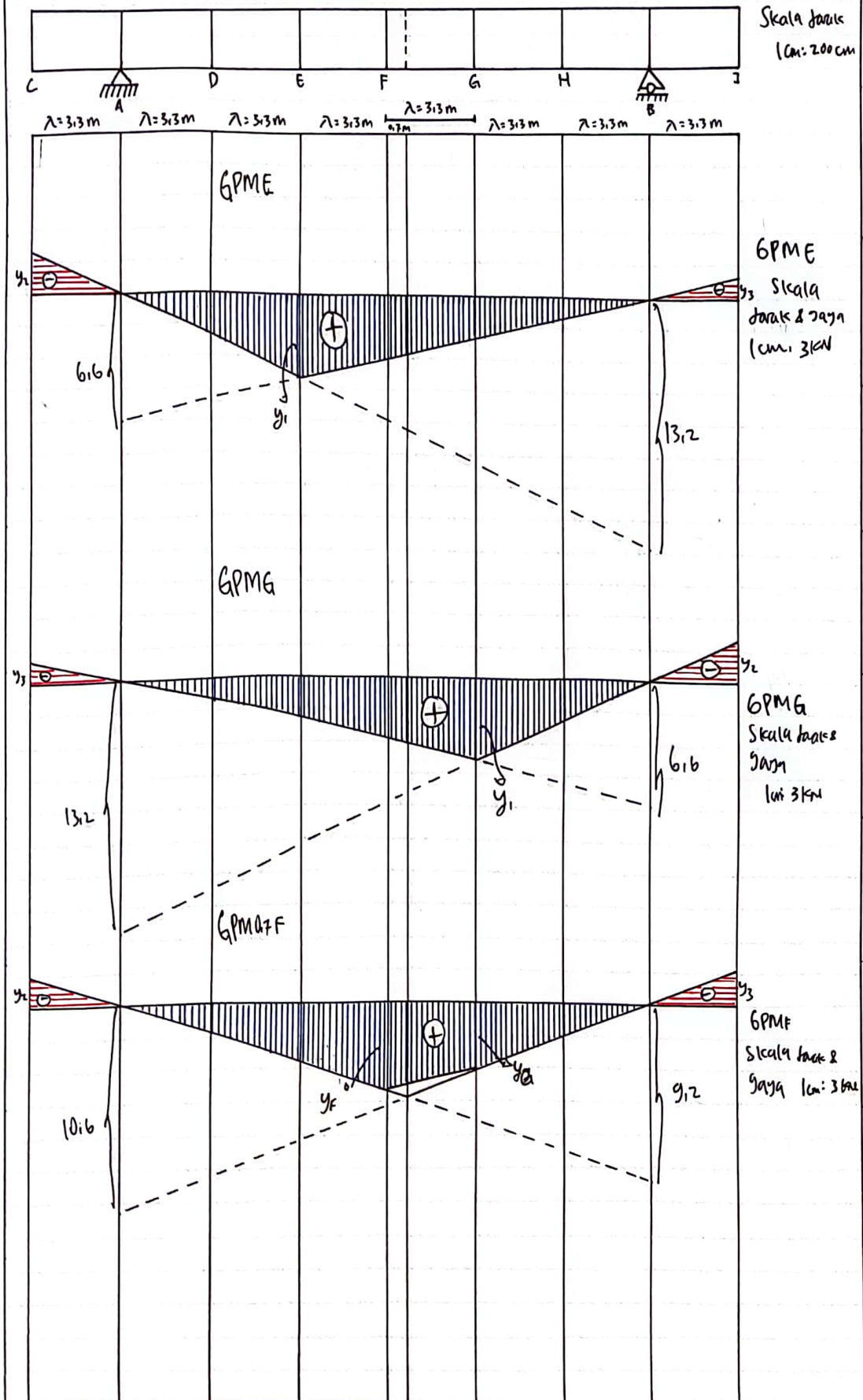
• y_1 Positif : $y_1 = \frac{2\lambda \cdot 1}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6 \cdot 1}{19,8} = 0,3333$

• y_2 Negatif : $y_2 = \frac{3\lambda \cdot 1}{6\lambda} = \frac{9,9 \cdot 1}{19,8} = 0,5$

• y_3 Positif : $y_3 = \frac{\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3}{19,8} = 0,1667$

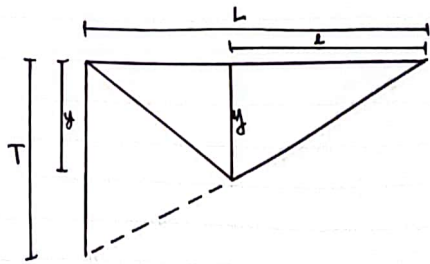
• y_4 Negatif : $y_4 = \frac{\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3}{19,8} = 0,1667$

* Gambar Garis Pengaruh Momen



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

* Perhitungan Garis Pengaruh momen



$$\frac{y}{T} = \frac{l}{L}$$

$$y = \frac{l \cdot T}{L}$$

~ Titik E

$$y_1 = \frac{(4\lambda)(2\lambda)}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2 \cdot 6,6}{19,8} = 4,4$$

$$y_2 = \frac{3,3 \cdot 13,2}{19,8} = 2,2$$

$$y_3 = \frac{3,3 \cdot 6,6}{19,8} = 1,1$$

~ Titik G

$$y_1 = \frac{(2\lambda)(4\lambda)}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6 \cdot 13,2}{19,8} = 4,4$$

$$y_2 = \frac{3,3 \cdot 6,6}{19,8} = 1,1$$

$$y_3 = \frac{3,3 \cdot 13,2}{19,8} = 2,2$$

~ Titik F

$$y_F = \frac{3\lambda \cdot (3\lambda - 0,7)}{6\lambda} = \frac{9,9 \cdot 9,2}{19,8} = 4,6$$

$$y_G = \frac{2\lambda \cdot (3\lambda + 0,7)}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6 \cdot 10,6}{19,8} = 3,5333$$

$$y_F - y_G = 4,6 - 3,5333 = 1,0667$$

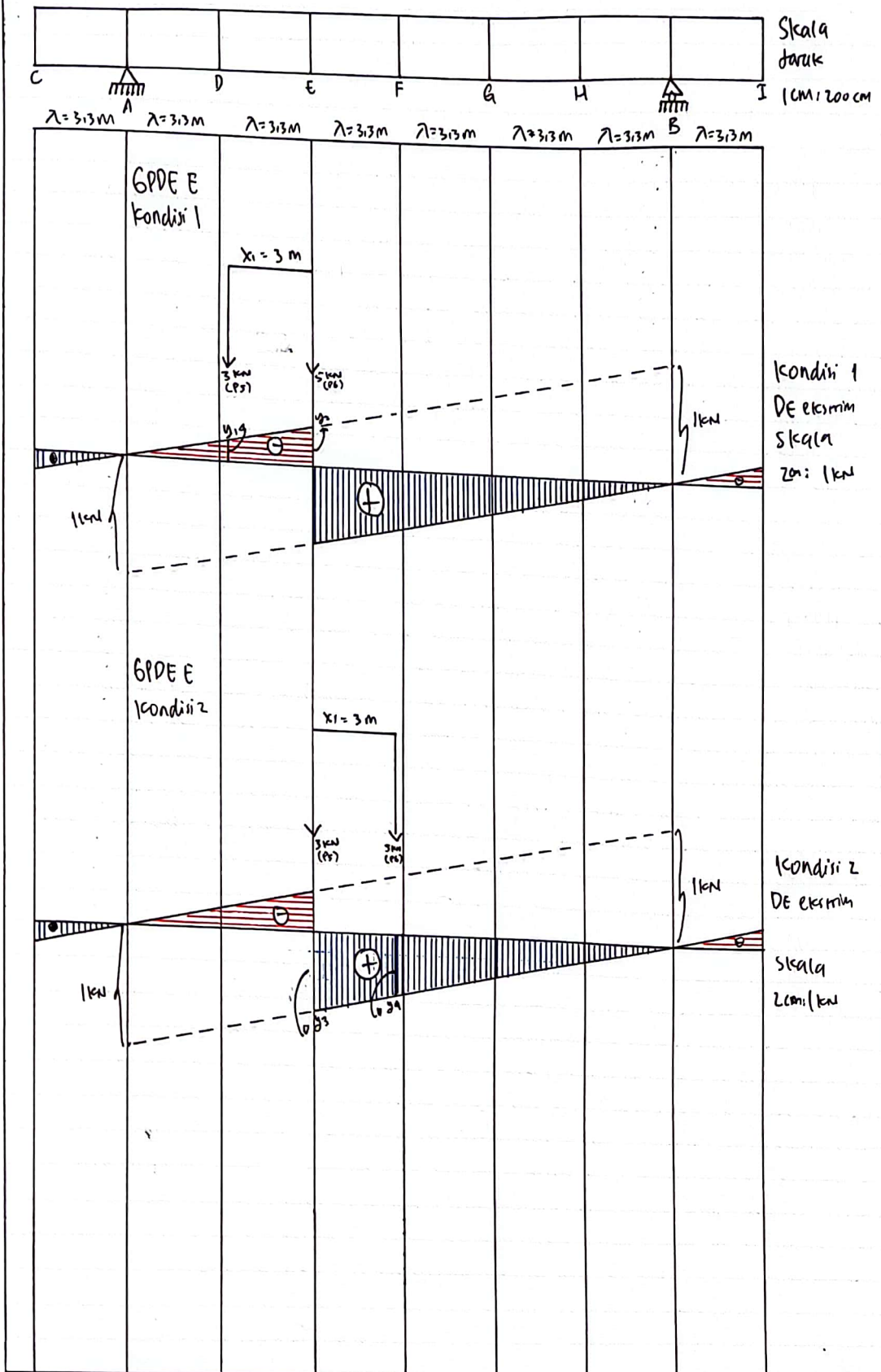
$$y_1 = \frac{(\lambda - 0,7)(y_F - y_G)}{\lambda} = \frac{2,6 \cdot 1,0667}{3,3} = 0,8404$$

$$y_2 = \frac{\lambda \cdot (3\lambda - 0,7)}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3 \cdot 9,2}{19,8} = 1,5333$$

$$y_3 = \frac{\lambda \cdot (3\lambda + 0,7)}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3 \cdot 10,6}{19,8} = 1,7667$$

C. Hitung besar momen ekstrem dan lintang ekstrem pada point (b) akibat rangkalan beban berjalan (P5, P6) dari A ke B.

* Lintang ekstrem di titik E akibat beban berjalan



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

→ Lintang elastis pada titik E

$$y_1 = \frac{2\lambda - x_1}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6 - 3}{19,8} = 0,1818$$

$$y_2 = \frac{2\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6}{19,8} = 0,3333$$

$$y_3 = \frac{4\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2}{19,8} = 0,6667$$

$$y_4 = \frac{4\lambda - x_1}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2 - 3}{19,8} = 0,5152$$

DE Negatif

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kondisi 1} &= -y_1 \cdot P_5 - y_2 \cdot P_6 \\ &= -0,1818(3) - 0,3333(5) = -2,2119 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kondisi 2} &= -y_2 \cdot P_5 \\ &= -0,3333(3) = -0,9999 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

DE Positif

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kondisi 1} &= y_3 \cdot P_6 \\ &= 0,6667(5) = 3,3335 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kondisi 2} &= y_3 \cdot P_5 + y_4 \cdot P_6 \\ &= 0,6667(3) + 0,5152(5) = 4,5761 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

DE Max terjadi Pada kondisi 2 = 4,5761 kN

DE Min terjadi Pada kondisi 1 = -2,2119 kN

↳ Lintang elastis pada titik G

$$\cdot y_1 = \frac{4\lambda - x_1}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2 - 3}{19,8} = 0,5152$$

$$\cdot y_2 = \frac{4\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2}{19,8} = 0,6667$$

$$\cdot y_3 = \frac{2\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6}{19,8} = 0,3333$$

$$\cdot y_4 = \frac{2\lambda - x_1}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6 - 3}{19,8} = 0,1818$$

DG Negatif

$$\cdot \text{Kondisi 1} = -y_1 \cdot P_5 - y_2 \cdot P_6 = -0,5152(3) - 0,6667(5) = -4,8791 \text{ KN}$$

$$\cdot \text{Kondisi 2} = -y_2 \cdot P_5 = -0,6667(3) = -2,0001 \text{ KN}$$

DG Positif

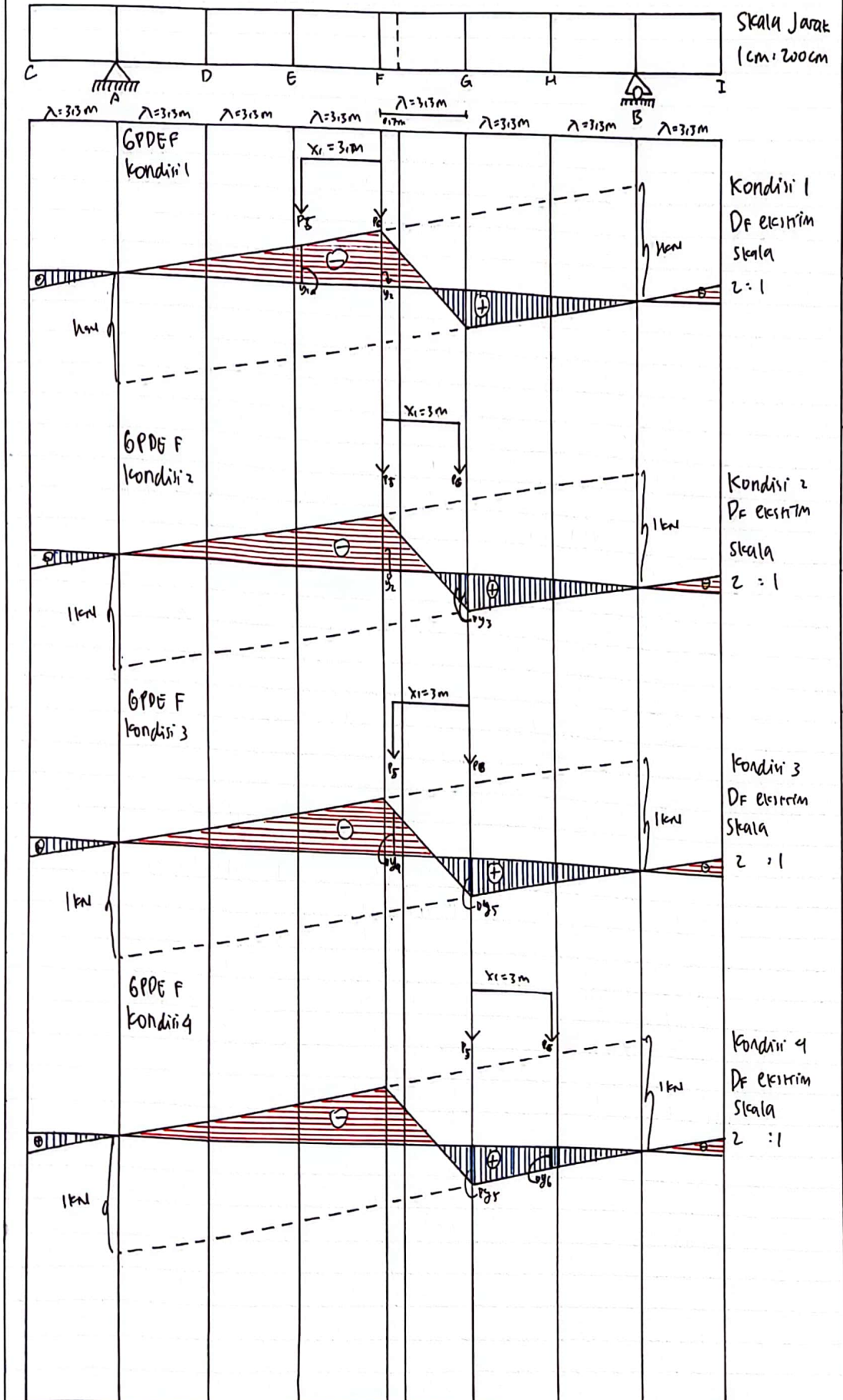
$$\cdot \text{Kondisi 1} = -y_3 \cdot P_6 + = 0,3333(5) = 1,6665 \text{ KN}$$

$$\cdot \text{Kondisi 2} = -y_3 \cdot P_5 + y_4 \cdot P_6 = -0,3333(3) + 0,1818(5) = 1,9089 \text{ KN}$$

DG Max terjadi pada kondisi 2 = 1,9089 KN

DG Min terjadi pada kondisi 1 = -4,8791 KN

* Lintang ekstrim di titik F akibat beban berjalan



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

* Lintang elastis pada titik F

$$y_1 = \frac{3\lambda - x_1}{6\lambda} = \frac{9,9 - 3}{19,8} = 0,3485$$

$$y_2 = \frac{3\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{9,9}{19,8} = 0,5$$

$$y_3 = \frac{3\lambda - x_1}{6\lambda} = \frac{9,9 - 3}{19,8} = 0,3485$$

$$y_4 = \frac{4\lambda - x_1}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2 - 3}{19,8} = 0,5152$$

$$y_5 = \frac{2\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6}{19,8} = 0,3333$$

$$y_6 = \frac{2\lambda - x_1}{6\lambda} = \frac{6,6 - 3}{19,8} = 0,1818$$

DF Negatif

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 1} &= -y_1 \cdot P_5 - y_2 \cdot P_6 \\ &= -0,3485 \cdot 3 - 0,5 \cdot 5 \\ &= -3,5455 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 2} &= -y_2 \cdot P_5 \\ &= -0,5 \cdot 3 \\ &= -1,5 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 3} &= -y_4 \cdot P_5 \\ &= -0,5152 \cdot 3 \\ &= -1,5456 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

DF Positif

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 2} &= y_3 \cdot P_6 \\ &= 0,3485 \cdot 5 \\ &= 1,7425 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

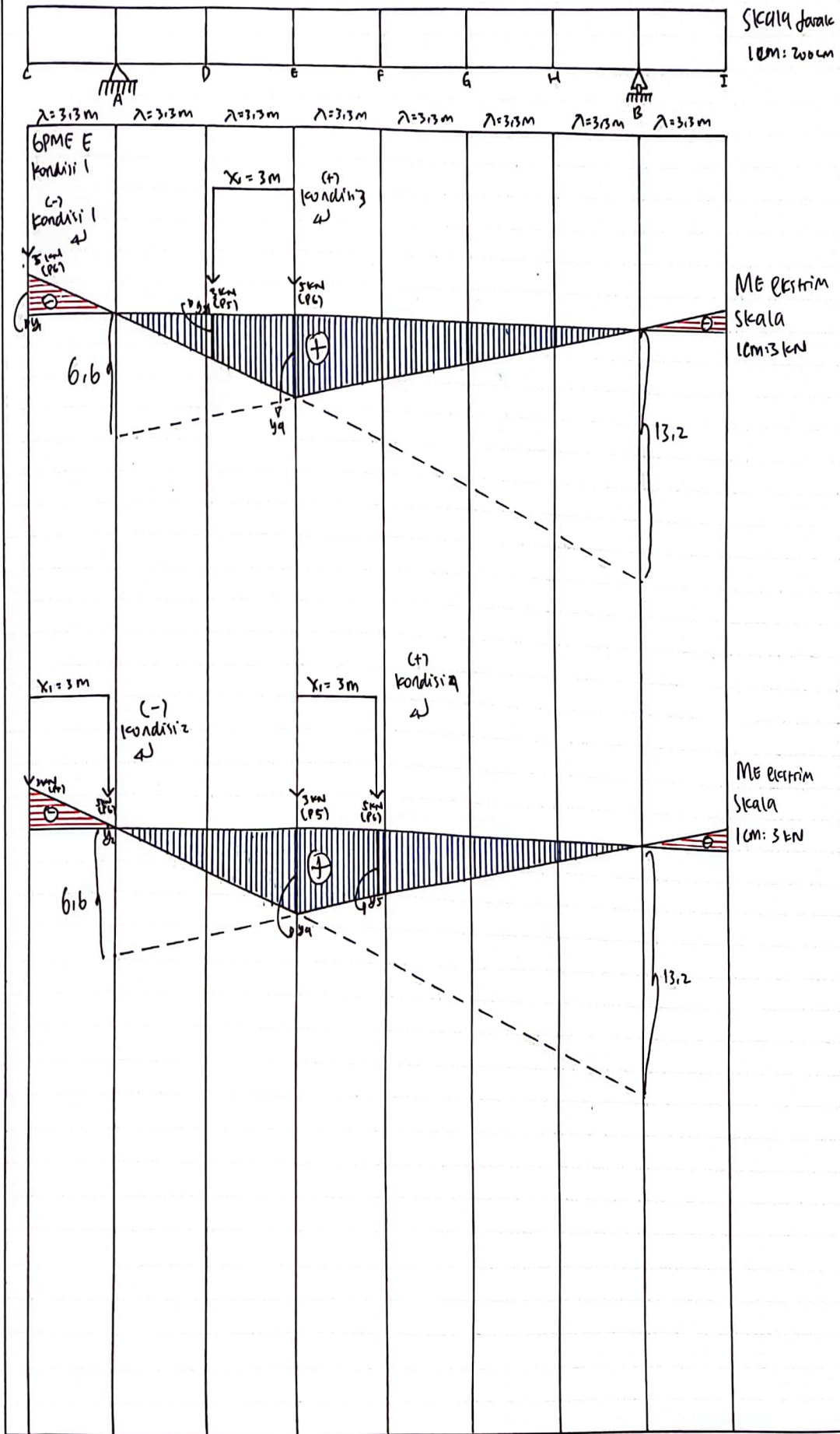
$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 3} &= y_5 \cdot P_6 + \\ &= 0,3333 \cdot 5 \\ &= 1,6665 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 4} &= y_5 \cdot P_5 + y_6 \cdot P_6 \\ &= 0,3333 \cdot 3 + 0,1818 \cdot 5 \\ &= 1,9089 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

DF Max terjadi pada kondisi 4, = 1,9089 kN

DF Min terjadi pada kondisi 1 = -3,5455 kN

* Momen ekstrem Pada titik E akibat beban berjalan



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

* MOMEN ELASTIK PADA TITIK E

$$y_1 = \frac{\lambda \cdot 4 \lambda}{6 \lambda} = \frac{3,3 \cdot 13,2}{19,8} = 2,2$$

$$y_2 = \frac{(\lambda - x_1) \cdot (4 \lambda)}{6 \lambda} = \frac{0,3 \cdot 13,2}{19,8} = 0,2$$

$$y_3 = \frac{(2 \lambda - x_1) \cdot (4 \lambda)}{6 \lambda} = \frac{3,6 \cdot 13,2}{19,8} = 2,4$$

$$y_4 = \frac{2 \lambda \cdot 4 \lambda}{6 \lambda} = \frac{6,6 \cdot 13,2}{19,8} = 4,4$$

$$y_5 = \frac{(2 \lambda + x_1) \cdot (4 \lambda - x_1)}{6 \lambda} = \frac{9,6 \cdot 10,2}{19,8} = 4,9455$$

M_E NEGATIF

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot \text{Kondisi 1} &: -y_1 \cdot P_6 \\ &= -2,2(5) = -11 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot \text{Kondisi 2} &: -y_1 \cdot P_5 - y_2 \cdot P_6 \\ &= -2,2(3) - 0,2(5) = -8,1 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

M_E POSITIF

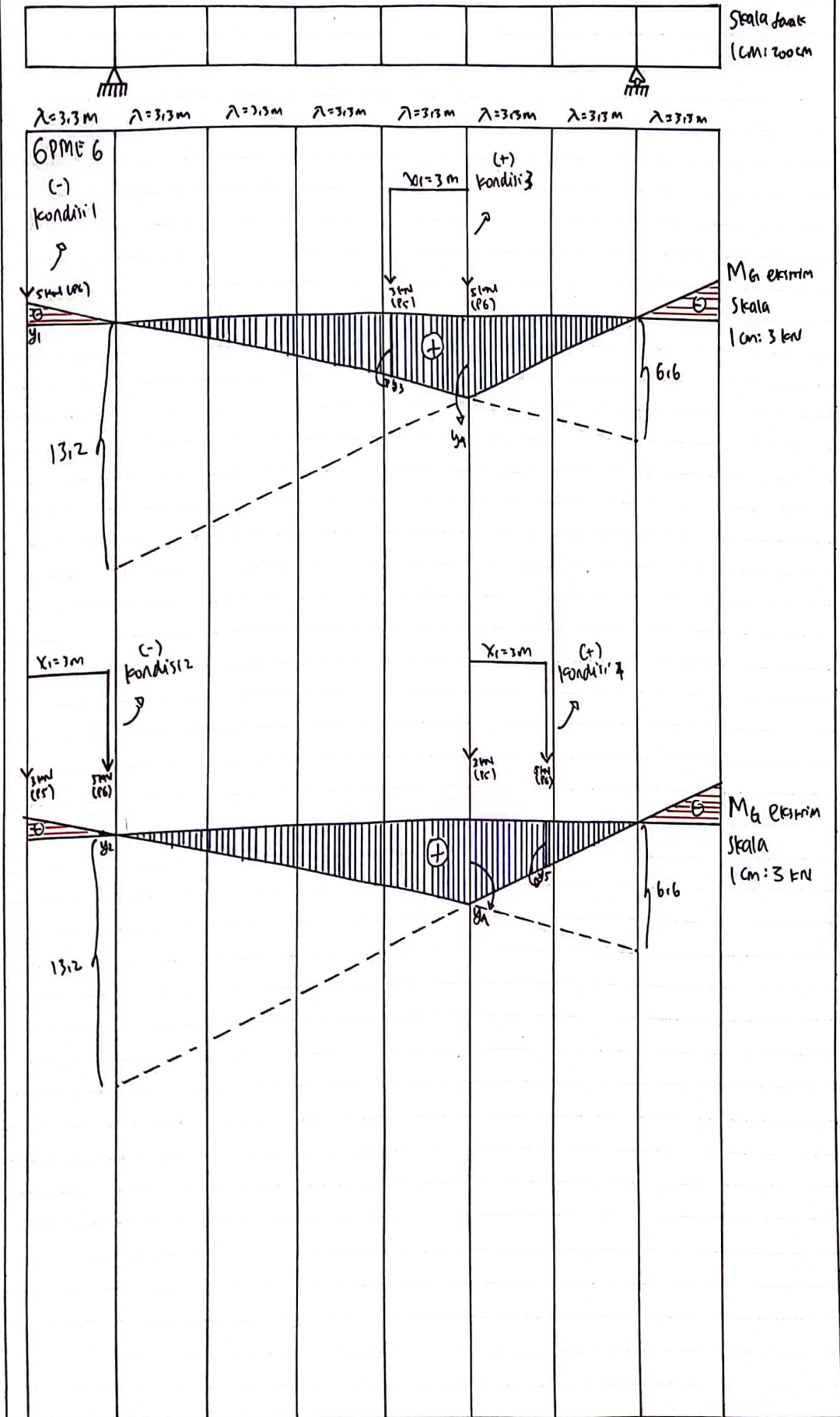
$$\begin{aligned} \cdot \text{Kondisi 3} &: y_3 \cdot P_5 + y_4 \cdot P_6 \\ &= 2,4(3) + 4,4(5) = 29,2 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot \text{Kondisi 4} &: y_4 \cdot P_5 + y_5 \cdot P_6 \\ &= 4,4(3) + 4,9455(5) = 37,9275 \text{ kN.m} \end{aligned}$$

M_E Max terjadi pada Kondisi 4 = 37,9275 kN.m

M_E Min terjadi pada Kondisi 1 = -11 kN.m

* Momen Ekstrem Pada titik G Akibat beban berjalan



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

* Momen ekstrem pada titik G

$$y_1 = \frac{\lambda \cdot 2\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{3,3 \cdot 6,6}{19,8} = 1,1$$

$$y_2 = \frac{(\lambda - x_1) \cdot 2\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{(3,3 - 3) \cdot 6,6}{19,8} = 0,1$$

$$y_3 = \frac{(4\lambda - x_1) \cdot 2\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{(13,2 - 3) \cdot 6,6}{19,8} = 3,4$$

$$y_4 = \frac{4\lambda \cdot 2\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{13,2 \cdot 6,6}{19,8} = 4,4$$

$$y_5 = \frac{(2\lambda - x_1) \cdot 4\lambda}{6\lambda} = \frac{(6,6 - 3) \cdot 13,2}{19,8} = 2,4$$

M6 Negatif

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 1} &= -y_1 \cdot P_6 \\ &= -1,1 \cdot 5 = -5,5 \text{ kNm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 2} &= -y_1 \cdot P_5 - y_2 \cdot P_6 \\ &= -1,1 \cdot 3 - 0,1 \cdot 5 = -3,8 \text{ kNm} \end{aligned}$$

M6 Positif

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 3} &= y_3 \cdot P_5 + y_4 \cdot P_6 \\ &= 3,4 \cdot 3 + 4,4 \cdot 5 = 32,2 \text{ kNm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{kondisi 4} &= y_4 \cdot P_5 + y_5 \cdot P_6 \\ &= 4,4 \cdot 3 + 2,4 \cdot 5 = 25,2 \text{ kNm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{M6 Max terjadi pada kondisi 3} = 32,2 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\text{M6 Min terjadi pada kondisi 1} = -5,5 \text{ kNm}$$

→ MOMEN EKSTREM Pada Titik F

$$y_6 = \frac{3\lambda + 0.7}{6\lambda} = \frac{10.6}{19.8} = 0.5359$$

$$y_1 = \frac{(3\lambda - x_1)(3\lambda - 0.7)}{6\lambda} = \frac{6.9 \cdot 9.2}{19.8} = 3.2061$$

$$y_2 = \frac{3\lambda \cdot (3\lambda - 0.7)}{6\lambda} = \frac{9.9 \cdot 9.2}{19.8} = 4.6$$

$$y_3 = \frac{(\lambda - x_1)(4.6 - 0.5359)}{\lambda} = \frac{0.3 \cdot 4.0646}{3.3} = 0.0616$$

$$y_4 = \frac{(\lambda - x_1) \cdot (3\lambda + 0.7)}{6\lambda} = \frac{0.3 \cdot 10.6}{19.8} = 0.1606$$

$$y_5 = \frac{\lambda \cdot (3\lambda + 0.7)}{6\lambda} = \frac{3.3 \cdot 10.6}{19.8} = 1.7667$$

Mf Negatif

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kondisi 3} &= -P_5 \cdot y_4 - P_6 \cdot y_5 \\ &= -3 \cdot (0.1606) - 5 \cdot (1.7667) = -9.3153 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kondisi 4} &= -P_5 \cdot y_5 \\ &= -3 \cdot (1.7667) = -5.3001 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

Mf Positif

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kondisi 1} &= P_5 \cdot y_1 + P_6 \cdot y_2 \\ &= 3 \cdot (3.2061) + 5 \cdot (4.6) = 17.6367 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kondisi 2} &= P_5 \cdot y_2 + P_6 \cdot y_3 \\ &= 3 \cdot (4.6) + (5) \cdot (0.0616) = 14.1080 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

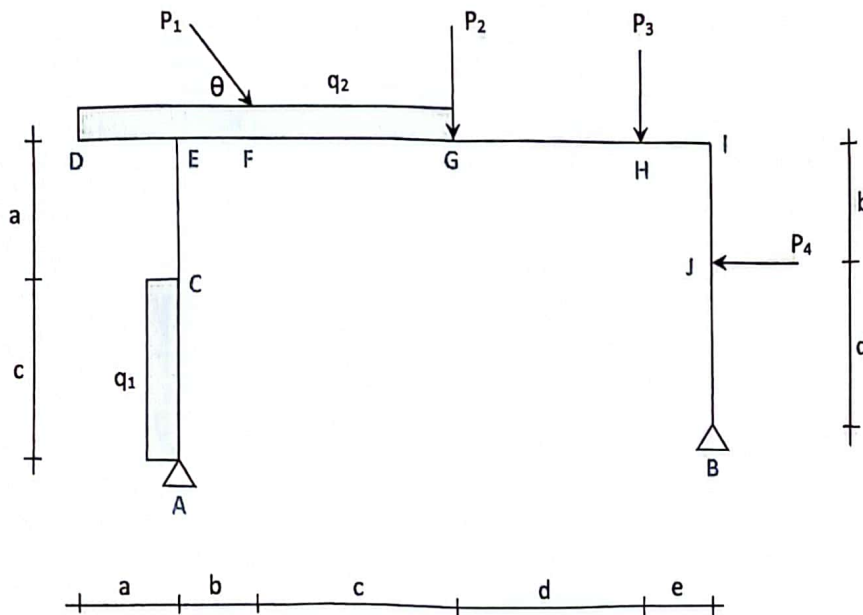
Mf max terjadi pada kondisi 1 = 17.6367 kN·m

Mf min terjadi pada kondisi 3 = -9.3153 kN·m

NAMA : GALIH ABIE SADEWA
 NPM : 2315011042

SOAL NO. 3

Diketahui struktur portal dengan beban seperti tergambar.



Data-data sebagai berikut:

Perletakan		Beban		Jarak	
A	Rol	q_1	1,0 kN/m	a	2,2 m
B	Sendi	q_2	2,5 kN/m	b	2,0 m
		P_1	3,0 kN	c	2,5 m
		P_2	1,0 kN	d	3,5 m
		P_3	4,0 kN	e	1,2 m
		P_4	1,5 kN	Sudut θ	30°

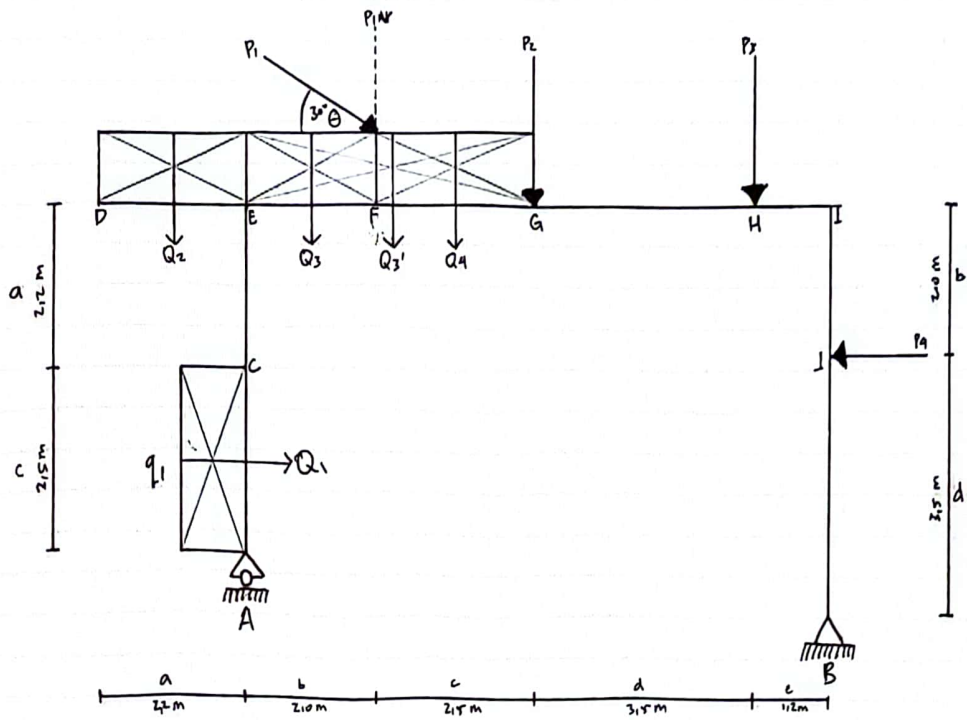
Pertanyaan:

Hitung dan gambarkan bidang momen, lintang dan normal secara analitis.

Asisten Responsi,

MUHAMMAD FATIH NABAN
 NPM. 2015011030

Diketahui struktur Portal dengan beban seperti tergambar.



Data-data sebagai berikut :

Perletakan	Beban		Jarak		
A	ROL	q_1	1.0 kN/m	a	2.2 m
B	sendi	q_2	2.5 kN/m	b	2.0 m
		P_1	3.0 kN	c	2.5 m
		P_2	1.0 kN	d	3.5 m
		P_3	4.0 kN	e	1.2 m
		P_A	1.5 kN	Sudut θ	30°

Pertanyaan :

Hitung dan gambarkan bidang momen, lintang, dan normal secara analitis.

Diketahui :

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot P_{IV} &= P_1 \cdot \sin \theta \\ &= 3 \cdot \sin 30^\circ \\ &= 1,5 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot P_{IH} &= P_1 \cdot \cos \theta \\ &= 3 \cdot \cos 30^\circ \\ &= 2,5981 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot Q_1 &= q_1 \cdot c \\ &= 1 \cdot 2,5 \\ &= 2,5 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot Q_2 &= q_2 \cdot a \\ &= 2,5 \cdot 2,2 \\ &= 5,5 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot Q_3 &= q_2 \cdot b \\ &= 2,5 \cdot 2 \\ &= 5 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot Q_4 &= q_2 \cdot c \\ &= 2,5 \cdot 2,5 \\ &= 6,25 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot Q_3' &= q_2 \cdot (b+c) \\ &= 2,5 \cdot (2,0 + 2,5) \\ &= 11,25 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

↳ Reaksi Perletakan

$$\begin{aligned} \cdot P_A - Q_1 - P_{IH} - R_{BH} &= 0 \\ -R_{BH} &= -P_A + Q_1 + P_{IH} \\ -R_{BH} &= -1,5 + 2,5 + 2,5981 \\ -R_{BH} &= 3,5981 \\ R_{BH} &= -3,5981 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

$$\cdot \sum M_B = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_{AV} \cdot (b+c+d+e) + Q_1 \cdot (b+d) - \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot h\right) - Q_2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}a + b + c + d + e\right) \\ - Q_3' \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}(b+c) + d + e\right) + P_{IH} \cdot (b+d) - P_{IV} \cdot (c + d + e) - P_2 \cdot (d+e) \\ - P_3 \cdot (e) - P_4 \cdot (d) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} R_{AV}(9,2) + 2,5(5,5 - 1,25 + 2,2) - 5,5 \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,2 + 9,2\right) \\ - 11,25 \left(\frac{1}{2}(4,5) + 4,7\right) + 2,5981(5,5) - 1,5(7,2) - 1(4,7) - 4(1,2) \\ - 1,5(3,5) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$9,2 R_{AV} + 5,1250 - 56,65 - 78,1875 + 19,2896 - 10,8 - 4,7 - 4,8 - 5,25 = 0$$

$$9,2 R_{AV} = 140,9729$$

$$R_{AV} = \frac{140,9729}{9,2}$$

$$R_{AV} = 15,3231 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

$$\cdot \Sigma M_A = 0$$

$$-R_{BV} (b+c+d+e) - P_4((a+c)-b) + P_3 (d+c+e) + P_2 (b+c) + Q_3'(\frac{1}{2}(bc))$$

$$+ P_{1H} (a+c) + P_{1V} (b) - Q_2 (\frac{1}{2}a) + Q_1 (\frac{1}{2}c) - R_{BH} ((b+d)-(a+c)) = 0$$

$$-R_{BV} (9,2) - 1,5(2,7) + 4(8) + 1(4,5) + 11,25(2,25) + 2,5981(4,7)$$

$$+ 1,5(2) - 5,5(1,1) + 2,5(1,25) + 3,5981(0,8) = 0$$

$$-9,2 R_{BV} - 4,05 + 32 + 4,5 + 25,3125 + 12,2111 + 3 - 6,05 + 3,125 + 2,8785 = 0$$

$$-9,2 R_{BV} = -72,9271$$

$$R_{BV} = -72,9271$$

$$R_{BV} = 7,9269 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

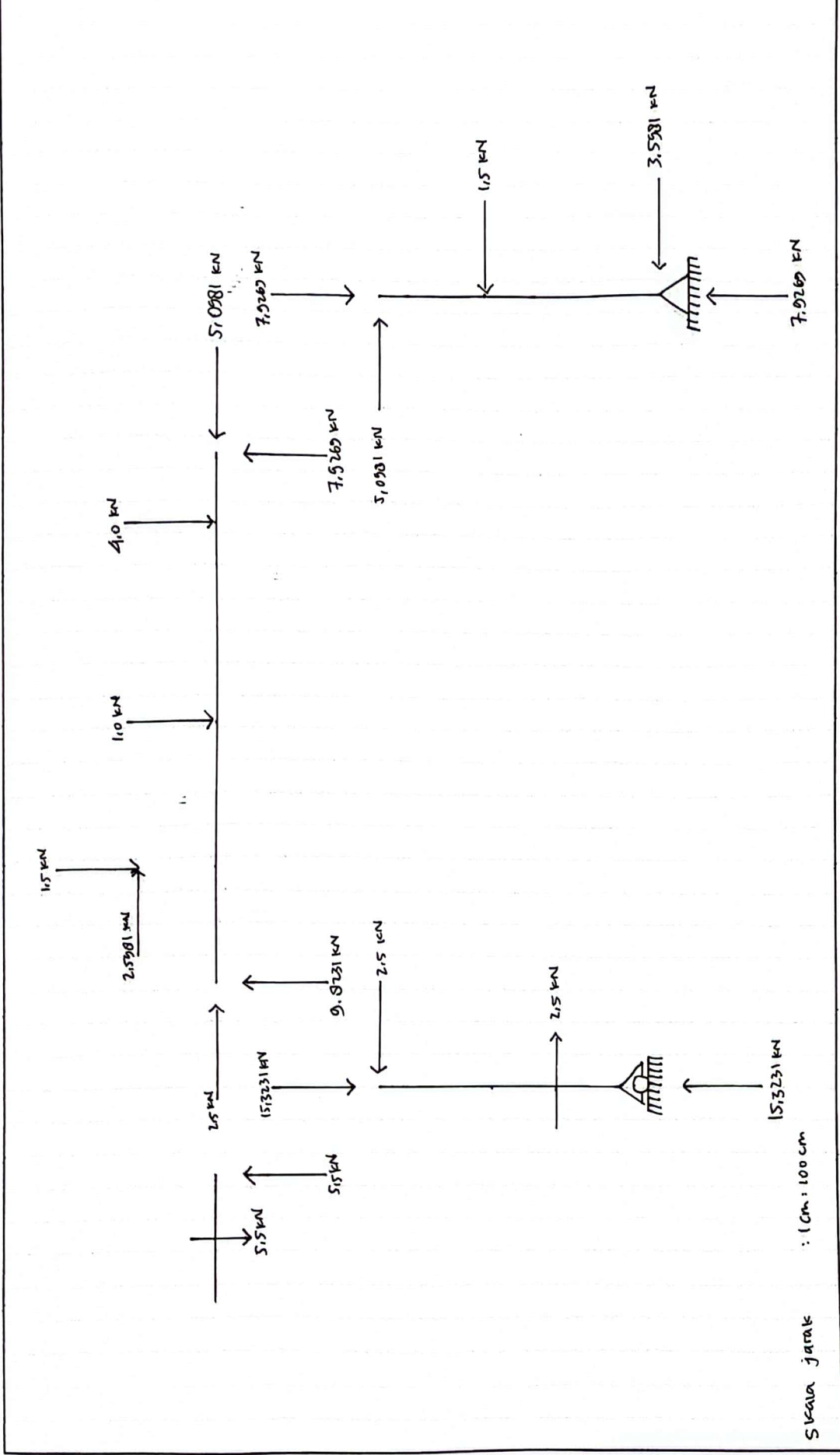
$$\cdot \Sigma V = 0 \text{ (checking)}$$

$$R_{AV} + R_{BV} = Q_2 + Q_3 + Q_4 + P_{1V} + P_2 + P_3$$

$$15,3231 + 7,9269 = 5,5 + 5 + 6,25 + 1,5 + 1 + 4$$

$$23,25 \text{ kN} = 23,25 \text{ kN (OK!!)}$$

~> Gambar Freebody



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

↳ Bidang Normal

• Bentang A-E

NAE : $-R_{Av} = -15,3231 \text{ kN}$ (Tekan)

• Bentang D-I

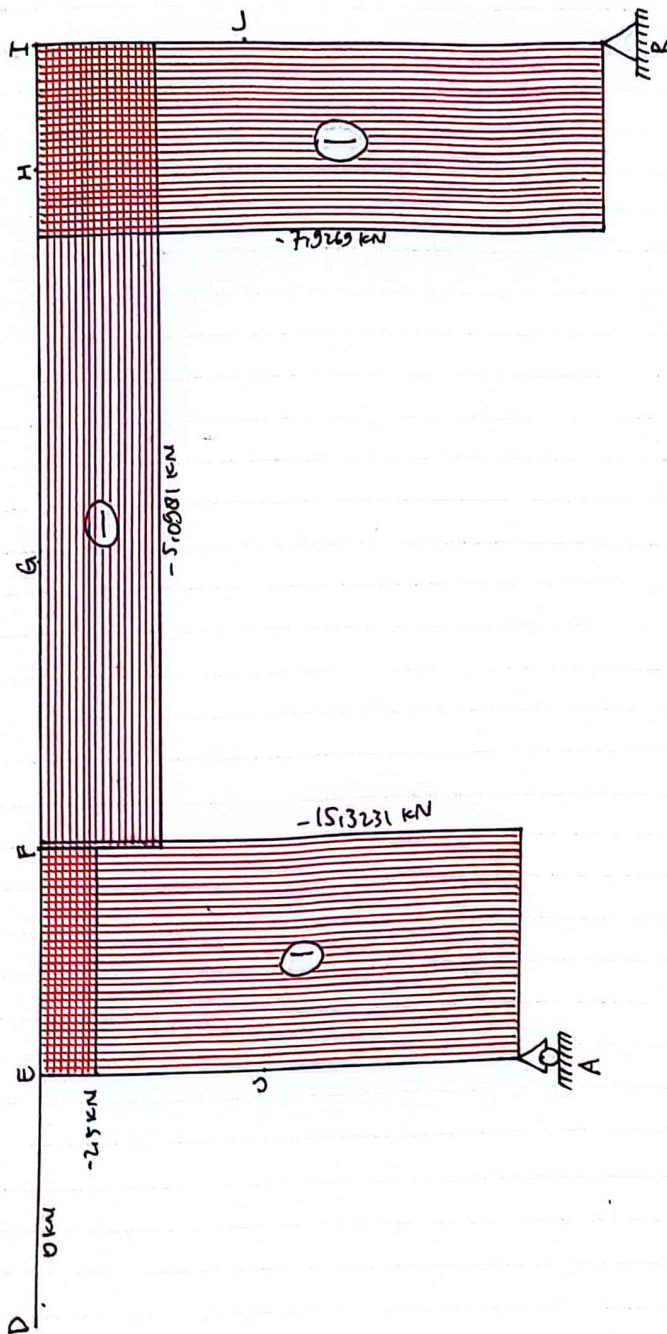
NED : 0 kN

NEF : $-Q_1 = -2,5 \text{ kN}$ (Tekan)

NFI : $-Q_1 - P_{IH} = -2,5 - 2,5981 = -5,0981 \text{ kN}$ (Tekan)

• Bentang I-B

NIB : $-R_{Bv} = -7,9269 \text{ kN}$ (Tekan)



Skala jarak : 1 cm : 150 cm
 Skala gaya : 1 cm : 5 kN

~> Bidang Lintang

• Bentang A-C ($0 < x < 2,5$)

$$\begin{aligned} D_A &= 0 \text{ kN} \\ D_{AC} &= -q_1 \cdot x \\ &= -1 \cdot x \end{aligned}$$

X (m)	1	2	2,5
Dx (kN)	-1	-2	-2,5

• Bentang C-E ($2,5 < x < 4,7$)

$$\begin{aligned} D_{CE} &= -Q_1 \\ &= -2,5 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• Bentang D-E ($0 < x < 2,2$)

$$\begin{aligned} D_D &= 0 \text{ kN} \\ D_{DE} &= -q_2 \cdot x \\ &= -2,5 \cdot x \end{aligned}$$

X (m)	1	2	2,2
Dx (kN)	-2,5	-5	-5,5

• Bentang E-F ($2,2 < x < 4,2$)

$$\begin{aligned} D_{E\text{kiri}} &= -Q_2 \\ &= -5,5 \\ D_{EF} &= -q_2 \cdot x + R_{AV} \\ &= -2,5 \cdot x + 15,3231 \end{aligned}$$

X (m)	2,2	3	4	4,2
Dx (kN)	9,8231	7,8231	5,3231	4,8231

• Bentang F-G ($4,2 < x < 6,7$)

$$\begin{aligned} D_{F\text{kiri}} &= 4,8231 \text{ kN} \\ D_{FG} &= -q_2 \cdot x + R_{AV} - P_{IV} \\ &= -2,5 \cdot x + 15,3231 - 1,5 \end{aligned}$$

X (m)	4,2	5	6	6,7
Dx (kN)	3,3231	1,3231	-1,1769	-2,9269

• Bentang G-H

$$\begin{aligned} D_{G\text{kiri}} &= -2,9269 \text{ kN} \\ D_{GH\text{kiri}} &= -q_2 \cdot 6,7 + R_{AV} - P_{IV} - P_2 \\ &= -2,5 \cdot 6,7 + 15,3231 - 1,5 - 1 \\ &= -3,9269 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• Bentang H-I

$$\begin{aligned} D_{H\text{kanan}} &= D_{GH\text{kiri}} - P_3 \\ &= -3,9269 - 4 = -7,9269 \text{ kN} \\ D_{I\text{kiri}} &= D_{H\text{kanan}} = -7,9269 \text{ kN} \\ D_{I\text{kanan}} &= D_{I\text{kiri}} + R_{BV} \\ &= -7,9269 + 7,9269 = 0 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

- Bentang I - J_{kiri}

$$\begin{aligned} D_{IJKiri} &= Q_1 + P_{IH} \\ &= 2,5 + 2,5981 \\ &= 5,0981 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

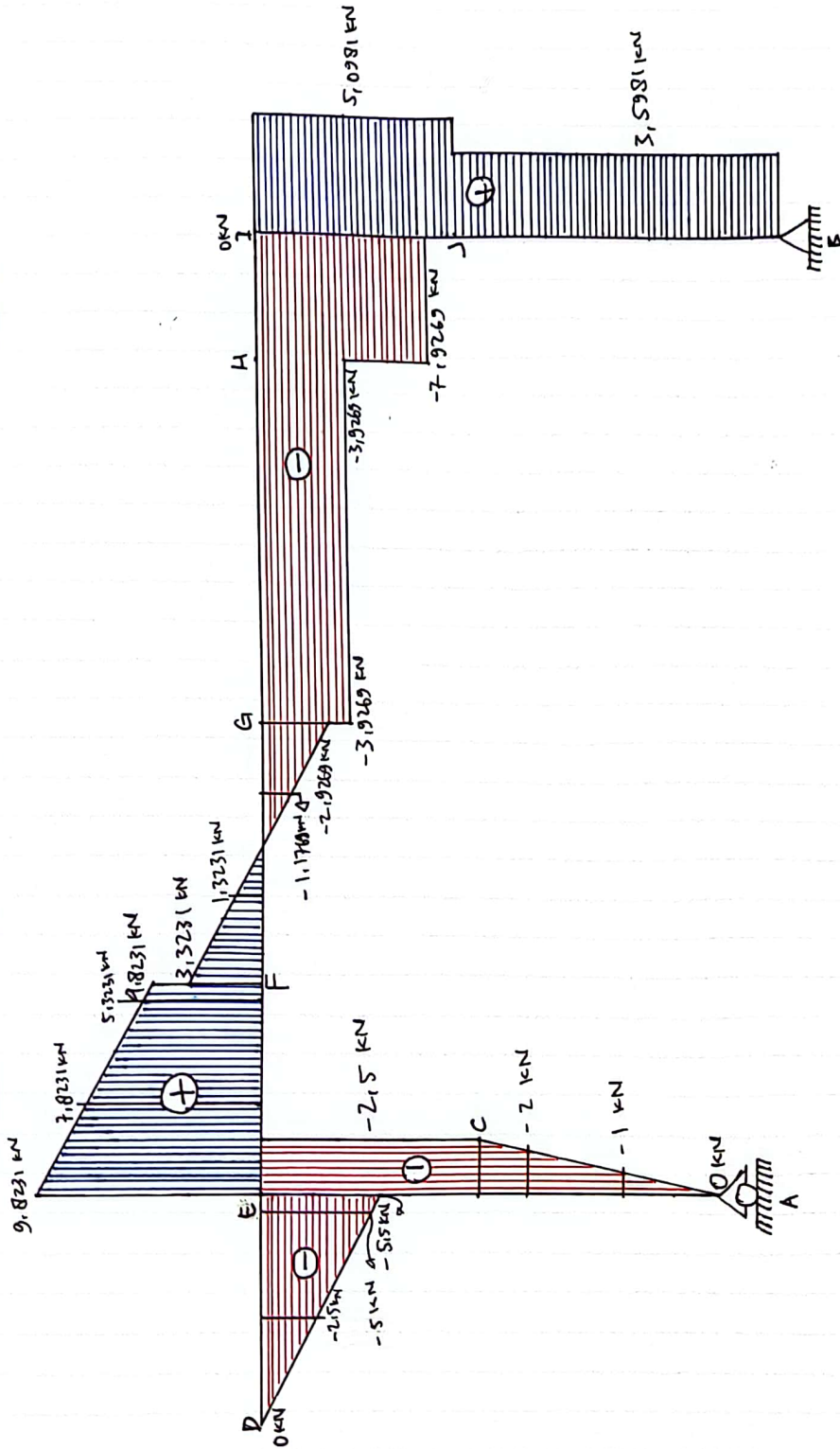
- Bentang J - B

$$\begin{aligned} D_{JBkiri} &= D_{IJKiri} - P_4 \\ &= 5,0981 - 1,5 \\ &= 3,5981 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

- DB

$$\begin{aligned} &= D_{Bkiri} - R_{BH} \\ &= 3,5981 - 3,5981 \\ &= 0 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

* Gambar bidang lintang



Skala jarak : 1 cm : 150 cm
 Skala gaya : 1 cm : 5 kN

GALIH ABIE SADEWA
 2315011042

~> Bidang Momen

• Bentang A - C ($0 < x \leq 2,5$)

$$M_x = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot q_1 \cdot x^2$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 \cdot x^2$$

X (m)	0	1	2	2,5
M_x (kN.m)	0	-0,5	-2	-3,125

• Bentang C - E ($2,5 < x \leq 4,7$)

$$M_x = -Q_1 \cdot (x - \frac{1}{2})$$

$$= -2,5 \cdot (x - \frac{2,5}{2})$$

X (m)	2,5	3	4	4,7
M_x (kN.m)	-3,125	-4,375	-6,875	-8,625

• Bentang D - E ($0 < x \leq 2,2$)

$$M_x = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot q_2 \cdot x^2$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,5 \cdot x^2$$

X (m)	0	1	2	2,2
M_x (kN.m)	0	-1,25	-5	-6,05

• Bentang E - F ($2,2 < x \leq 4,2$)

$$M_x = -Q_1 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} + a) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot q_2 \cdot x^2 + RAV \cdot (x - a)$$

$$= -2,5 \cdot (\frac{2,5}{2} + 2,2) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,5 \cdot x^2 + 15,3231 \cdot (x - 2,2)$$

X (m)	2,2	3	4	4,2
M_x (kN.m)	-14,675	-7,6165	-1,043	-0,0288

• Bentang F - G ($4,2 < x \leq 6,7$)

$$M_x = -Q_1 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} + a) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot q_2 \cdot x^2 + RAV \cdot (x - a) - PIV \cdot (x - (a+b))$$

$$= -2,5 \cdot (\frac{2,5}{2} + 2,2) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,5 \cdot x^2 + 15,3231 \cdot (x - 2,2) - 1,5 \cdot (x - 4,2)$$

X (m)	4,2	5	6	6,7
M_x (kN.m)	-0,0288	1,8297	1,9028	0,4665

• Bentang G - H ($6,7 < x \leq 10,2$)

$$M_G = M_{H \min} = -Q_1 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} + a) - Q_2 \cdot (\frac{a}{2} + b + c + d) + RAV \cdot (b + c + d)$$

$$- PIV \cdot (c + d) - Q_3' \cdot (\frac{b+c}{2} + d) - P_2 \cdot (d)$$

$$= -2,5 \cdot (\frac{2,5}{2} + 2,2) - 5,5 \cdot (\frac{2,2}{2} + 8) + 15,3231 \cdot (8)$$

$$- 1,5 \cdot (8) - 11,25 \cdot (\frac{4,5}{2} + 3,5) - 1 \cdot (3,5)$$

$$= -13,2777 \text{ kN.m}$$

• Bentang H - I

$$M_H - M_I = -Q_1 \cdot (\frac{1}{2} + a) - Q_2 \cdot (\frac{a}{2} + b + c + d + e) + RAV \cdot (b + c + d + e)$$

$$- Q_3' \cdot (\frac{b+c}{2} + d + e) - PIV \cdot (c + d + e) - P_2 \cdot (d + e) - P_3 \cdot (e)$$

$$= -2,5 \cdot (\frac{2,5}{2} + 2,2) - 5,5 \cdot (\frac{2,2}{2} + 9,2) + 15,3231 \cdot (9,2)$$

$$- 11,25 \cdot (\frac{4,5}{2} + 4,7) - 1,5 \cdot (7,2) - 1,2 \cdot (4,7) - 4 \cdot (1,2)$$

$$= -22,79 \text{ kN.m}$$

• Bentang I - B

$$M_i = -22,79 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_j = -R_{B1} \cdot d$$

$$= -3,5981 \cdot 3,5$$

$$= -12,5934 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_B = 0 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

→ Mencari nilai momen maksimum

$$M_{\max} = -Q_1 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2} + a\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot q_2 \cdot x^2 + R_{AV} \cdot (x-a) - P_{IV} \cdot (x-a+b)$$

$$\frac{dMx}{dx} = 0$$

$$-q_2 \cdot x + R_{AV} - P_{IV} = 0$$

$$-q_2 \cdot x = -R_{AV} + P_{IV}$$

$$-2,15x = -15,3231 + 1,15$$

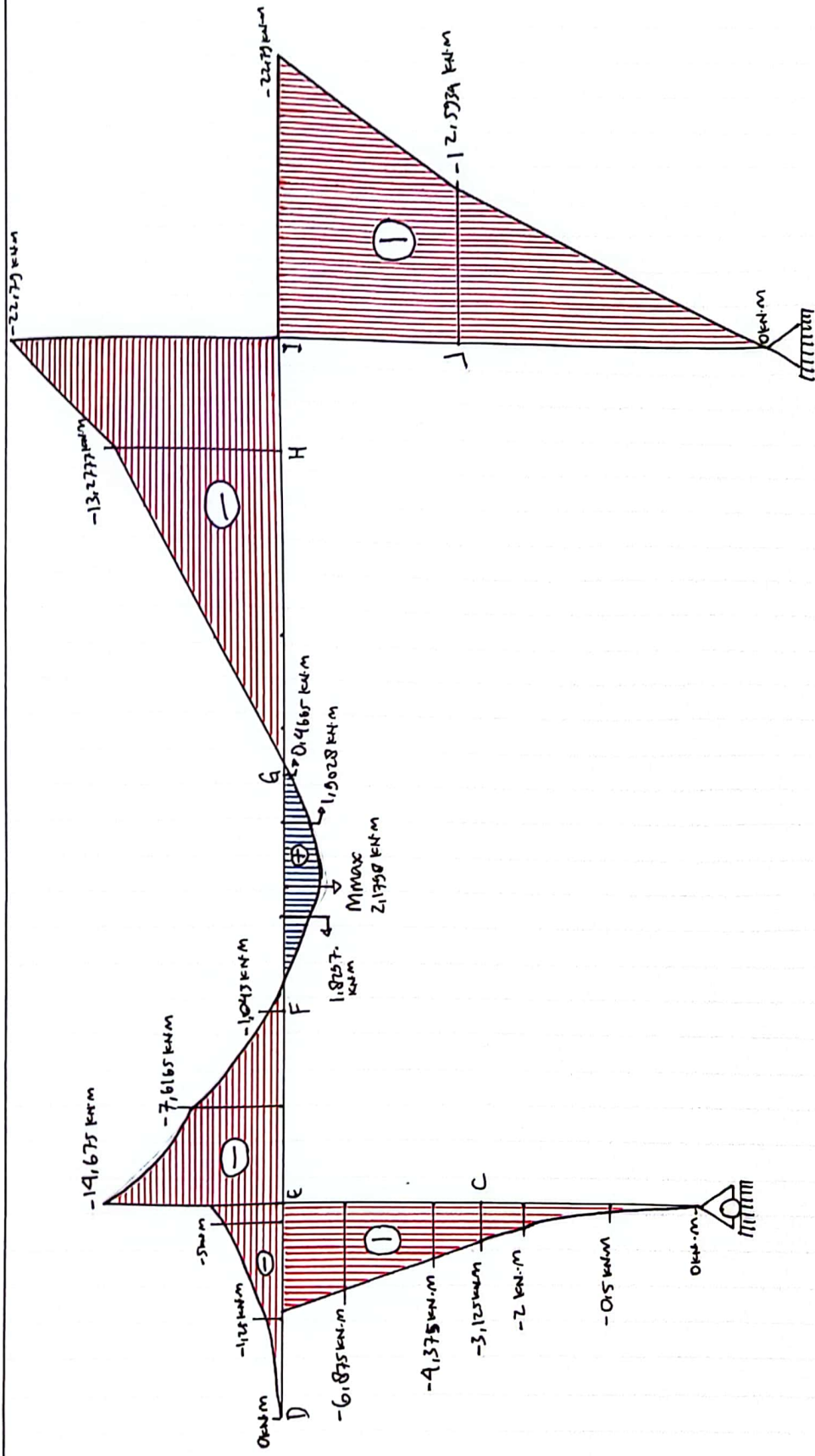
$$x = -13,8231$$

$$-2,15$$

$$x = 5,5292 \text{ m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{\max} &= -Q_1 \cdot \left(\frac{x}{2} + a\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot q_2 \cdot x^2 + R_{AV} \cdot (x-a) - (x-a+b) \\ &= -2,15 \cdot \left(\frac{5,5292}{2} + 2,2\right) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2,15 \cdot 5,5292^2 + 15,3231 \cdot (5,5292 - 2,2) - 1,15(5,5292 - 4,2) \\ &= 2,1798 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

* Gambar bidang momen

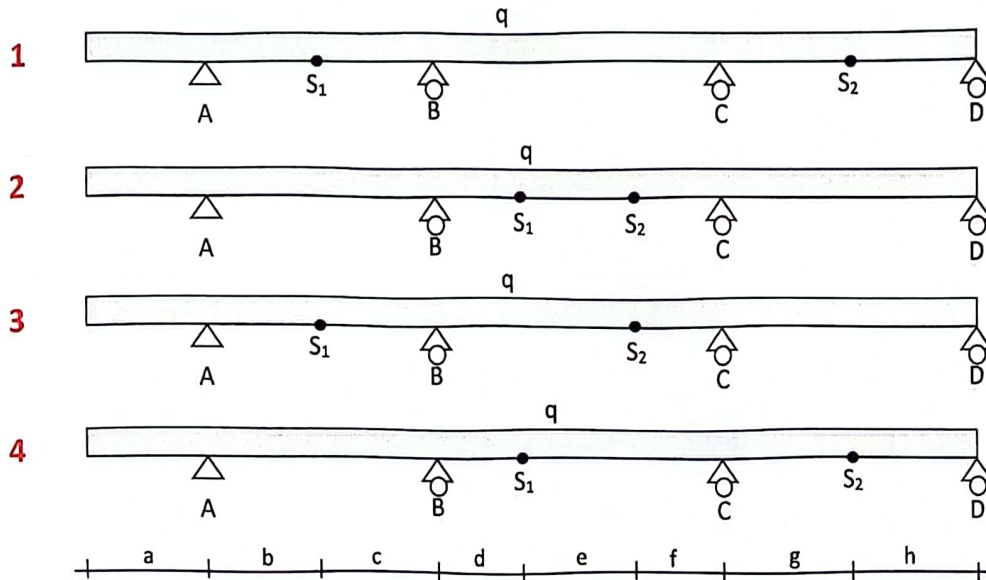


Skala jarak : 1 cm : 150 cm
 Skala gaya : 1 cm : 5 kN

NAMA : GALIH ABIE SADEWA
 NPM : 2315011042

SOAL NO. 4

Diketahui struktur balok gerber dengan beban seperti tergambar



Data-data sebagai berikut:

Jenis Balok Gerber		Jarak		Beban berjalan		
2	a	2,8 m	P_1	1,2 kN		
	b	3,8 m	P_2	2,4 kN		
Beban		c	1,7 m			
q	3,9 kN/m'	d	1,6 m			
		e	1,9 m			
		f	1,5 m			
		g	1,3 m			
		h	2,8 m	x_1		2,5 m

Pertanyaan:

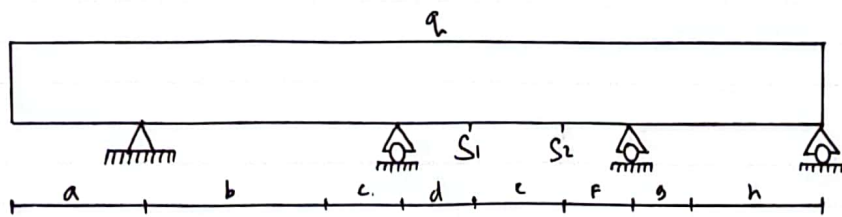
- Hitung dan gambarkan bidang momen dan lintang akibat beban tetap yang bekerja.
- Hitung dan gambar garis pengaruh monen dan lintang akibat beban jika $P = 1$ kN bergerak dengan arah dari tumpuan A ke B, pada titik potongan:
 - I : 1,6 m dari titik A
 - II : 1,4 m dari titik B
 - III : 1,0 m dari titik C
- Hitung besar momen ekstrim dan lintang ekstrim pada point (b) akibat rangkaian beban berjalan (P_1 dan P_2) dengan arah dari A ke B.

Asisten Responsi,

MUHAMMAD FATIH NABAN
 NPM. 2015011030

Diketahui struktur balok gerber dengan beban seperti tergambar.

2.

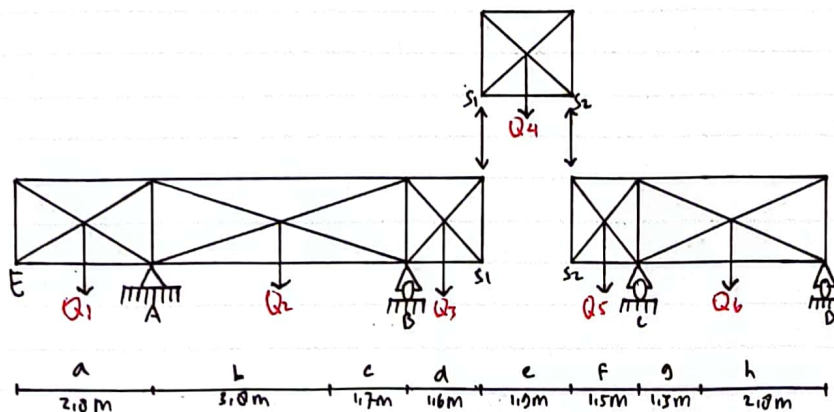


Data-data soal sebagai berikut :

Jenis balok gerber	Jarak		Beban berjalan	
Tipe 2	a	2,8m	P ₁	1,2 kN
	b	3,8m	P ₂	2,4 kN
Beban	c	1,7m		
q	d	1,6m		
	e	1,9m		
	f	1,5m		
	g	1,3m		
	h	2,8m	X ₁	2,5 m

Pertanyaan :

a.) Hitung dan gambarkan bidang momen dan lintang akibat beban tetap yang bekerja!



Diketahui :

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_1 &= q \cdot a \\
 &= 3,9 \cdot 2,8 \\
 &= 10,92 \text{ kN}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_3 &= q \cdot d \\
 &= 3,9 \cdot 1,6 \\
 &= 6,24 \text{ kN}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_5 &= q \cdot f \\
 &= 3,9 \cdot 1,5 \\
 &= 5,85 \text{ kN}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_2 &= q \cdot (b+c) \\
 &= 3,9 \cdot 5,5 \\
 &= 21,45 \text{ kN}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_4 &= q \cdot e \\
 &= 3,9 \cdot 1,9 \\
 &= 7,41 \text{ kN}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_6 &= q \cdot (g+h) \\
 &= 3,9 \cdot 4,1 \\
 &= 15,99 \text{ kN}
 \end{aligned}$$

~> Reaksi Perletakan

* Balok S1-S2

$$\sum M_{S2} = 0$$

$$R_{Vs1} \cdot 1,9 - Q_4 \cdot 0,95 = 0$$

$$1,9 R_{Vs1} - 7,41 \cdot 0,95 = 0$$

$$1,9 R_{Vs1} - 7,0395 = 0$$

$$R_{Vs1} = \frac{7,0395}{1,9} = 3,7050 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

$$\sum M_{S1} = 0$$

$$-R_{Vs2} \cdot 1,9 + Q_4 \cdot 0,95 = 0$$

$$-1,9 R_{Vs2} + 7,41 \cdot 0,95 = 0$$

$$-1,9 R_{Vs2} + 7,0395 = 0$$

$$R_{Vs2} = \frac{-7,0395}{-1,9} = 3,7050 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

Checking

$$\sum V = 0$$

$$R_{Vs1} + R_{Vs2} - Q_4 = 0$$

$$3,7050 + 3,7050 - 7,41 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \text{ (OK)}$$

* Balok E-S1

$$\sum M_B = 0$$

$$R_{Av} \cdot 5,5 - Q_1 \cdot 1,4 - Q_2 \cdot 2,75 + Q_3 \cdot 0,8 + R_{Vs1} \cdot 1,6 = 0$$

$$5,5 R_{Av} - 10,92 \cdot 1,4 - 21,45 \cdot 2,75 + 6,24 \cdot 0,8 + 3,7050 \cdot 1,6 = 0$$

$$5,5 R_{Av} - 75,3480 - 58,9875 + 4,9920 + 5,9280 = 0$$

$$5,5 R_{Av} - 123,4155 = 0$$

$$R_{Av} = \frac{123,4155}{5,5}$$

$$R_{Av} = 22,4392 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

$$\sum M_A = 0$$

$$-R_{Bv} \cdot 5,5 + R_{Vs1} \cdot 7,1 + Q_3 \cdot 6,3 + Q_2 \cdot 2,75 - Q_1 \cdot 1,4 = 0$$

$$-5,5 R_{Bv} + 3,7050 \cdot 7,1 + 6,24 \cdot 6,3 + 21,45 \cdot 2,75 - 10,92 \cdot 1,4 = 0$$

$$-5,5 R_{Bv} + 26,3055 + 39,3120 + 58,9875 - 15,2880 = 0$$

$$-5,5 R_{Bv} + 109,3170 = 0$$

$$R_{Bv} = \frac{-109,3170}{-5,5}$$

$$R_{Bv} = 19,8750 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

Checking

$$\sum V = 0$$

$$R_{Av} + R_{Bv} - Q_1 - Q_2 - Q_3 - R_{Vs1} = 0$$

$$22,4392 + 19,8750 - 10,92 - 21,45 - 6,24 - 7,41 - 3,7050 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \text{ (OK)}$$

* Balok S2 - D

$$\sum MD = 0$$

$$R_{Vc} \cdot 4,1 - R_{Vs2} \cdot 5,6 - Q_5 \cdot 4,85 - Q_6 \cdot 2,05 = 0$$

$$4,1 R_{Vc} - 3,7050 \cdot 5,6 - 5,85 \cdot 4,85 - 15,99 \cdot 2,05 = 0$$

$$4,1 R_{Vc} - 20,7480 - 28,3725 - 32,7795 = 0$$

$$4,1 R_{Vc} - 81,9 = 0$$

$$R_{Vc} = \frac{81,9}{4,1}$$

$$R_{Vc} = 19,9756 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

$$\sum MC = 0$$

$$-R_{Vd} \cdot 4,1 + Q_6 \cdot 2,05 - Q_5 \cdot 0,75 - R_{Vs2} \cdot 1,5 = 0$$

$$-4,1 R_{Vd} + 15,99 \cdot 2,05 - 5,85 \cdot 0,75 - 3,7050 \cdot 1,5 = 0$$

$$-4,1 R_{Vd} + 32,7795 - 4,3875 - 5,5575 = 0$$

$$-4,1 R_{Vd} + 22,8345 = 0$$

$$R_{Vd} = -22,8345$$

$$-4,1$$

$$R_{Vd} = 5,5694 \text{ kN } (\uparrow)$$

Checking $\sum V = 0$

$$R_{Vc} + R_{Vd} - R_{Vs2} - Q_5 - Q_6 = 0$$

$$19,9756 + 5,5694 - 3,7050 - 5,85 - 15,99 = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \text{ (OK)}$$

Checking seluruh balok

$$\sum V = 0$$

$$R_{Av} + R_{Bv} + R_{Vc} + R_{Vd} - q_u \cdot (a + b + c + d + e + f + g + h) = 0$$

$$22,4392 + 19,8758 + 19,9756 + 5,5694 - 3,9(17,4) = 0$$

$$0 = 0 \text{ (OK)}$$

~o Bidang lintang

• Bentang E - A ($0 < x < 2,8$)

$$Dx = -q \cdot x$$

$$= -3,9 \cdot x$$

x (m)	0	1	2	2,8
Dx (kN)	0	-3,9	-7,8	-10,92

• Bentang A - B ($2,8 < x < 8,3$)

$$Dx = -Q_1 + R_{Av} - q \cdot (x - 2,8)$$

$$= -10,92 + 22,4392 - 3,9 \cdot (x - 2,8)$$

x (m)	2,8	3	4	5	6	7	8	8,3
Dx (kN)	11,5192	10,7392	6,8392	2,9392	-0,9608	-4,8608	-8,7608	-9,9308

• Bentang B - C ($8,3 < x < 13,3$)

$$Dx = -Q_1 + R_{Av} - Q_2 + R_{Bv} - 3,9 \cdot (x - 8,3)$$

$$= -10,92 + 22,4392 - 21,45 + 19,8758 - 3,9 \cdot (x - 8,3)$$

x (m)	8,3	9	10	11	12	13	13,3
Dx (kN)	9,945	7,215	3,3150	-0,5850	-4,4850	-8,3850	-9,5550

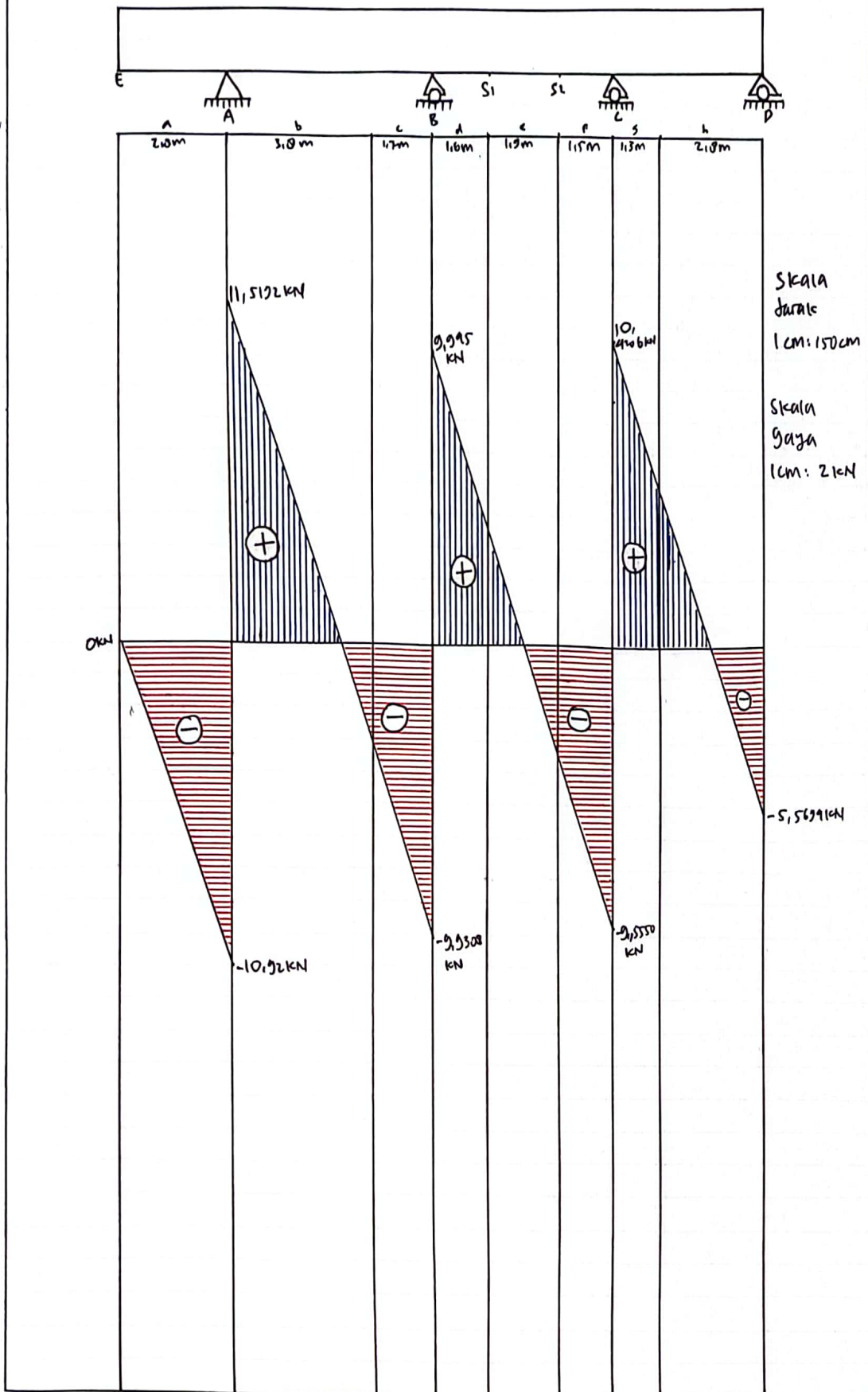
• Bentang C - D ($13,3 < x < 17,4$)

$$Dx = -Q_1 + R_{Av} - Q_2 + R_{Bv} - Q_3 - Q_4 - Q_5 + R_{Cv} - q \cdot (x - 13,3)$$

$$= -10,92 + 22,4392 - 21,45 + 19,8758 - 6,24 - 7,11 - 5,85 + 19,9756 - 3,9 \cdot (x - 13,3)$$

x (m)	13,3	14	15	16	17	17,4
Dx (kN)	10,4206	7,6906	3,7906	-0,1094	-4,0094	-5,5694

-P Gambar gaya lintang



Skala jarak
1cm: 150cm

Skala gaya
1cm: 2kN

GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

~> Bidang Momen

• Bentang E-A ($0 < x < 2,8$)

$$M_x = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,9 \cdot x^2$$

X(cm)	0	1	2	2,8
M _x (kN.m)	0	-1,95	-7,8	-15,288

• Bentang A-B ($2,8 < x < 8,3$)

$$M_x = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,9 \cdot x^2 + 22,4392 \cdot (x - 2,8)$$

X(cm)	2,8	3	4	5	6	7
M _x (kN.m)	-15,288	-13,0622	-4,273	0,6162	1,6054	-1,3054

X(cm)	8	8,3
M _x (kN.m)	-8,1662	-10,9199

• Bentang B-C ($8,3 < x < 13,3$)

$$M_x = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8) + R_{Bv} \cdot (x - 8,3)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,9 \cdot x^2 + 22,4392 \cdot (x - 2,8) + 10,8758 \cdot (x - 8,3)$$

X(cm)	8,3	9	10	11	12	13,3
M _x (kN.m)	-10,9199	-4,9139	0,3511	1,7161	-0,8199	-9,9449

• Bentang C-D ($13,3 < x < 17,4$)

$$M_x = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8) + R_{Bv} \cdot (x - 8,3) + R_{Cv} \cdot (x - 13,3)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,9 \cdot x^2 + 22,4392 \cdot (x - 2,8) + 10,8758 \cdot (x - 8,3) + 19,9756 \cdot (x - 13,3)$$

X(cm)	13,3	14	15	16	17	17,4
M _x (kN.m)	-9,9449	-3,6060	2,1346	3,9752	1,9158	0

→ Momen Maksimum

• Bentang A - B

$$M_{\max 1} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8)$$

$$\frac{dmx}{dx} = 0$$

$$-9 \cdot x + R_{Av} = 0$$

$$-3,9x = -22,4392$$

$$x = \frac{-22,4392}{-3,9} = 5,7536 \text{ m}$$

$$M_{\max 1} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,9 \cdot 5,7536^2 + 22,4392 (5,7536 - 2,8)$$

$$= 1,7238 \text{ kN.m}$$

• Bentang B - c

$$M_{\max 2} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8) + R_{Bv} \cdot (x - 8,3)$$

$$\frac{dmx}{dx} = 0$$

$$-9 \cdot x + R_{Av} + R_{Bv} = 0$$

$$-3,9x = -22,4392 - 19,8758$$

$$x = \frac{-42,3150}{-3,9} = 10,85 \text{ m}$$

$$M_{\max 2} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8) + R_{Bv} \cdot (x - 8,3)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,9 \cdot 10,85^2 + 22,4392 (10,85 - 2,8) + 19,8758 (10,85 - 8,3)$$

$$= 1,76 \text{ kN.m}$$

• Bentang C - D

$$M_{\max 3} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8) + R_{Bv} \cdot (x - 8,3) + R_{Cv} \cdot (x - 13,3)$$

$$\frac{dmx}{dx} = 0$$

$$-9 \cdot x + R_{Av} + R_{Bv} + R_{Cv} = 0$$

$$-3,9x = -22,4392 - 19,8758 - 19,9756$$

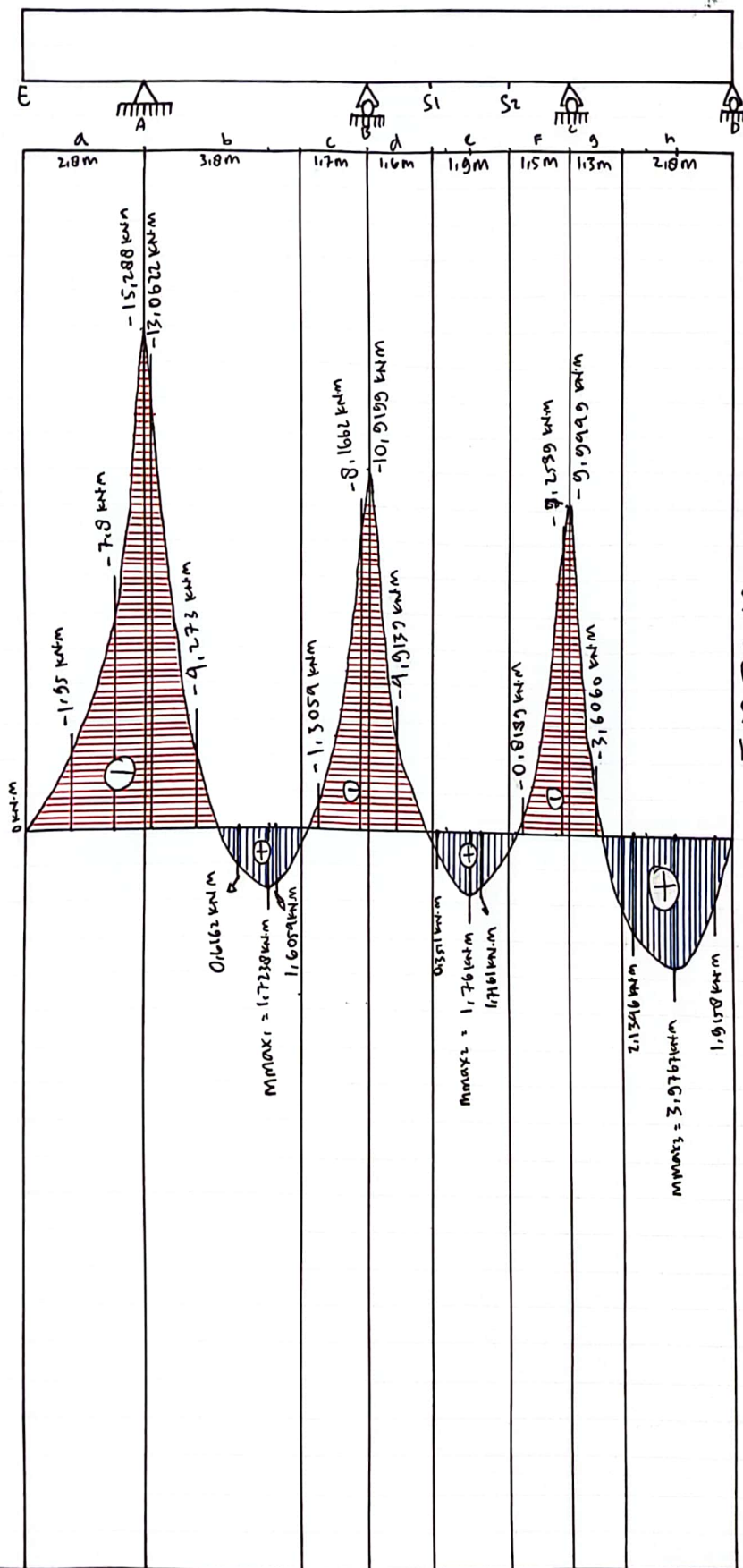
$$x = \frac{-62,2906}{-3,9} = 15,9719$$

$$M_{\max 3} = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 9 \cdot x^2 + R_{Av} \cdot (x - 2,8) + R_{Bv} \cdot (x - 8,3) + R_{Cv} \cdot (x - 13,3)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 3,9 \cdot 15,9719^2 + 22,4392 (15,9719 - 2,8) + 19,8758 (15,9719 - 8,3) + 19,9756 (15,9719 - 13,3)$$

$$= 3,9767 \text{ kN.m}$$

GAMBAR GAYA MOMEN



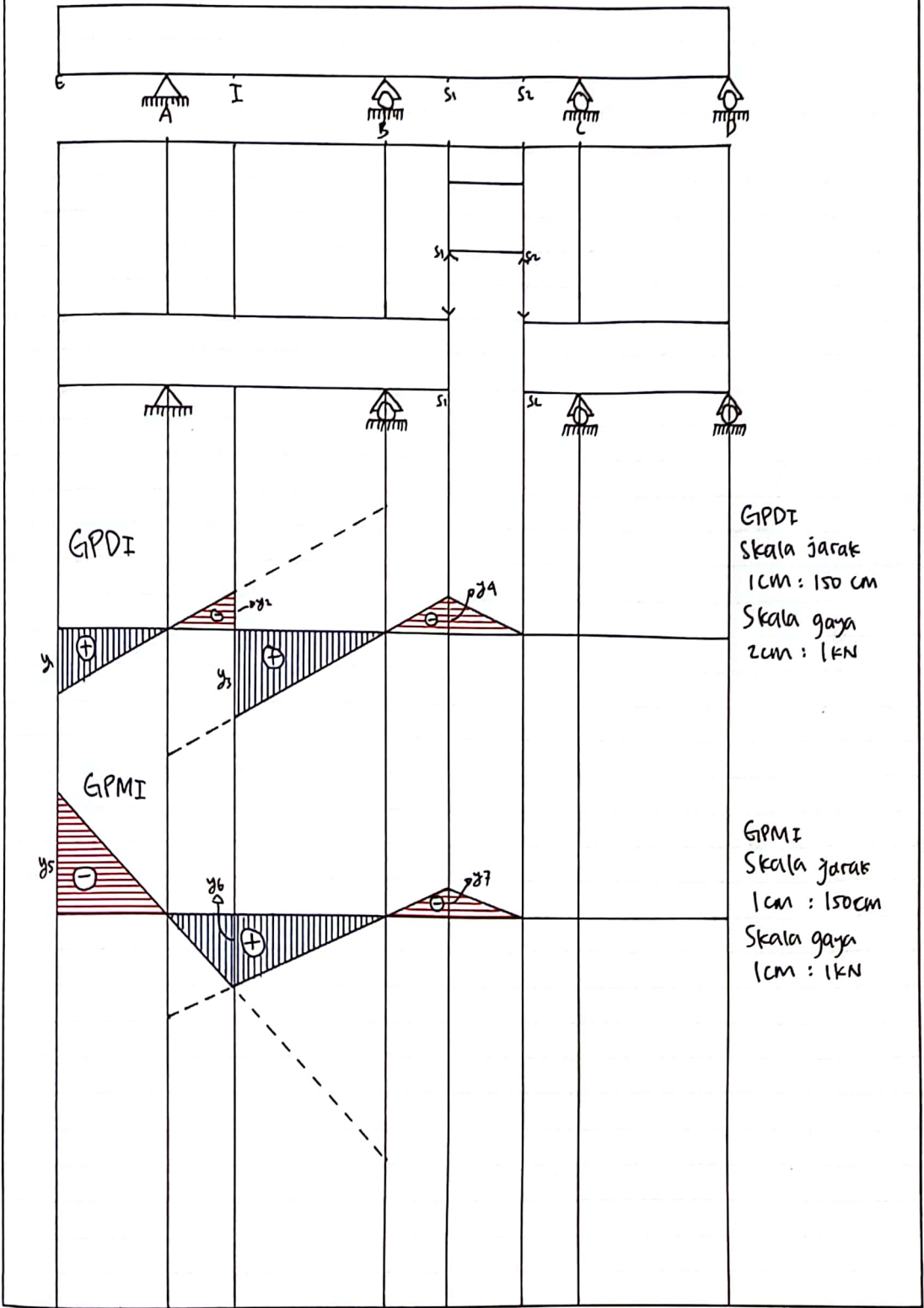
Skala Jarak
1cm : 150cm
Skala gaya
1cm : 2 kN

GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

b. Hitung dan gambar garis pengaruh momen dan lintang akibat beban jika $P = 1 \text{ kN}$ bergerak dengan arah tumpuan A ke B, pada titik potongan:

- I : 1.6 m dari titik A
- II : 1.4 m dari titik B
- III : 1.0 m dari titik C

→ Garis pengaruh lintang dan momen pada titik I



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

→ Garis Pengaruh lintang dan momen dititik I

2D Lintang

$$\cdot y_1 = \frac{2,8 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,5091$$

$$\cdot y_2 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,2909$$

$$\cdot y_3 = \frac{3,9 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,7091$$

$$\cdot y_4 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,2909$$

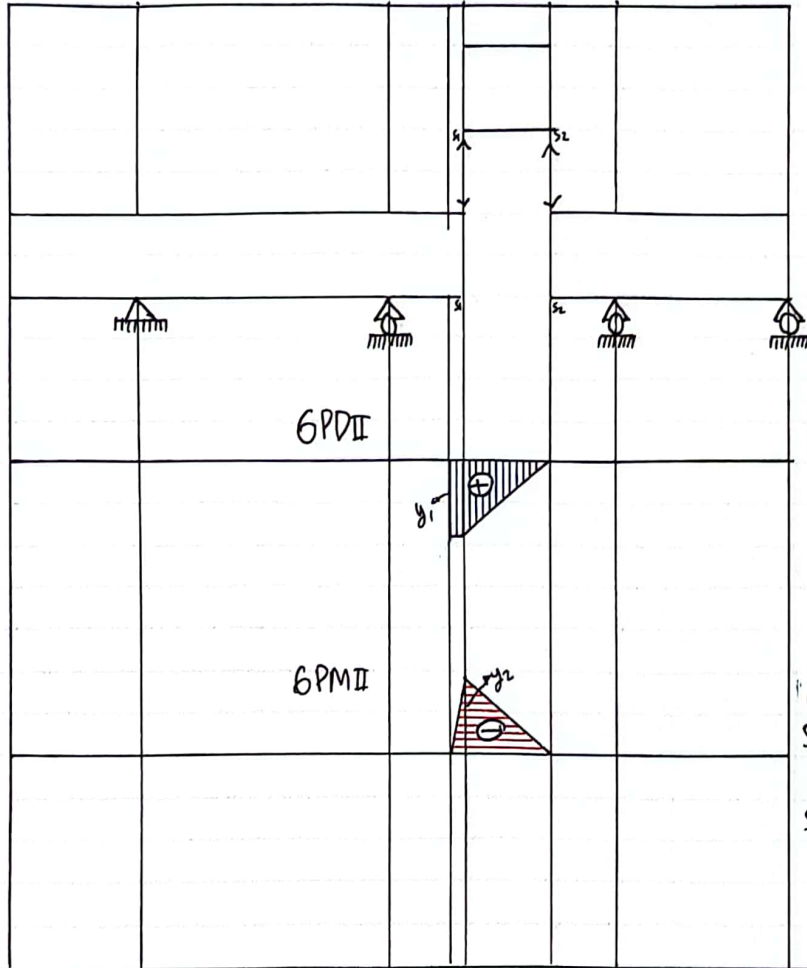
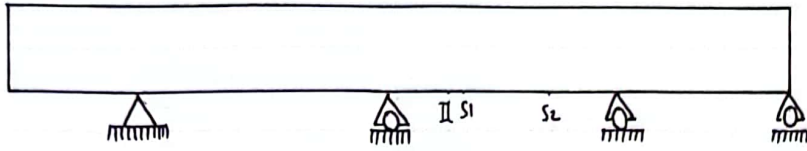
2D Momen

$$\cdot y_5 = \frac{2,8 \cdot 3,9}{5,5} = 1,9855$$

$$\cdot y_6 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 3,9}{5,5} = 1,1345$$

$$\cdot y_7 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 1,6}{5,5} = 0,4655$$

→ Garis pengaruh lintang dan momen pada titik II



GPD II
Skala jarak
1 cm : 150 cm
Skala gaya
1 cm : 1 kN

GPM II
Skala jarak
1 cm : 150 cm
Skala gaya
5 cm : 1 kN

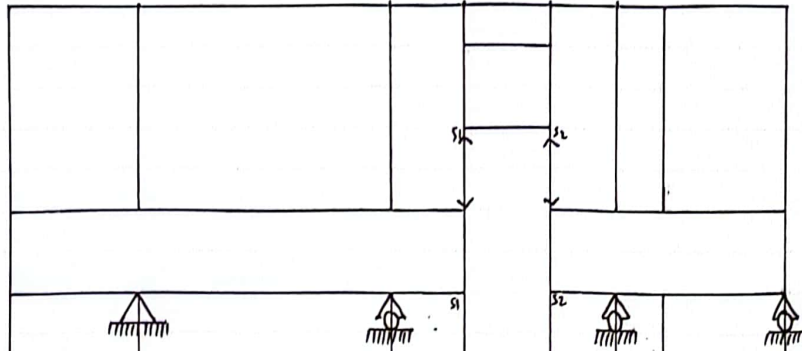
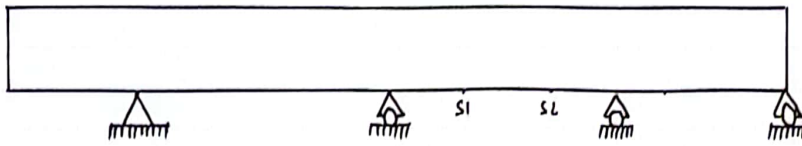
z₀ Lintang

$$\cdot y_1 = 1$$

z₀ Momen

$$\cdot y_2 = 0,2$$

→ Garis pengaruh lintang dan Momen pada titik III



GPD III

GPD III

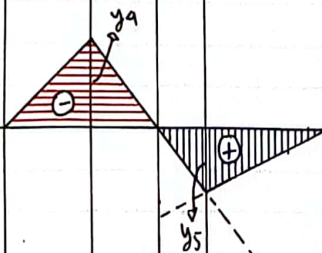
Skala jarak
1cm : 150 cm
Skala gaya
2cm : 1 kN



GPM III

GPM III

Skala jarak
1cm : 150 cm
Skala gaya
1cm : 1 kN



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

-> Garis Pengaruh lintang dan momen dititik III

Z₀ LINTANG

$$\cdot y_1 = \frac{1,5 \cdot 1}{4,1} = 0,3659$$

$$\cdot y_2 = \frac{1 \cdot 1}{4,1} = 0,2439$$

$$\cdot y_3 = \frac{3,1 \cdot 1}{4,1} = 0,7561$$

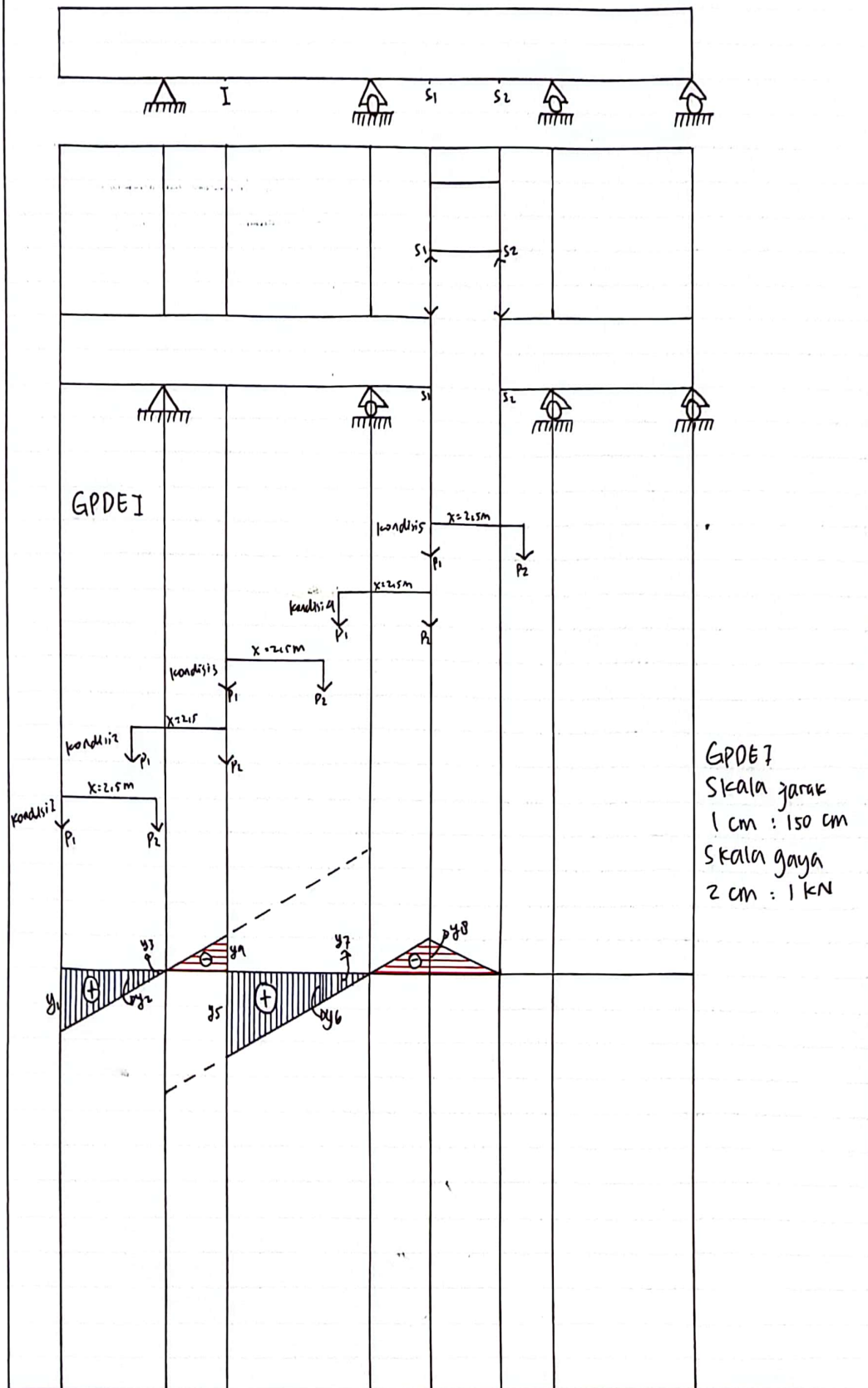
Z₀ MOMEN

$$\cdot y_4 = \frac{1,5 \cdot 3,1}{4,1} = 1,1341$$

$$\cdot y_5 = \frac{1 \cdot 3,1}{4,1} = 0,7561$$

C. Hitung besar Momen Ekstrem dan Lintang Ekstrem pada point (b) akibat rangkaian beban berjalan (P_1 dan P_2) dengan arah dari A ke B.

→ Lintang Ekstrem pada titik I



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
 2315011042

$$y_1 = \frac{2,8 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,5091$$

$$y_2 = \frac{0,9 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,1636$$

$$y_3 = \frac{0,3 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,0545$$

$$y_4 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,2909$$

$$y_5 = \frac{3,9 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,7091$$

$$y_6 = \frac{1,4 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,2545$$

$$y_7 = \frac{0,9 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,1636$$

$$y_8 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 1}{5,5} = 0,2909$$

→ Momen Negatif

• kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} D_2 &= -y_4 \cdot P_2 \\ &= -0,2909 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= -0,6982 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 3

$$\begin{aligned} D_1 &= -y_4 \cdot P_2 - y_4 \cdot P_1 \\ &= -0,2909 \cdot 2,4 - 0,2909 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= -1,0472 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 4

$$\begin{aligned} D_3 &= -y_8 \cdot P_2 \\ &= -0,2909 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= -0,6982 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 5

$$\begin{aligned} D_1 &= -y_8 \cdot P_2 - y_8 \cdot P_1 \\ &= -0,2909 \cdot 2,4 - 0,2909 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= -1,0472 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

-> lintang positif

• kondisi 1

$$\begin{aligned} D_i &= y_1 \cdot P_1 + y_3 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 0,5091 \cdot 1,2 + 0,0545 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 0,7417 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} D_i &= y_3 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 0,0545 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 0,1308 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 3

$$\begin{aligned} D_i &= y_5 \cdot P_1 + y_6 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 0,7091 \cdot 1,2 + 0,2545 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 1,4617 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

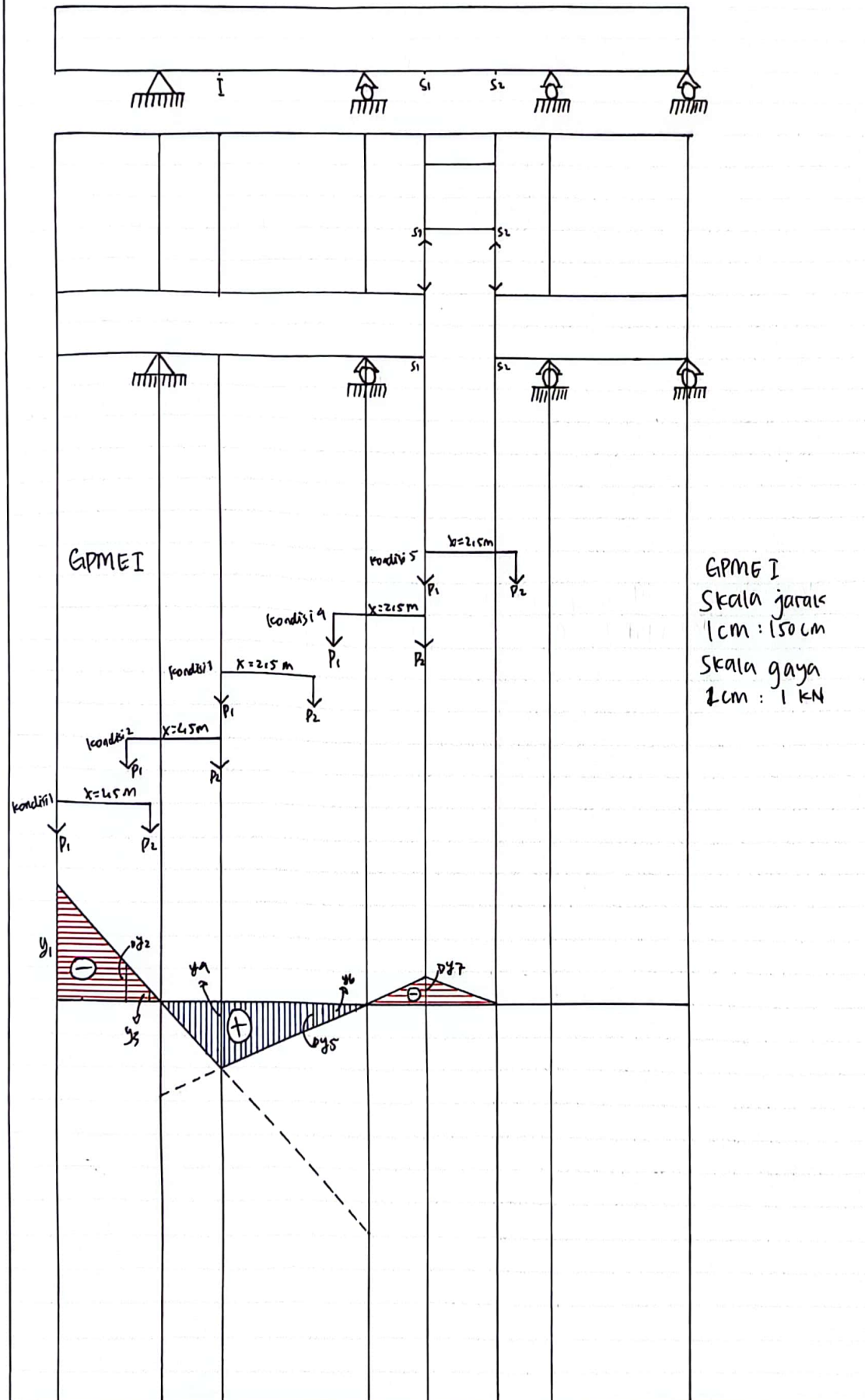
• kondisi 4

$$\begin{aligned} D_i &= y_7 \cdot P_1 \\ &= 0,1636 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= 0,1963 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

* D_i minimum terjadi pada kondisi 3 dan 5, yaitu $D_i = -1,0472 \text{ kN}$

* D_i Maximum terjadi pada kondisi 3, yaitu $D_i = 1,4617 \text{ kN}$

→ MOMEN EKSTREM pada titik I



GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

$$y_1 = \frac{2,8 \cdot 3,9}{5,5} = 1,9855$$

$$y_2 = \frac{0,9 \cdot 3,9}{5,5} = 0,6382$$

$$y_3 = \frac{0,3 \cdot 3,9}{5,5} = 0,2127$$

$$y_4 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 3,9}{5,5} = 1,1345$$

$$y_5 = \frac{1,4 \cdot 1,6}{5,5} = 0,4073$$

$$y_6 = \frac{0,9 \cdot 1,6}{5,5} = 0,2618$$

$$y_7 = \frac{1,6 \cdot 1,6}{5,5} = 0,4655$$

→ Momen negatif

· kondisi 1

$$\begin{aligned} M_I &= -y_1 \cdot P_1 - y_3 \cdot P_2 \\ &= -1,9855 \cdot 1,2 - 0,2127 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= -2,8925 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

· kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} M_I &= -y_2 \cdot P_1 \\ &= -0,6382 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= -0,7658 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

· kondisi 4

$$\begin{aligned} M_I &= -y_7 \cdot P_2 \\ &= -0,4655 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= -1,1172 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

· kondisi 5

$$\begin{aligned} M_I &= -y_7 \cdot P_1 \\ &= -0,4655 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= -0,5586 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

→ Momen Positif

• kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} M_2 &= y_4 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 1,1345 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 2,7228 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 3

$$\begin{aligned} M_3 &= y_4 \cdot P_1 + y_5 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 1,1345 \cdot 1,2 + 0,4073 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 2,3389 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

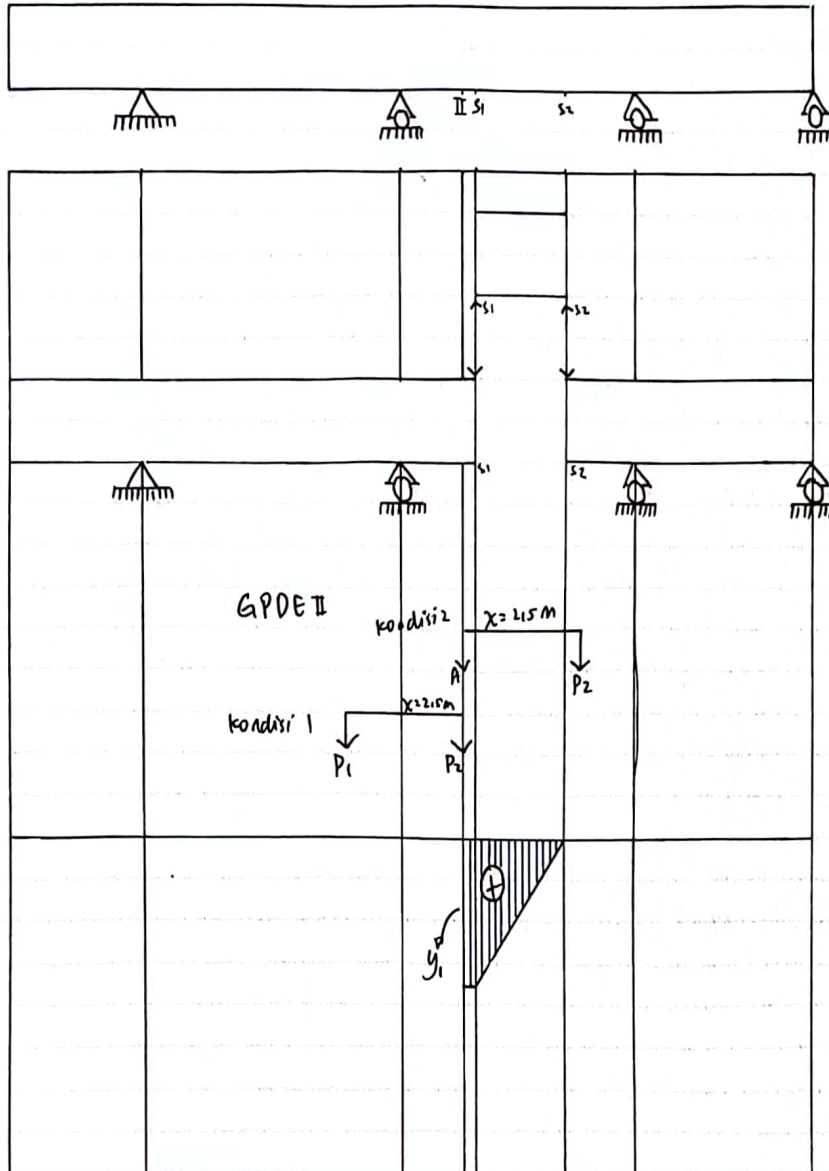
• kondisi 4

$$\begin{aligned} M_4 &= y_6 \cdot P_1 \\ &= 0,2618 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= 0,3142 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

* M_2 minimum terjadi pada kondisi 1, yaitu $M_2 = -2,8925 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

* M_2 maksimum terjadi pada kondisi 2, yaitu $M_2 = 2,7228 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

↳ Lintang ekstrim pada titik II



$$y_1 = 1 \text{ kN}$$

↳ Lintang Positif

• kondisi 1

$$\begin{aligned} D_{II} &= y_1 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 1 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 2,4 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 2

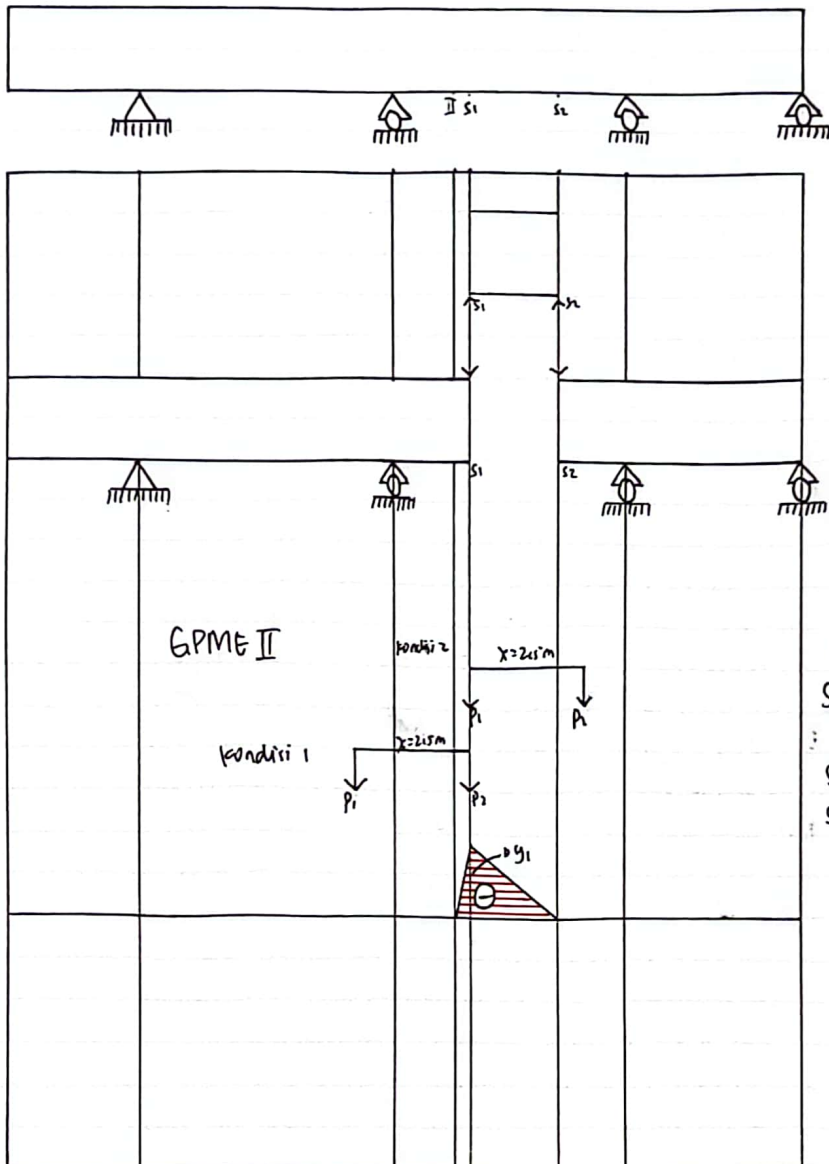
$$\begin{aligned} D_{II} &= y_1 \cdot P_1 \\ &= 1 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= 1,2 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

* D_{II} Minimum terjadi pada kondisi 2, yaitu $D_{II} = 1,2 \text{ kN}$

* D_{II} Maksimum terjadi pada kondisi 1, yaitu $D_{II} = 2,4 \text{ kN}$

GALIH ABIE SADEWA
2315011042

-> Momen ekstrim pada titik II



$$y_1 = 0,2$$

-> Momen negatif

• kondisi 1

$$\begin{aligned} M_{II} &= -y_1 \cdot P_2 \\ &= -0,2 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= -0,48 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

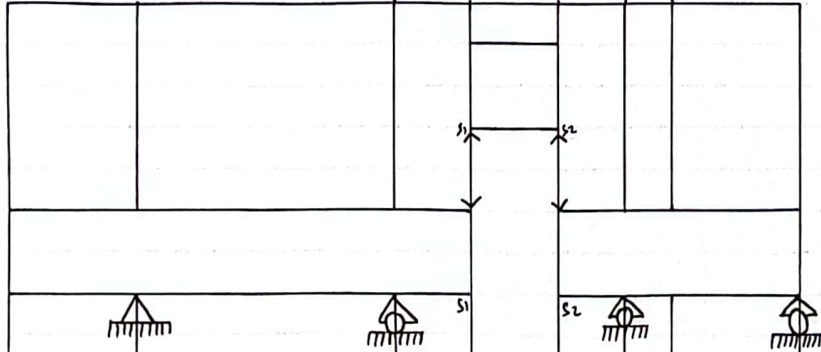
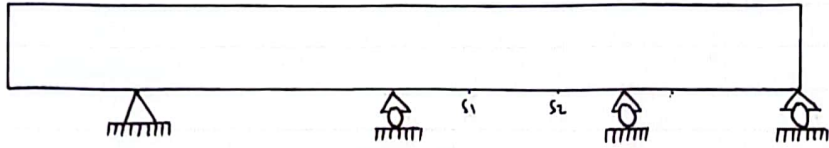
• kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} M_{II} &= -y_1 \cdot P_1 \\ &= -0,2 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= -0,24 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

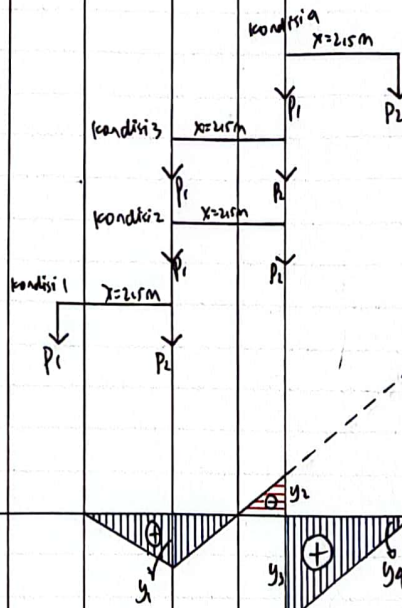
* M_{II} Minimum terjadi pada kondisi 1, yaitu $M_{II} = -0,48 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

* M_{II} Maksimum terjadi pada kondisi 2, yaitu $M_{II} = -0,24 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$

→ Lintang Ekstrim pada titik III



GPDE III



GPDE III
 Skala jarak
 1 cm : 150 cm
 Skala gaya
 2 cm : 1 kN

GALIH ABIE SADEWA
 2315011042

$$y_1 = \frac{1,5 \cdot 1}{4,1} = 0,3659$$

$$y_2 = \frac{1 \cdot 1}{4,1} = 0,2439$$

$$y_3 = \frac{3,1 \cdot 1}{4,1} = 0,7561$$

$$y_4 = \frac{0,6 \cdot 1}{4,1} = 0,1463$$

→ Lintang negatif

• kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} D_{II} &= -y_2 \cdot P_2 \\ &= -0,2439 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= -0,5854 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 3

$$\begin{aligned} D_{III} &= -y_2 \cdot P_2 \\ &= -0,2439 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= -0,5854 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 4

$$\begin{aligned} D_{IV} &= -y_2 \cdot P_1 \\ &= -0,2439 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= -0,2927 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

→ Lintang positif

• kondisi 1

$$\begin{aligned} D_{I} &= y_1 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 0,3659 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 0,8782 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} D_{II} &= y_1 \cdot P_1 \\ &= 0,3659 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= 0,4391 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• kondisi 3

$$\begin{aligned} D_{III} &= y_1 \cdot P_1 \\ &= 0,3659 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= 0,4391 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

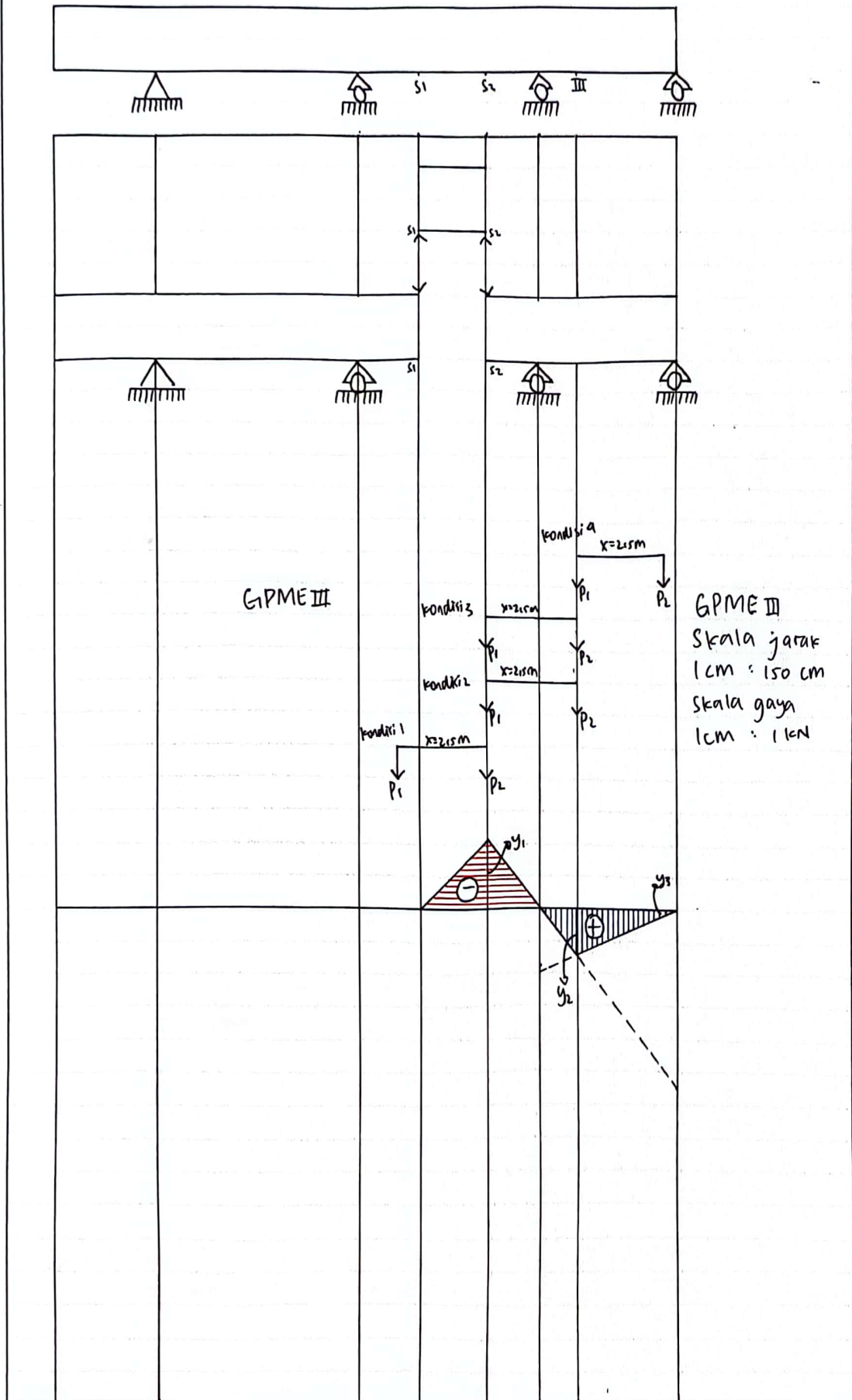
• kondisi 4

$$D_{IV} = y_3 \cdot P_1 + y_4 \cdot P_2 = 0,7561 \cdot 1,2 + 0,1463 \cdot 2,4 = 1,2584 \text{ kN}$$

* D_{II} minimum terjadi pada kondisi 2 dan 3, yaitu $D_{II} = -0,5854$

* D_{IV} maksimum terjadi pada kondisi 4, yaitu $D_{IV} = 1,2584$ kN

→ Momen Ekstrem pada titik III



GPM E III
 Skala jarak
 1cm : 150 cm
 Skala gaya
 1cm : 1 kN

GALIH ABIE SADEWA
 2315011042

$$y_1 = \frac{1,5 \cdot 3,1}{4,1} = 1,1341$$

$$y_2 = \frac{1 \cdot 3,1}{4,1} = 0,7561$$

$$y_3 = \frac{0,6 \cdot 1}{4,1} = 0,1463$$

→ MOMEN Negatif

- kondisi 1

$$\begin{aligned} M_{III} &= -y_1 \cdot P_2 \\ &= -1,1341 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= -2,7218 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

- kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} M_{III} &= -y_1 \cdot P_1 \\ &= -1,1341 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= -1,3609 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

- kondisi 3

$$\begin{aligned} M_{III} &= -y_1 \cdot P_1 \\ &= -1,1341 \cdot 1,2 \\ &= -1,3609 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

→ MOMEN Positif

- kondisi 2

$$\begin{aligned} M_{III} &= y_2 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 0,7561 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 1,8146 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

- kondisi 3

$$\begin{aligned} M_{III} &= y_2 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 0,7561 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 1,8146 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

- kondisi 4

$$\begin{aligned} M_{III} &= y_2 \cdot P_1 + y_3 \cdot P_2 \\ &= 0,7561 \cdot 1,2 + 0,1463 \cdot 2,4 \\ &= 1,2584 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

* M_{III} minimum terjadi pada kondisi 1, yaitu $M_{III} = -2,7218 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m}$

* M_{III} maksimum terjadi pada kondisi 2 dan 3, yaitu $M_{III} = 1,8146 \text{ KN}\cdot\text{m}$